The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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TRADE DESERTS RUSSIAN PORT.

Dalny, Manchuria's Machine Made Town, Loses Boom but Is Being Strongly Fortified.

FULL OF JAPAN'S SPIES.

In Barbers' Dress Mikado's Soldiers Note the Strength of Russia's Forts and Regiments.

[BY ELIZA R. SCIDMORE.]

DALNY, Manchuria, Nov. 15.—The Manchurian landscape differs in no respect from the Corean, and we might as well have waked up in any other port on this north shore of the Yellow sea as at Dalny, the far away.

The same bare brown hills, with outcroppings of brown rock, the same yellow brown soil and sparse vegetation, already thinned and tinted by autumn, met us on the land side.

Within the arm of the Talienwan bay, where the Japanese fleet anchored in the winter of 1894-'95, when all this peninsula was won by Japanese arms, there lay anchored the fleet of eight Russian cruisers devoted to the defense of Dalny. All were fresh from the Port Arthur dockyards, where war paint of the darkest shade of olive green had converted them into evil, sinister looking things, grim contrasts to the airy, white cruiser that came in during the day and anchored with them.

Where the Japanese camps were in 1894 permanent Russian barracks have been built, and on all the heights are evidences of the recent construction of batteries and land defenses—M. de Witte's peaceful commercial port now absorbing as many millions of rubles for fortifications as Port Arthur.

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As we warped in beside the sea wall only Chinese were in sight—hundreds and thousands of coolies, in blue cotton clothes, employed on every kind of public works and future improvements. It looked for the moment as if the Russians had really evacuated Manchuria and the Chinese had come into their own again. Top boots and belted tunics finally appeared, and, later, uniforms of fur topped caps.

Construction trains and gravel trains ran here and there across the sere and yellow flats, and coolies shoveled and toiled under a brilliantly blue sky in air as sparkling and exhilarating as the first approach of frost makes that of our own western autumns. The fast passenger trains from Nagasaki and Shanghai, that the travelers from the bi-weekly trains from for Moscow, were at the quay below the fine, new, modern and up to date hotel the Chinese Eastern railway could have built in Europe—and freight carriers were discharging thousands of chests of Indian tea that slid from the cranes into the waiting cars.

Our own little Japanese steamer was fast covering the ground with barrels of cement, soda, and beer, boxes of glass, paper, cardboard, matches, mineral water, and photographic materials. Mountains of coal rose up beyond these latest importations and mountains of flour barrels were being housed rapidly. Every ship was rapidly discharging cargoes of food, drink, and construction materials; every ship emptied its hold and sailed away without taking on a single parcel. All was incoming on the harbor side, only thin bank notes going out.

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Thousands and thousands of coolies have come over from Shantung to work until frost sets in, and as many thousands are gathered from Manchurian districts, and for public works and improvements on a great scale there was never such a showing as here at Dalny.

Every kind of cart and dray known to the two peoples could be seen moving in long lines over the dried clay levels, where roads and streets are to be, and drawn by horses, mules, and men. A jinrikisha went one way, a victoria, a droschky, a brougham, or a Siberian went other ways, and one momentarily waited for an automobile to pass. One realizes himself in Russia the most, however, when he sees a waiting droschky with a sleeping isvostchik inside—the same fat, pig eyed Ivan as adorns Moscow or St. Petersburg, in the same absurd crushed hat, the same red shirt sleeves, and sheepskin sleeveless jacket. Horses with jingling collars go by, and through open doorways one sees brass samovars steaming, booted men drinking tea from glass tumblers. The smell of leather is in the air, and the bootblack's is an undeveloped industry. Only Russian coins pass current, or the well engraved notes of the Russo-Chinese bank. Since the adoption of the gold standard in Russia the silver ruble has a value about equaling that of the Japanese yen or the Mexican dollar. Exchange is always against us, however, whether he sells or buys rubles at the banks.

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A muddy road, dried in ruts, bordered on either side with double rows of acacia slips, runs for a mile to the first houses of the city. Already a change of grade is contemplated, and the work of macadamizing the highway has progressed, and the infant trees are growing on mounds and terraces.

The commercial city adjoining the harbor is admirably laid out—on paper. The lines of the streets are indicated, the rows of acacias are there, the shrubs in the public garden are growing beautifully, but the villas of the merchants and the great eastern metropolis, the terminal depot for all Asia and Siberia, have not yet risen.

The great merchants are not amassing wealth in Dalny. Only the necessaries of simple commodities are salable in Dalny, and, wanted or not wanted, the merchants have betaken themselves and their goods, their luxuries and nonessentials down to Port Arthur, where money and contracts are let, and officialdom gathers around the eastern viceroy. This leaves the ground plan of the commercial city an open and well ventilated space, and the new harbor road that one follows towards the administrative city is bordered for a mile each with low, one story, mud, log, or clapboard houses, whose small windows betray the least indication of the goods within—buildings intended to defend the inmates from the arctic edged winds and weather of the winter rather than the scorching, dry heat of summer.

Signs are in Russian, but the gay red and white Japanese flag marks where a colony

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SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1903.

THE WEATHER—
Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Wednesday, brisk southwest winds, shifting to northwest Thursday.
Wind, S. W., max. 26, at 5 p. m.
Temperature, max., 29; min., 13.
Sunrise, 7:17; sunset, 4:23. Moonset, 9:09 p. m.

FOREIGN:—

Dalny, Russia's commercial port in Manchuria, absorbing millions of dollars in fortifications, but merchants are leaving for Port Arthur; tons of supplies arrive; nothing is shipped away. **Page 1.**

Japan's reply to Russia said to reject mutual guaranty of Chinese and Corean integrity; war preparations continued in Tokio; transports ready to sail. **Page 5.**

Philippine friars' lands transferred at Manila after three days' debate between Gov. Taft and Mgr. Guidi; confinement of Moros on reservations favored. **Page 4.**

Claim made by Colombia that United States treaty of 1846 does not give control over isthmian transit, but guaranteed neutrality. **Page 5.**

LABOR:—

Two officers of Franklin pressfeeders' union, two members, and two "sluggers" indicted by Chicago grand jury following investigation of strike methods. **Page 1.**

Year's peace agreement signed by Chicago City railway employé and officials; wages to be arbitrated; schedule left to commission of both sides. **Page 2.**

Chicago livery drivers' strike far from settlement, though both sides have declared for arbitration; assessment of $1 weekly on 33,000 teamsters voted. **Page 2.**

International Salt company's plant at South Chicago tied up by sympathetic strike, due to proposed cut in one engineer's wages. **Page 2.**

WASHINGTON:—

Resignation of Gen. H. H. Thomas, appraiser at Chicago, requested by Secretary Shaw because of his methods; successor believed to represent Yates. **Page 1.**

Negotiations for peaceful settlement of Panama dispute progressing at Washington and administration anxious to avoid clash; Panama cannot be recovered. **Page 5.**

LOCAL:—

Ald. John J. Brennan, "boss" of Eighteenth ward, spent night in jail following refusal of his petition for stay of year's sentence in bridewell. **Page 1.**

Warning against candles on Christmas trees issued by Fire Chief Musham, who favors protection with wire globes; thirty-five fires started in 1901. **Page 1.**

Ex-Judge Elbridge Hanecy of Chicago offered vacant superior judgeship by Gov. Yates in belief it will bring latter more delegates; declination rumored. **Page 4.**

New gifts totaling nearly $3,000,000 announced by President Harper at University of Chicago convocation; $1,850,000 from John D. Rockefeller, chiefly real estate. **Page 3.**

Levee will be run "wide open" during Christmas season; poker games resumed and all night saloons ready to begin business; two policy men indicted. **Page 2.**

Anti-crime crusade committee told by Mayor Harrison that judges' leniency helps making of criminals; release on bonds allows "seeing" witnesses. **Page 2.**

Gladys Asch shot to death in Kinzie street by Albert Altenhofen, former Milwaukee business man who deserted family for her; slayer a suicide. **Page 14.**

Frank Kanzler, butcher, 839 West Forty-seventh place, fatally shot himself after telling wife he had no money for Christmas; accident had kept him idle. **Page 3.**

Du Frain express office, 186 East Twenty-third street, robbed of $70 by two men, who threatened proprietor with revolvers and escaped; $2,500 was sought. **Page 3.**

Andy Craig, dethroned Chicago bail bond king, was "belle" of First Ward Democratic club's ball; grand march of 2,000, led by Ald. Coughlin. **Page 3.**

Supt. MacQueary voted $150 by board of education committee for new henhouse at parental school; thirty-four animals kept there, thirty-one employés. **Page 14.**

DOMESTIC:—

James Gillespie indicted at Rising Sun, Ind., for alleged murder of his sister, Elizabeth; Belle Seward and Myron Barbour and wife, as accessories. **Page 1.**

Frank C. Andrews, Detroit (Mich.) banker convicted of misappropriating funds, paroled by Gov. Bliss after serving thirteen months in prison. **Page 4.**

President Roosevelt sought by crank during funeral of Frederick R. Coudert in St. Patrick's cathedral at New York; no arrest made, to avoid scene. **Page 4.**

Speed Mosby, author of Missouri political novel, "Ben Blunt," discharged from position of state Supreme court clerk because of his lifelike descriptions. **Page 8.**

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Charles M. Schwab's answer in shipbuilding trust suit, filed at New York, disclaims wrongdoing and declares he underwrote it on equal terms. **Page 3.**

Complaints of discrimination by salt trust in favor of Hutchinson and Arkansas railroad heard by two interstate commerce commissioners in Chicago. **Page 13.**

Jackson ticket nominated by Chicago board of trade, with McReynolds and Field for vice presidents; letter issued accusing W. S. Crosby. **Page 13.**

First quarterly dividend of 1 per cent declared by new Central Trust company of Chicago from earnings equaling 6.34; Bankers' National raised to 8. **Page 10.**

Range of May wheat and corn only ⅛ cent; former closed at 82¾ bid; selling by Armour at 83 suspected; seaboard export sales, 176,000 bushels. **Page 9.**

New York stock market featureless; Consolidated Gas and traction shares strong; all Rock Island issues weak; London a small seller. **Page 10.**

Three pieces of property in Madison and Prairie avenues, Chicago, exchanged by G. C. Watts with Michael Cudahy for two in Wabash avenue. **Page 13.**

SPORTING:—

M. T. Danaher's Silvermede and Mr. Pickwick won at New Orleans; five of six winners were eastern horses; Fuller's ride on Jack Horner a feature. **Page 8.**

President Hart of Chicago National team agreed with Pulliam's statement that American league will violate agreement by dodging foul strike rule. **Page 8.**

Jack Munroe, miner pugilist, in Chicago yesterday en route for Butte; green countryman appearance has left him and he looks like a fighter. **Page 8.**

Tommy Meade, jockey, in Chicago; license applied for and he will go to Germany for Capt. Bauer at salary of $10,000 yearly and expenses. **Page 8.**

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BROWHEAD		Oceanic.
BROWHEAD		Friesland.
BREMEN	Kaiser W. II.	
GENOA	Romanio	Indrasampa.
MANILA		Armenian.
NEW YORK	Rotterdam	
NEW YORK	Hohenzollern	
QUEENSTN	Ocean	
ROTTERDAM		Sloterdg.
S. FRANCISCO.		Doric.

ALD. J. J. BRENNAN LOCKED IN JAIL.

Begins Year's Imprisonment There Instead of at Bridewell Through Sheriff's Kindness.

COURT DENIES A STAY.

Prisoner Says He Won't Resign from Council and Will Be Re-elected After Serving His Time.

Ald. John J. Brennan, "boss" of the Eighteenth ward, spent last night in the county jail. Only the kindness of his friend, Sheriff Barrett, prevented his spending it in Supt. John Sloan's house of industry, the bridewell.

The alderman's application for a stay in the sentence of a year at the house of correction, imposed by Judge Gary, was denied by the branch Appellate court yesterday afternoon.

Everything was in readiness for a quick trip to the bridewell from the Sherman house, where Brennan has been in the custody of the sheriff since the sentence was imposed, but he pleaded the necessity of time to straighten out some business matters.

Sheriff Claims Some Discretion.

Sheriff Barrett relented and made it possible for the alderman to begin serving his sentence at the jail instead of at the bridewell. He may be handed over to Supt. Sloan's mercies today and may be running an elevator by evening. Then, again, he may not be enrolled among Mr. Sloan's laborers until tomorrow, and it may be postponed for a week.

The sheriff says he has some discretion in the matter and that Brennan will be allowed to adjust his business affairs. With Brennan last night at the jail were Charles McCarle and Herbert E. Kent, under sentence with him for buying votes at 50 cents a head in the last judicial election.

See Few Rays of Hope.

In view of the action taken by the court there is believed to be practically nothing which can save Brennan from serving at least part of his sentence in labor alongside of men for some of whom he had been endeavoring to get bridewell pardons from the mayor when he himself was convicted in Judge Gary's court. The application for the writ of supersedeas, which, if it had been granted, would have admitted Brennan, McCarle, and Kent to bail pending the appeal of their cases, was taken under consideration yesterday afternoon by Presiding Justice Freeman and Judge Stein of the branch Appellate court, Judge Baker being absent on account of illness.

At 4 o'clock a written statement denying the application was given to the clerk, and Sheriff Barrett was notified that it had been denied. The clerk of the criminal court immediately prepared the mittimus, and Brennan was notified of the result.

Case Against Him Too Strong.

No reason was given by the court for denying the application, but it is thought to have been on the ground that there was not a reasonable chance of the appeal setting aside the verdict of the lower court. Holding that opinion the court would not grant a stay pending the decision in the upper court.

Unless the next move of Attorney W. S. Forrest proves more successful, Brennan will have part of his sentence served before the Appellate court reaches the appeal from the sentence imposed by Judge Gary. The only possible action which could be taken, it is said, is one looking to release by habeas corpus, "which," said an attorney, "depends more on the judge than on the law."

Surprise to Brennan.

Brennan never actually feared the outcome of the prosecution until yesterday afternoon, when he learned that nothing could prevent his imprisonment. Then he sat looking dumfounded, as he might have looked if he had been watching election returns and had seen the impossible happening—his river ward arising and unseating him in the council.

Sheriff Barrett's kindness, which kept him out of the bridewell last night, also saved him from a cell in the jail. He sat in the jailer's office for more than an hour, and finally was given quarters in the debtors' room, where he could have some privacy and comfort.

When the sheriff, who has been his friend for twenty years, took leave of him at the iron gate inside the jail he held out his hand and said:

"John, this thing of being sheriff is hades."

"It's all right, Tom," said the imprisoned alderman. "It's up to you to do it."

"Hope you have a decent night," said the sheriff.

"Don't you bother about me. Good night."

Taking His Medicine.

Then Brennan sat down on a white iron cot in the debtors' room and began "taking his medicine."

"There is no use crying over spilt milk," he said an hour before, as he sat in the jailer's office. That has been a distinctive part of Brennan's political philosophy, and evidently the milk had been spilt. He laughed as he said it, but the laugh had a quaver in it, showing that the man who has been stolid in the face of all manner of criticism for fifteen years was considerably shaken.

There had been nothing in Brennan's code of morals to make his presence in the county jail seem just punishment to him, and he thought he had been "jobbed."

"That's what I've been," he said. "I've been jobbed. They went out to get me and they got me. I haven't any bad feeling against any of them at that, but they jobbed me."

He leaned back in his chair and swung his feet nervously, his lips twitching. McCarle and Kent watched him silently.

"Why didn't they take my bond if they wanted to be fair?" he asked. "I could have given a million dollar bond. Rich fellows would have stood for me. But I haven't anything to say.

Expects Return to Council.

"I'll take my medicine, if I have to take it. When I get out the people of my ward will elect me again. They'll elect me again. They'll elect me by a bigger majority, than ever. I've got good friends in my ward."

"Will you resign your seat in the council?" he was asked.

Brennan was not too lugubrous to be amused by the idea of his resigning, and he smiled as he said:

"Nope. Council can do as it pleases about putting me out. When I get rid of this thing I'll come back all right. Say, I would have my own way about getting the people to pull

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SOME CARTOONS OF THE DAY.

Advice of powers to Colombia—"DON T."

Mr. Bryan calls on the Czar.

A scheme for outwitting the holdup man—dress like a tramp and carry no money.

FOUR HELD FOR CRIME

Brother and Relatives of Miss Gillespie Accused of Murder.

WHOLE FAMILY IN TRAGEDY.

Twin of Dead Woman Charged with Firing Shot That Killed Her.

Rising Sun, Ind., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—James Gillespie is indicted for the murder of his twin sister, Elizabeth Gillespie, who was shot while seated near a window of her home on the night of Dec. 8, and Mrs. Belle Seward, sister of the dead woman, and Mrs. Carrie Barbour and her husband, Myron Barbour, who live directly opposite the Gillespie home, are indicted for murder as accessories before the fact.

Chief Actors in Tragedy.

The persons who figure most conspicuously in the Rising Sun tragedy are:

GILLESPIE, ELIZABETH, aged 38, shot while seated near window of home she occupied with her mother on Dec. 8.

GILLESPIE, JAMES S., twin brother of Elizabeth Gillespie, accused of killing her, lived in house opposite.

BARBOUR, MRS. CARRIE, accused as accessory to murder, sister-in-law of Dr. William Gillespie, and lived in house opposite to Elizabeth Gillespie.

BARBOUR, MYRON, accused as accessory to murder, husband of Mrs. Carrie Barbour, cashier of First National bank of Rising Sun.

SEWARD, MRS. BELLE, accused as accessory to murder, sister of Elizabeth, James, William, and Richard Gillespie, lived with the Barbours and James Gillespie.

GILLESPIE, MARGARET, aged 79, mother of Elizabeth, James, William, and Robert Gillespie and Mrs. Seward.

GILLESPIE, DR. WILLIAM, of Cincinnati, brother of Elizabeth, James, and Richard Gillespie and Mrs. Belle Seward.

Scoff at Their Arrests.

James Gillespie and Myron Barbour took their incarceration in jail coolly and laughed and joked about the probability of finding a weapon on them as the sheriff searched them.

Later in the night, however, Barbour changed his tone, and, fearing a possible attack on the jail by a mob, asked the authorities for more protection, and Sheriff Rumm placed additional deputies in the jail. The authorities expect no violence.

Dr. William Gillespie drove to the home of the accused in a closed carriage and brought the indicted persons to the courthouse, surrendering all of them to the court as soon as the jury report became public.

Each entered a plea of not guilty. Attorney Cole, for the defendants, then presented petitions for writs of habeas corpus, which will be argued tomorrow.

It was agreed to release the two women on bond and this the court allowed on account of the illness of Mrs. Seward, who suffers from heart trouble.

Family Is Divided.

James Gillespie formerly lived with his twin sister Elizabeth and his mother. Two years ago he moved across the street with his other sister, Mrs. Seward, and her son, Earl, who occupied one side of a double house, the other side being occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Myron Barbour.

Following the tragedy there were reports about differences in the family over the settlement of the estate, in which Elizabeth was said to have been favored. But later there were more startling stories in circulation, intimating that the victim had reflected on another woman in the family, so as to create deadly hatred.

CHICAGOAN PUT OUT.

Resignation of Gen. H. H. Thomas, Appraiser of Port, Called For.

TOO LAX IN HIS METHODS.

Government Losing Money and Importers Annoyed by His Management.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Secretary Shaw has requested the resignation of Gen. H. H. Thomas, appraiser of the port of Chicago. The resignation was asked for, not on the basis of any actual wrongdoing but wholly on the ground that repeated reports of inspectors seem to show a loose method of doing business, resulting, it is said, in a loss to the government and annoyance to the local importers.

The charges made against Appraiser Thomas of general inefficiency and inability to attend to the duties of his office are substantially those which nearly resulted in the removal of Mr. Nixon as collector of the port. For this reason it is fully expected that the treasury department's request for the resignation of Appraiser Thomas will create considerable of a political storm, and more especially if, as is generally understood, his successor has been nominated by Senator Hopkins in the interest of the Lorimer-Yates machine.

Done for "Good of the Service."

It was said tonight by an official in a position to know that there was absolutely no politics in the summary removal of Gen. Thomas, but that his place was vacated solely in the interest of the public service. At the same time it was admitted that inasmuch as no specific charges of wrongdoing had been filed, the secretary of the treasury might be made liable to a charge of interfering in the local politics of Illinois. Gen. Thomas is supposed to have the strong support of the old soldier element and it is quite likely the veteran organizations will make a lively campaign in his behalf and bring the matter personally to the attention of the president.

Gen. Thomas was slated for removal quite a long time ago, and at the time L. T. Hoy was slated to fill the place. There was a strong movement to secure the retention of Collector Nixon, and it benefited Appraiser Thomas as well, inasmuch as Secretary Shaw was forced to change his plans and consent to the retention of both officials.

Expected to Resist Removal.

It is not known whether Gen. Thomas will voluntarily retire from office or not. It is assumed he will try to retain his place and he will be supported by the veteran organization, of which he has been an active member. Friends of the secretary of the treasury and the president in Illinois endeavored to prevent the removal of Gen. Thomas on the ground that it would have a bad political effect, and it might render the president liable to the charge of having interfered for or against some one of the different candidates for governor.

Secretary Shaw, it is understood, took the ground that the public service at the appraiser's stores was suffering so severely that a change would have to be made regardless of the possible effect from a purely political view. As previously explained, no formal charges have been or will be filed, but the general's removal will be based on the broad ground that his office is not in harmony with that of the collector of customs, and furthermore that he is lacking in general executive ability, and has failed to provide prompt and accurate appraisement.

PERIL IN YULE TREE.

Chief Musham Warns Against the Use of Candles on It.

BLAZE IGNITES BRANCHES.

Keep Blanket Near and Buy No Dry Timber, He Urges.

"Great danger from fire goes with the Christmas tree. The city council should pass an ordinance compelling persons who decorate their trees with burning candles to protect the candles with wire globes. These globes would be inexpensive and would last a lifetime. They would keep the dry cedar branches from drooping to the candle flames under the weight of tinsel and ornaments."

Chief Musham of the fire department issued this warning yesterday, after he had fought fire on the holiday year after year.

Advice from Chief Musham.

Here is advice which the chief offers to those who will have Christmas trees:

Keep a wet blanket near the tree, so that in case of fire you quickly can smother the blaze. By taking this precaution thousands of dollars' worth of property may be saved.

Do not buy dry trees. Get fresh, green ones, and the danger of fire will be minimized.

Don't buy your tree until the day before Christmas, for they will get dryer in the house than out of doors.

Don't put the candles too close together on the branches. Watch them carefully.

Candles Source of Danger.

The records of the fire department show that on last Christmas only one fire was reported to have been due directly to the burning of a Christmas tree. This does not mean that many more trees did not catch fire, but shows merely that the department was summoned only once. The record for last year shows that nineteen fires were started by carelessness with candles, and Chief Musham declared some of these candles may have been used for decorating Christmas trees.

The record for the five years preceding last Christmas is as follows:

	Fires started— By tree.	By candles.
1897	10	51
1898	8	47
1899	21	39
1900	18	32
1901	11	35

Record Is Called Serious.

This is a serious record, according to members of the fire department, as the number of fires started by Christmas trees is confined to only one day in the year, whereas fires resulting from other causes are distributed among the 365 days of the year.

"Be careful if you want to save life and property!" is the warning of the fire department.

RUSH TROOPS ON NOVEL TEST.

British War Office Ascertaining How Quickly Men Can Be Sent Across Canada.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 22.—With the object of ascertaining how quickly troops can be transported from the Atlantic to the Pacific a special train which left here today is now rushing across the continent to Esquimault, B. C., with two batteries of royal garrison artillery. The British war office ordered the experiment.

TRUE BILLS FOR STRIKE VIOLENCE

Grand Jury Votes Them on Officers and Members of Franklin Union and Sluggers.

TALES OF TERROR TOLD.

Electrical Workers Plead Guilty of Conspiracy and Pelkus of Falsifying the Records.

Two officers of Franklin union No. 4 of pressfeeders, two members of the union, and two "professional sluggers" were included in a series of indictments voted by the grand jury yesterday. The indictments resulted from an inquiry into the methods alleged to have been employed by the union in its strike against the Chicago Typothetæ, the organization of employers, and comprehend charges of conspiracy, riot, assault, and mayhem.

While the grand jury was acting in the case of the pressfeeders, six members of the Electrical Workers' union No. 134 went before Judge W. M. McEwen and pleaded guilty to conspiracy charges. They admitted having attempted to prevent witnesses from appearing against "Jack" Gallagher, a professional slugger, and Harry Pelkus, a Criminal court clerk, who is alleged to have falsified the records in Gallagher's interests.

Pelkus also pleaded guilty to the charge of falsifying the Criminal court records. He, with the electrical workers, will be sentenced on Monday.

List of the Indictments.

The grand jury vote resulted in the following indictments:

C. F. Werner, president, and John M. Shea, treasurer of Franklin union; Fred Kitchill and Charles Smith, members of Franklin union; Edward Hock and John Mucher, alleged "professional sluggers," charged with conspiracy to intimidate workingmen by violence.

Hock, Werner, and Shea, charged with mayhem and assault with a deadly weapon because of an attack made by Hock on Harry Howard, a non-union pressfeeder, on Dec. 17.

Mucher, Kitchell, Smith, Werner, and Shea, charged with riot, growing out of an assault made by Mucher, Kitchell, and Smith on Frank Lehew on Oct. 16.

In the charges growing out of specific assaults, Werner and Shea were included with the participants under the ruling of Judge Gary in the anarchist cases, holding that the instigators of a conspiracy were liable for any specific crimes committed in pursuance of such conspiracy.

Many Stories of Assaults.

Before the indictments were voted the jurors had been told stories of a season of violence which commenced with the opening of the pressfeeders' strike on Sept. 29, and in which women and men were stopped in the street or trailed to their homes by pickets and sluggers and cruelly beaten. Many of the victims of the thugs are still too ill to be about, and their evidence was taken by affidavits, read before the jurors. More than a score of assaults were thus disclosed to the jurors.

In many of the cases the victims were struck down in the dark from behind, and could give no description of their assailants.

Typical Case of Slugging.

The case in which Howard was assaulted by Hock is one of the most serious in its results, although typical in method.

Howard arrived in Chicago on Oct. 12 and obtained employment at the plant of the Three Color Type Printing company. On the first day he was inveigled into the headquarters of the Franklin union at 14 Custom House place and kept there a prisoner for hours, while Hock and several companions threatened him. On promise he would consider joining the union he was released.

Several days later Hock met Howard on the street and offered him money to leave Chicago. He refused. On the evening of the assault Howard was summoned by messenger to 226 Clark street and ignored the message. When he attempted to leave his hotel in Adams street he was met at the entrance by Hock and two other men. Hock, he declares, struck him with a "billy" and knocked him down.

Want to Break Bones.

As he lay on the floor of the entrance one of the men said:

"Break his fingers," and another added, "Better break one of his arms."

"I'd like to kill him, but I haven't the nerve," said the other. Howard was expecting another attack, when a man entered the hallway and the three assailants ran away.

Sluggers Attack Women.

Among the women who were attacked and beaten during the reign of slugging were:

Clara De Witta, tracked to her home at 1221 Michigan avenue and struck three heavy blows in the face, Nov. 30; Agnes Christensen and Agnes Olsen, attacked and beaten in Chicago avenue, near Sophia street, on Dec. 20; Emma Trombley, attacked on Oct. 23 at Clark and Van Buren streets and again two days later near her home by two men.

Light on Union Finances.

An investigation into the financial affairs of the union disclosed the fact that in addition to $11,000 on hand at the beginning of the strike, the union officials had a revenue of $2 a week from each of the 1,600 members of the union not on strike. The jurors believed that a considerable portion of this money was spent in paying "sluggers" to terrorize nonunion men and women, and to pay others to leave the city. The testimony as to finances was given by President John V. Clarke of the Hibernian Banking association and Cashier R. J. Street of the First National bank.

The records of the Hibernian bank showed that just before the strike was declared $9,000 was checked out of the bank by President Werner and Treasurer Shea. At the same time $2,000 was checked out of the First National bank by these same officials. An effort to secure the records of the union, to ascertain what was done with this money, was blocked by the flight of Treasurer Shea, who had been subpœnaed with his records. Shea got away before the deputy sheriff could serve the summons on him.

Union Pays the Attorneys.

Voucher accounts secured from the bank showed that the union paid the fees of attorneys who defended in the justice courts men arrested for assaults, and also for attorney's services in the recent contempt proceedings before Judge Holdom. Attorney John Bloomington received the major portion of such fees.

"We were convinced by the evidence presented that the union officials were responsible for the violence attending the strike."

said a member of the grand jury last evening. "They are legally responsible with the principals for every act of violence committed. That fact was established by the ruling of Judge Gary in the anarchist cases. Werner and Shea, and perhaps other officials as well, prepared in advance for this violence, and we believe hired professional thugs to assault men and women seeking an honest living by honest toil. The jury is confident that it has evidence to convict all the men indicted."

City Railway Strike Next.

This morning the jury will resume its inquiry into the violence attending the strike on the Chicago City railway lines. Evidence of specific acts of violence is said to have been secured, and the effort of the inquisitors now is to be directed toward connecting officials of the union, and possibly officials of the Chicago Federation of Labor with these occurrences in the same manner that the officials of Franklin union were connected with the work of hired thugs.

Electrical Workers' Case.

The electrical workers who pleaded guilty to the conspiracy charge were J. B. Wilson, who on Monday was elected secretary of union No. 134; John H. Maloney, president of the National Building Trades council and former business agent of union 134; Charles L. White, J. T. Kingsbury, and William White.

Their efforts appeared to be to make Gallagher, in whose interests Pelkus was corrupted, and the later conspiracy formed, the scapegoat. The state put Paul Lippert and James Grimblot on the witness stand. They told how after Gallagher was indicted for wrecking several buildings in the interests of an electrical workers' strike, and said $300 was appropriated to pay Pelkus to fix the records.

Pelkus' own plea that he did fix the records so as to show that the Gallagher indictment had been stricken off the calendar served to complete that part of the case. Then the witnesses testified that after Pelkus was indicted they were paid money by Maloney, Wilson, Kingsbury, Cliff, and White to leave the city and not appear against Pelkus. Sentences will be imposed on all on Monday, the offenses being misdemeanors, punishable by fine, or imprisonment in the county jail or bridewell.

Tells of Big Loss by Strike.

Strikes at the plant of the Piano and Organ Supply company, Racine and Webster avenues, in September, October, and November cost the company $90,000, according to the evidence of Warren B. Thayer, treasurer of the company. Mr. Thayer testified in the hearing begun yesterday before Judge Holdom to make permanent an injunction issued against the Piano and Organ Workers' union.

A temporary injunction has been in force since September, enjoining the strikers from picketing, patrolling, congregating about the plant, intimidating the workmen, or interfering with the company's business.

The first witness to take the stand was George P. Bent, a west side manufacturer. He told of receiving a notice from the union threatening to boycott his plant should it use any supplies from the Piano and Organ Supply company. A number of other west side manufacturers were also placed on the witness stand to corroborate the evidence of Bent.

"We did not want the employés to strike," said Mr. Thayer on the stand. "We did all we could to have them remain at work.

STEEL WORKERS ACCEPT CUT.

Will Resume at Indiana Harbor, Company Recognizing Union—Increased Pay When Prices Warrant.

A truce was patched up yesterday between the Inland Steel company of Indiana Harbor, Ind., and the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers. Under the terms of adjustment the workers are to accept the 10 per cent reduction in wages until selling prices advance sufficiently to warrant the company in restoring the old schedule.

The action of the directors of the firm in refusing to deal with organized labor has been revoked. The amalgamated association is to be treated as a union and its members are not to be discriminated against. This change of attitude of the company is considered a victory by the men and was influential in getting them to accept the wage cut.

The trouble at Indiana Harbor has worried the advisory board of the association. It held a meeting at Pittsburg yesterday and took up the trouble. The local district board, which has handled the case, reported that it could accomplish nothing and asked the advisory board to take it up. This induced the governing body to order the men back to work under the reduced wage scale until times change and selling prices rise.

Plan of Some Employers.

Some of the radical members of the Chicago Employers' association will suggest to that body that all firms belonging to it place the following sign over the doors to their factories:

"An American shop for American workmen."

This proposition has not been voted on as yet, but is expected to meet with opposition from the firms that are not looking for trouble.

"Gambling Committee" at Work.

The "gambling committee" of the Chicago Federation of Labor began its work, but accomplished little. The downtown resorts of the Smith and O'Leary combination were visited and some evidence collected. Further tours will be made from day to day until the next meeting of the central body, when a report will be made.

INDICTMENT FOR GOVEN VOTED.

Grand Jury Has Evidence of the Alleged Embezzlement of Nearly $90,000.

Indictments were voted against Charles C. Goven yesterday afternoon, charging embezzlement. Levy Mayer, Henry Botsford, and other members of the Provision Dealers' Dispatch, were witnesses. Mr. Mayer appeared as attorney for the complainants. Goven was captured recently in Portland, Ore. His shortage reached almost $90,000, and he was a fugitive from justice nearly a year before his capture. He was secretary and treasurer of the Provision Dealers' Dispatch and private secretary of Mr. Botsford. The alleged stealings are said to have been carried on four years, and gambling is given as the reason for his downfall.

SECURE ARREST OF 19 MINERS.

President and Eighteen Members of Telluride Union Under Charge of Intimidating Workmen.

Telluride, Cal., Dec. 22.—President Guy E. Miller, Secretary O. M. Carpenter, and seventeen other members of the Telluride miners' union were arrested today on a charge of intimidating men who desire to work in the Tomboy mine.

Union Restrained by Court.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 22.—A preliminary injunction was issued by the Common Pleas court today restraining local branch No. 35 of the Wood, Wire, and Lathers' International union from interfering with the workmen employed by Merritt & Co., metal lathers and fireproofers.

HELD FOR INSURANCE TRICK.

Two Men Arrested for a Suspicious Fire in a Forty-seventh Street Saloon —Both Deny Guilt.

What the police declare is a plot to defraud the insurance companies by an incendiary fire was disclosed at the Hyde Park police court yesterday with the result that Justice Quinn held two men to the Criminal court in bonds of $1,000. They were Charles Allen, colored, proprietor of a saloon at 147 Forty-seventh street, and Henry Jones, colored, 150 West Forty-seventh street. Jones, according to a witness, said that he had set fire to the saloon for $100, to be paid to him by Allen. Both men denied the charge. The property in the saloon, it is said, was worth $350. It was insured for $1,000.

Four Fast Trains Daily to St. Paul-Minneapolis.

Leave Chicago 3:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 6:30 p. m., and 10:00 p. m., via Chicago and Northwestern Ry. The Northwestern Limited (electric lighted throughout) leaves 6:30 p. m. Dining car service unequaled. Full particulars at ticket offices, 212 Clark street (Tel. Cent. 721) and Wells Street Station.

PEACE DELAYED; DEAD ARE MOCKED

Liverymen and Strikers Stand on Dignity and Refuse to Make First Move.

BODY BORNE ON TRUCK.

Many Funerals Kept Waiting and Mourners' Sorrows Multiplied Throughout the City.

After both sides had declared in favor of arbitration, the livery owners and their striking drivers were still far apart last night. Each faction stood on its dignity and demanded that the formal tender for further conferences come from the other.

At the same time both gave out that they were preparing for battle. The liverymen's association appointed a law committee and many members want an injunction sought at once. The Teamsters' Joint Council voted 2nd assessment of $1 a week on its 33,000 Chicago members to supoprt the strikers.

Chief of Police O'Neill directed that his order against picketing houses and churches be enforced as long as necessary. The police order was obeyed in part by the union watchmen. Pickets did not congregate so openly as on other days, but loitered at a distance or hid in convenient saloons or stores.

The annoyance to friends and relatives who were unable to give their dead decent burial was as great as ever. Many funerals were delayed because the undertakers had not enough wagons to do the double duty required. At the largest funeral of the day, that of Mrs. Catherina Masterson, at the Holy Family Roman Catholic church, the family of the woman was brought to the extremity of removing her body to the church on a hand truck.

Dignity Delays an Agreement.

Then the liverymen met at 70 Adams street, the committee that had been in conference with the teamsters Monday night reported that Albert Young of the union had requested that a committee of seven be chosen from each party to adjust their differences.

The meeting then declared in favor of arbitration and authorized Chairman Harvey Edgerton to appoint arbiters as soon as needed. The next step was the selection of a law committee to take charge of injunction proceedings should pending negotiations fail.

In that case carriages are to be started under police protection.

Meanwhile the teamsters voted for arbitration and named a committee to confer with the owners. When the effort was made to get the two committees together, the hitch occurred. Each wanted the other to take the initiative.

Carry Body on Hand Truck.

Mrs. Masterson was the mother of the Rev. John Masterson, S. J., of the Holy Family Roman Catholic church, and died at St. Joseph's home, 409 May street. The services in the church were to have commenced at 8:30 a. m. The hour passed and 9 o'clock arrived without the undertaker's wagon, which had been engaged to take the place of the hearse. Friends of Mrs. Masterson, who was well known in the parish, filled the church. The watchers at her bier had looked up and down the street before the home many times, and at last, in despair, hastily procured a hand truck.

The casket, heaped with flowers and escorted by bearers, was trundled over the walks to the door of the church. Mrs. Masterson's son, Father Masterson, said mass, assisted by Fathers Casper Lieb, Herman Wolters, and the Rev. Henry J. Dumbach, president of St. Ignatius college. And then, to make the grief of the mourners more poignant, another delay occurred. Messengers were dispatched to fetch the wagon at once. They learned that the undertaker was unable to keep up with his business, as the same vehicle had to answer as "black wagon" and hearse.

Sign Dispute Delays Funeral.

After unsuccessful attempts to secure a hearse for the funeral of Jacob Bloom, Peoria and West Van Buren streets, the body was carried in a wagon to Waldheim. Through the wrangle between the undertaker and G. W. Marks, a liveryman who had signed the union scale, the services were delayed two hours. Marks provided six carriages, which bore placards proclaiming in great letters that their owner had "signed the scale." The undertaker refused to permit his wagon to be used unless it preceded the carriages at such distance as not to show they were parts of one cortége.

The funeral of George A. Bullock, 1027 West Congress street, was delayed several days in the hope the strike would be settled and fitting rites could be observed. The services were held yesterday and the body was removed to Graceland in the grewsome "black wagon." There it was placed in a vault. The final services will be conducted when the relatives can go to the cemetery in carriages.

People who attended the burial of Mrs. Lucy Russell at Oak Ridge had to walk a mile over rough and snow covered country roads from the end of the street car line.

After the services, at 50 Larrabee street, over the body of Richard Sullivan, relatives had to wait twenty minutes on the street corner for a car by which to go to the Northwestern railway station.

Jeer Wagon Carrying the Dead.

One of Postlewait & Co.'s ambulances, transferring the body of Mrs. E. W. Straight from the Grand Trunk to the Northwestern station, was picked out by union sympathizers. The driver was made the target for abusive epithets, taunts, and jeers.

A funeral party accompanying the body of W. Hanauer from the Union to the Lake Shore station was stopped by pickets and held until the train had gone. The transfer was in charge of Furth & Co., and the mourners on leaving the western train entered a public bus. The driver was at once approached by the pickets, who ordered him not to proceed until he had satisfied the questioners. The indignant protests of the people in the bus were not heeded, and they were held until past the time of departure of their train. They had sleeping car berths engaged for the trip east and were greatly inconvenienced.

The funeral of Mrs. Alice R. Perkins, niece of A. C. Bartlett, is to be held from the latter's residence, 2720 Prairie avenue, this morning. A hearse had not been secured yesterday by the undertaker. Friends will provide carriages.

NURSES TAKE TEST AT DUNNING.

Six Seek Position as Superintendent and Thirteen Try the Examination for Ward Work.

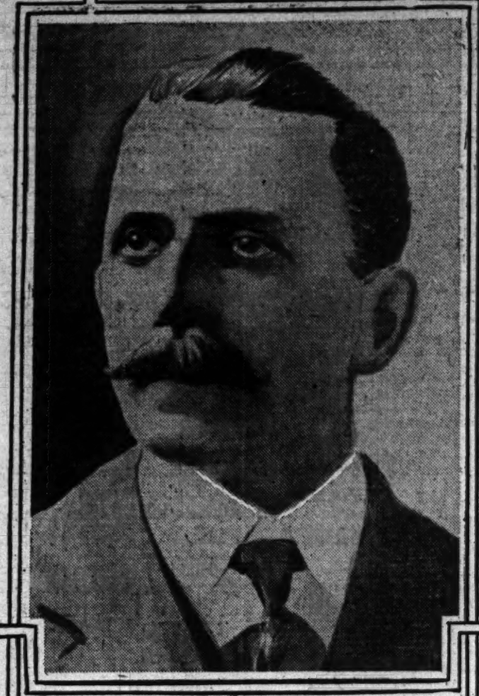
Six nurses took a county civil service examination yesterday in competition for the position of superintendent of nurses at Dunning, made vacant by the resignation of Helen Scott Hay, which takes effect on Jan. 7. Experience and knowledge of duties were the basis of the test. Six candidates took the examination for trained nurses, and seven sought places as untrained nurses. Fifteen took the test for attendants, and twelve firemen appeared. The results will be made known in a week.

KEEPS PILGRIM ANNIVERSARY.

Girl Representing Tenth Generation of Direct Descent from John Alden Born in Waukegan.

The 283d anniversary of the landing of the pilgrims on Plymouth rock was made notable in Waukegan yesterday by the birth of a tenth direct descendant of John Alden. The child is a girl, born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Alden. Mr. Alden traces his ancestry to John Alden, and there is much rejoicing in the family over the coincidence of the dates.

ELECTRICAL WORKER WHO PLEADED GUILTY.



WILLIAM CLIFT

William Cliff was one of the five members of the advisory board of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers who yesterday pleaded guilty of having paid witnesses against Harry Pelkus and "Jack" Gallagher to remain out of the county. Cliff was present at a meeting of the board when the money to pay these witnesses was provided. He will be sentenced by Judge McEwen on Monday.

CAR MEN SIGN FOR A YEAR

TEMPORARY COMPACT THAT ENDED STRIKE MADE LASTING.

Chicago City Railway Agrees Not to Discriminate Against Union Men—Wages to Be Arbitrated and Routes Left to Joint Commission—Job Gathers Statistics Showing Waning of Labor Movement in Chicago—Controversy at Stockyards Settled.

Peace on the lines of the Chicago City railway for another year was practically assured yesterday when President D. G. Hamilton of the company and representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Employés, the union that called the recent strike, signed an agreement binding both to a policy of conciliation.

The peace compact that was signed in Mayor Harrison's office at midnight, Nov. 24, was reaffirmed. The question of wages is to be left to an arbitration board, and the arrangement of runs is to be left to a commission of the officials of the company and of the men.

"The peace terms cover all but the questions of wages and schedules," said Organizer C. O. Pratt last night. "These points will be taken up within a short time. The matter of wages will go to arbitration. The company has selected Attorney W. J. Heinze to represent it, and the men have chosen Attorney William Prentiss. These two will agree on a third man. I do not know whether the problem of schedules will be taken up or not."

Job Says Unions Are Waning.

Secretary F. W. Job of the Chicago Employers' association has gathered statistics regarding the membership of labor unions during the last six months, and announced last night that they have lost 30 per cent of the names off their books. He declared further that seven unions in Chicago have given up their charters and that several others are ready to take the same action.

Mr. Job showed a copy of a circular letter sent out by Secretary Henry White of the United Garment Workers advising members to "avoid the impending danger."

"We have seen union after union destroyed after reaching the zenith of power," writes White. "All the struggles made to gain that point have been lost through lack of self-restraint. It is idle to pooh-pooh the organized opposition to the labor movement. It is growing with startling rapidity all over the country. It indicates a revulsion of sentiment. Until recently the predominating public desire was to strengthen the working classes. Now a dread has arisen that the unions cannot be trusted with power and that if given it they will exercise it to the injury of themselves and society."

Continue at Old Wages.

The 1,200 beef casing workers employed at the Union stockyards have settled their wage controversy. The packers refused to grant an increase in wages and convinced the men that the employers were justified in their position. The hog casing workers will open negotiations today.

INJURED MAN IS LOCKED UP: DIES LATER IN HOSPITAL.

William Glasser Fatally Hurt by Car, but Physicians Say He Is Intoxicated —Grows Worse Soon Afterward.

The coroner tomorrow will investigate the death of William Glasser, 5125 Wentworth avenue, and it is asserted another case of a man unconscious from injuries being locked up as intoxicated will be disclosed.

Glasser died Monday evening at the county hospital from injuries said to have been sustained in a street car accident Friday. He was placed in the car and taken to the office of one of the company's physicians.

Glasser soon became violent and the South Englewood police were summoned. He was taken to the station and locked in a cell. In the morning he apparently was suffering intensely. Another physician, it is alleged, was summoned and he, too, said Glasser's injuries were not serious. The prisoner, however, was unable to answer questions and his case was postponed. At noon his condition grew worse and he was sent to the county hospital, where he died on Monday.

At the hospital the physicians asserted the man had been injured internally and about the head. The police said the man's condition resembled that of intoxication and that the assertions of the physicians who examined him led them to believe his injuries were slight.

Dr. L. Lowenthal, 1403 West One Hundred and Third street, the physician who first treated Glasser, said yesterday: "I bandaged his head and he become violent and tore off the bandages. He was intoxicated and unable to answer any question. I am surprised at the case taking a serious turn."

"I did not examine him closely," said Dr. A. W. Aiken, 940 West Eighty-sixth street, the physician summoned Saturday morning. "He was able to stand on his feet with little assistance. He seemed stupid, but I attributed this to drink."

"Boro-Formalin." (Elmer & Amend), used as tooth and mouth wash in the morning, leaves mouth sweet and pure all day.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

COLLARS. E. & W. CUFFS.
The Linen of a Gentleman.

LONE MAN TIES UP PLANT

ENGINEER CALLS STRIKE ON COMBINE'S SALT DOCKS.

Notified That His Wages of 35 Cents an Hour Are Too High, He Harangues Coopers and Others and Induces Nearly All in Big Works to Quit—Now Trying to Spread Trouble to Other Points on the Great Lakes, but Failure Predicted.

An important industry is tied up and 250 men are idle because a union engineer, Joseph Freeman, employed at the South Chicago plant of the International Salt company, was told that his wages would be cut on Saturday. With a cry of "unjust discrimination" he succeeded in getting a strike called that threatens to spread to the other plants on the great lakes.

Freeman was given notice that he would have to lower his rate of 35 cents an hour. He asserted that he was working under an old agreement that holds until March 1, 1904. This was denied by the superintendent of the plant.

Excited and angry, the engineer went to the room where the coopers are employed and delivered a speech, saying he was a "martyr to the cause of labor." With a cheer the men walked out. Freeman then went to the men in the barreling department, and they struck. He next appealed to the teamsters, and they, too, against the laws of their organization, struck. The 250 strikers held an impromptu meeting on the street and decided to "force the company to pay Freeman the union scale of wages."

Late in the day the company opened communication with Secretary F. W. Job of the Employers' association and made arrangements to get nonunion men.

CAR HITS AN AMBULANCE AND POLICEMEN ARE HURT.

Empty Wagon Struck by Fast Cable Train and Driver and Companion Thrown to Pavement.

A West Madison street cable train going at high speed struck the police ambulance of the Chicago avenue station at Paulina street late yesterday afternoon. Policeman Patrick McGee and Driver John Boland were thrown to the pavement, and Boland received injuries from which his recovery is said to be doubtful.

Boland was still unconscious at a late hour last night. He is suffering from concussion of the brain and internal injuries. McGee is severely injured on the head and shoulders.

Policeman Michael Conley, who was inside the ambulance, escaped injury by jumping. The vehicle was returning to the police station from the county hospital, and the police declare the gripman failed to warn them of his approach.

Three Die from Injuries.

Three persons died from their injuries during the day, and several were injured.

FRITZ, WILLIAM, 52 years old, 9800 Commercial avenue; died from burns received from falling steampipe in plant of People's Gas Light and Coke company, Ninety-sixth street and Erie avenue.

STAFFON, JACOB, 53 years old, 3901 Morgan street; foot caught in wagon wheel as he stepped from car; dragged twenty feet; died at Provident hospital.

STANEK, THOMAS, 242 Thirty-seventh street; legs caught in kneading machine in bakery above which he lived; died two hours later.

The Injured.

Houkons, Samuel, 12 years old, 18 Johnson street; fractured left leg in fall near residence.

Mayer, John, 37 years old, 916 Dunning street; thrown from wagon by runaway horse near Clybourn place bridge; skull fractured.

Wilson, James, 59 years old, 13 Halsted street; fell on sidewalk near house and fractured right knee.

WOMAN AND CHILDREN IN WANT.

Aged Grandmother Is Found Crying While Little Grandchildren Lie Sleeping.

In a basement at 120 East Huron street, cold and scantily furnished, Policeman Cafferty yesterday found Mrs. A. Canfield, 60 years old, and her two grandchildren. Annie and John Cunninghan, 11 and 8 years old, in destitute circumstances. The aged woman was crying when the officer went into the house, and the children, with their arms without shoes or stockings.

"Ever since their mother died last June I have tried to support them myself, but I have had a hard time because my health is not good."

A collection was taken up among the officers and a supply of fuel and provisions was sent to the house.

For want of warm clothing and proper care in a warm house, Caroline Kausauki, the 2 year old daughter of John Kausauki, died at her father's residence, One Hundred and Thirteenth and Fulton streets, early yesterday morning. The father is employed in the Pullman shops. Dr. C. F. Clayton said that the child had not had sufficient nourishment nor clothing to protect it from the raw weather. The coroner's jury found this to be the cause of death in its verdict.

CRIME FOSTERED BY LAX COURTS.

Mayor Gives Citizens' Committee Recipe for Turning Out Seasoned Crooks.

THEN HE OFFERS ADVICE.

Concentrate on Prosecution and Punishment of Men Arrested, He Says.

"It's one thing to catch a thief; another to keep him."

"One easy trial judge can release more thieves in a day than a dozen members of the 'flying squadron' can catch in a week."

"The bridewell was never intended as a substitute for the penitentiary as an anti-crime agent."

The foregoing truisms were gleaned from the suggestions made to the representatives of the citizens' anti-crime committee by Mayor Harrison yesterday afternoon. Then the mayor cited the means of increasing crime which he said are now most potent. These may be reduced to the following recipe:

Take one good burglar, who had been captured by the police with evidence of three or more crimes upon him. Indict him on as many charges of felony. Release him on bonds and allow him his liberty for three months. While at liberty he will have opportunity for increasing his criminal record with the knowledge that the law cannot punish a dozen crimes much more severely than three. He will also have opportunity to get his friends to rally to his support and "see" the complaining witnesses. Then take him before a trial court on the least of the three indictments. If he shows a disposition to put up a strong fight, expedite matters by allowing him to plead guilty to petty larceny, and send him to the bridewell for six months or a year. When he gets out he will be a well seasoned crook.

Records Furnish the Recipe.

This recipe had been discovered by Mayor Harrison through an analysis of the records in 295 cases of persons who had been sentenced to the bridewell from the Criminal court in the last year. This record had been prepared for him and was put in his possession in the morning as material with which to meet the committee's request for advice in the anti-crime movement. Having given the visitors the result of his study of the record he turned it over to them with this injunction:

"If this committee wants to suppress crime in Chicago it can do no better than to insist that criminals should be punished as they merit. If the committee has money to spend in this matter it can be expended to the best advantage by employing men to watch the cases in the trial courts, and, in fact, by concentrating its entire attention on the handling of criminal cases in the Criminal court."

Mayor and Chief Meet Committee.

The subcommittee which called on the mayor consisted of the Rev. Cleland B. McAfee, Michael Cudahy, H. C. Staver, Miss Jane Addams, and N. A. Partridge. The conference opened at 4 p. m., with Chief O'Neill also in attendance. The Rev. Mr. McAfee was chairman, and made haste to assure the mayor and the chief that the movement was in no wise anti-police.

"We want your advice as to the best means of dealing with crime," he told Mayor Harrison.

"We are doing our level best to deal with it," returned the mayor. "We are glad of any help you may give us. I do not know wherein I could suggest anything in the way of police service that we are not now endeavoring to do ourselves."

"Can you suggest any means by which the police force might be increased?" asked Dr. McAfee.

"Well, yes," returned Mayor Harrison, smiling. "I suggest that all of the ministers of Chicago set apart a Sunday, on which all of the members of their churches shall be called together, and there exhorted to disclose all their personal property holdings to the assessors. If they would do so we would have all the money needed for an adequate police force. Do you think that could be done, Dr. McAfee?"

Puts Blame on the Courts.

"I don't believe the ministers would be equal to the occasion," admitted the clergyman.

Then the discussion drifted into a more serious vein, and the mayor put the cause of crime directly up to the courts, and their leniency in handling well known criminals. He culled from the list of cases before him a number of which the following are typical:

George Daly, arrested by the police, and the proceeds of three burglaries found upon him. Allowed to plead guilty and sent to the bridewell for eleven months.

Daniel Gormely, arrested Feb. 15 last, and connected directly with two burglaries. Had a previous penitentiary record. Sentenced to the bridewell on a plea of guilty for one year.

"I don't say this is the fault of the state's attorney," said the mayor. "I understand that he is in about the same fix we are in—handicapped by lack of help. There are not enough trial judges sitting on the north side. What I contend is that when the police catch a habitual offender and get the evidence against him as strong as in many of these cases he should not be let off leniently."

FIREARMS ORDINANCES FILED.

Mayor's Measure Given Scant Attention by the Finance Committee— Second Bill to Be Redrawn.

Mayor Harrison's new firearms ordinances met with scant attention from the finance committee yesterday. The ordinance imposing a license fee of $1 on every person owning a revolver was "filed." The measure requiring dealers in weapons to pay an annual license fee of $50 was referred to Ald. Dever for redrafting. The first is believed to be unconstitutional and the second is said to be in conflict with the statutes.

ALUMNI OF HAMILTON MEET.

Western Association Holds Its Annual Election of Officers and Banquet at Kinsley's.

Members of the Western Alumni association of Hamilton college were told that a college education is not only a good investment but a salable asset at their annual meeting at Kinsley's last evening.

"Statistics show that 70 per cent of the men holding high positions of trust with business firms and with the government are college graduates," said Thomas D. Catlin of Ottawa, Ill. "It is not because they know so much more than other men, but because they have had a training which peculiarly fits them for responsible positions."

President M. W. Stryker of the Hamilton college spoke, and Daniel P. Baldwin of Ottawa, Ill., told of Austin Smith, the oldest college graduate in America. Mr. Smith is 100 years old.

The officers elected were as follows:

President—John E. Frost of Topeka.
First vice president—Charles C. Arnold, Chicago.
Secretary—John P. Montrose, Chicago.
Treasurer—Dr. Harry F. Woley, Chicago.

MICHIGAN GLEE CLUB COMES.

University Singers and Players Enthusiastically Received at Concert in the Fine Arts Building.

The University of Michigan Glee, Mandolin, and Banjo club received an enthusiastic reception last evening in the music hall of the Fine Arts building. Many graduates of Michigan and also many students of the University of Chicago attended the concert, and Coach Yost was present. "The Michigan Football Song" was a feature. The club will leave today for Ottawa, Ill., to give its last concert of the season.

GAY CHRISTMAS ON LEVEE

SALOONS AND GAMBLING HOUSES GET WORD TO RUN WIDE OPEN.

Poker Games Resume at Once and Midnight Closing Law Will Be a Dead Letter for the Holidays at Least— Citizens' Association Secures Indictment of Two Policy Men, but Mulcahy Case Fails — Labor Men Plead for Rafferty.

It is to be a merry Christmas after all for those who claim they have been persecuted by the council graft committee. The poker games, which have been closed for weeks, all opened up yesterday, and the proprietors of resorts which have been under a ban ever since the committee settled down to work are preparing to celebrate the holidays by a resumption of their old time privileges. The all night saloons likewise will throw off all restraint and run "wide open."

Whether the license is for a longer time than until Jan. 4, when the graft committee is to get to work again, the people interested do not know, and are not now concerning themselves. What they do know is that Monday night word was sent to them from the same mysterious source which told them recently that they must close that they could begin operations again yesterday, and they took prompt advantage of the information.

Two Policy Men Indicted.

If the graft committee was not busy yesterday the Citizens' association was. It secured the indictment by the grand jury of two policy men who are of considerable importance in their peculiar profession, but failed to furnish sufficient evidence against Police Lieut. Roger Mulcahy.

The two policy men against whom true bills were found were Fred Kammerer, manager, and James McDermott, chief sheet writer, of the Indiana and Wisconsin game, with headquarters at 104 Custom House place. This is claimed to be one of the largest policy games in the city, and the association is the more confident of conviction in the cases as most of its evidence is that of employés and, as such, first handed. "Patsy" King is said to be the backer of the game. It is the one which was raided by Secretary Singleton of the association some weeks ago.

Labor Men Plead for Rafferty.

John T. Rafferty, whose saloon license was revoked on the recommendation of the graft committee, took nearly all the officials of the federation of labor to the mayor's office during the day to plead for him. In the party were William G. Schardt, president of the federation; E. Nockels, secretary, and John Fitzpatrick, organizer, and officers of the Machinists, Teamsters, Electrical Workers, and Building Trades unions.

Schardt asked that the Rafferty license be restored temporarily pending the investigation of the committee. "If I can get the evidence before the committee in such shape that I can read it up I will look over it," answered the mayor, "but I doubt if it will be in time to be of any special use, as the committee will take up the case on Jan. 4."

MORE POLICY SHOPS RAIDED.

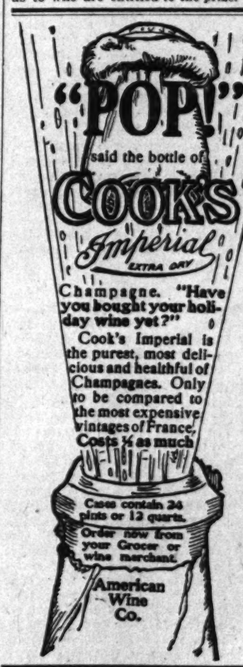
Policemen of Harrison Street Station Arrest Seven Men and Seize Gambling Devices.

Following arrests of policy writers Monday by policemen from the Harrison street station, seven others were taken to the police headquarters yesterday, and in some instances gambling devices were seized. The men arrested in yesterday's raids in the north end of the "levee" are: Charles Clark, Conrad Meyers, Thomas Burt, William Johnson, Harry Howe, James Krane, and John Johnson. They will be given a hearing before Justice Prindiville today.

OFFERS CASH FOR A WEDDING.

South Chicago Lodge Anxious to Make Marriage a Feature of Its Dance on Jan. 16.

Sherman lodge, K. P., of South Chicago offers to buy the license, furnish a home, and pay the expenses of a two weeks' honeymoon trip for any couple that will be married at the lodge dance on Jan. 16 in Beck's hall, Ninety-first street and Commercial avenue. The conditions are that the young man and woman must become engaged during the dance and be married in the presence of the members. As yet there has been no applications, though the members of the lodge expect there will be a number, and have made preparations to decide which couple to accept in case there should be any controversy as to who are entitled to the prize.



BROWNING KING & CO

B & K TRADE MARK

Cor. Wabash Ave. and Madison St.

Open evenings until Christmas.

Serviceable, useful gifts are always appreciated by

MEN AND BOYS.

50c will buy

Knit Gloves,
Neckwear,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Domet Flannel Nightshirts,
Boys' Knit Toques,
Fleece-Lined Underwear,
Warm Hosiery,
Boys' Knee Breeches.

$1 & $1.50 will buy

Kid Gloves,
Worsted Knit Gloves,
Silk Suspenders,
Mufflers,
Umbrellas,
Caps for Men & Boys,
Boys' House Coats.

All Xmas goods put up in fancy boxes without extra charge.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN "THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE."

STORE OPEN TILL 9 P. M. THIS WEEK

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO
187-189 STATE ST.

EVERYTHING FOR
Holiday Gifts.

$1.50 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Centemeri & Co.'s celebrated Gloves—Winter Caps.

$2 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — P. Centemeri & Co.'s perfect fitting Kid Gloves — the best. Every pair warranted.

$3 BUYS SHAYNE'S DERBY HAT, "best on earth for the money;" a good Umbrella.

$5 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Knox world-renowned Hats, Derbys or Soft. Splendid Umbrella, Leather Hat Box.

$8 BUYS at SHAYNE'S—Knox Silk Dress Hat, the world's best; Fine Umbrella, Cane, Glove Certificate.

$10 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Knox Opera Hats, Fine Imported Cane or Martin Umbrella, ten different kinds of Fur Boas, Leather Hat Box, fine Black Marten Muff.

$12 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Many kinds of Fur Muffs and Boas.

$15 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Choice of hundred different articles in Stylish Furs, Glove Certificates, fine Seal Caps and Gloves.

$18 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — A handsome Beaver or Black Marten Derby Collar, or an Alaska Sable Storm Collar, or Sable Fox, fine Seal Caps, Gloves and Collars.

$20 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Beautiful Sable Fox large size Boa, two large brush tails. Same in Isabella. Smaller ones at $15.

$25 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Beautiful Chinchilla Stole, fine Mink Cluster, fine black Marten Boa, Beautiful Sable or Isabella Fox Boa.

$30 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Beautiful Royal Ermine Collar or Stole, Beautiful Chinchilla Collar or Stole, Beautiful Natural Mink Muff, Fur Muffs of many kinds. Come and see them.

$40 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Fine Black Marten Double Fur Stole Boa, 3 yards long. Beautiful Mink piece, 4 large fine pelts.

$50 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Fur Muffs—many handsome furs. See them.

$75 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S — Beautiful Baum Marten Scarfs.

$100 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Beautiful Long Scarf Blended Hudson Bay Sable—genuine.

$125 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Genuine Leipzig Dye Persian Lamb Short Jacket.

$150 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Natural Otter Coat, 24 inches long; best in the world. High Class Russian Sable Boa.

$200 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Fine Natural Hudson Bay Sable Boa—as much more a muff to match. Beautiful Russian Sable Short Boa. Muff to match, $300.

$250 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Fine Morle Persian Lamb Jacket, Genuine Leipzig Dye.

$300 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—The best Alaska Seal Skin Jacket you can find.

$350 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Best quality Alaska Seal Coat, 24 in. long.

$375 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Best quality Alaska Seal Coat, 27 in. long.

$400 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Best quality Alaska Seal Coat, 30 in. long.

$500 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Beautiful, long, best quality Alaska Seal Coat; perfect set, natural Hudson Bay Sable, long wide Boa and large flat Muff.

$750 BUYS AT SHAYNE'S—Beautiful set Russian Crown Sable, long flat Boa and large flat Muff.

$1,000 Buys at SHAYNE'S—Set Russian Crown Sables, Cape, Boa, or Scarf and Muff, or Rich Nova Scotia Mink Circular Cape, or Silver Fox Scarf and Muff. Call and inspect.

CATALOGUE FREE.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO
187-189 STATE ST.

L 9 P. M. THIS WEEK
N. T. SHAYNE & Co
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SCHWAB TELLS OF SHIPYARD DEAL.

Had Secured Control of Bethlehem and When Organizers Wanted It Sold to Them.

WOULD LIKE IT BACK NOW

Denies Wrong Doing of Any Kind; Letters by Promoters of Syndicate Made Public.

New York, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Charles M. Schwab today in a formal answer filed in court told his version of his part in the United States Shipbuilding exploitation, disclaiming all wrong intent or wrongdoing, and at the same time the special examiner looking into the affairs of the company was informed that some one was guilty of contempt of court in securing and publishing the letters and telegrams that passed while the shipbuilding trust was being underwritten in Europe. Mr. Schwab's answer begins with a series of specific and detailed denials of all the charges in the cross bill of the shipbuilding company, and then goes into the history of his connection with the affair.

He says that after making a contract for the purchase of the entire capital stock of the Bethlehem company he communicated with J. P. Morgan & Co., stating that he was willing to turn over the contract to the United States Steel corporation "without any profit whatever." Morgan & Co. assumed the contract as syndicate managers, with authority to turn it over to the steel corporation.

Was to Be In on Profits.

If, however, the Morgan firm disposed of it to other parties, Mr. Schwab was to receive the greater part of the profit. He says that on June 9, 1902, Messrs. Lewis Nixon and R. Leroy Dresser asked him to underwrite $5,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the United States Shipbuilding company. Prior to that he had no connection with any such combination.

On this matter he continued: "Nixon and Dresser informed me that the properties were of great value, that they had been appraised by competent appraisers, that the profits had been certified by public accountants, and that in their opinion after a careful investigation the figures mentioned in the prospectus were safe and conservative. I had known Mr. Nixon for several years and believed him to be a competent and successful shipbuilder, and Mr. Dresser said his company, the Trust Company of the Republic, was satisfied the enterprise would be a sound and conservative investment."

Steel Trust to Be Favored.

In view of this Mr. Schwab took the underwriting "upon the same terms as other underwriters," providing the new company would give preference to the steel corporation in purchase of materials. Subsequently the bonds were offered to the public in the United States and Europe.

On June 13, 1902, Messrs. Nixon and Dresser told Mr. Schwab they wished to acquire the Bethlehem Steel company, in order to transfer it to the shipbuilding company, making payment therefor in bonds and stock of the new company. They offered $10,000,000 each of bonds, preferred and common stock.

Mr. Schwab then opened negotiations with J. P. Morgan & Co., offering to provide the cash necessary to reimburse them the actual cost of the shares of the Bethlehem company to the syndicate and $5,000,000 in stock. This offer was accepted, and Messrs. Nixon and Dresser were so informed.

He followed Mr. Schwab's illness and absence from the United States until March 17, 1903. Upon his return he found the shipbuilding company in financial difficulties and learned for the first time that many of the representations in the prospectus of the shipbuilding plants were false. He also found that more capital was needed for the shipbuilding company as well as for the Bethlehem company, the money for the latter to go for betterments.

Schwab Tries to Get Out.

Last April George R. Sheldon and Charles T. Wetmore of New York, representing a syndicate which had purchased $13,750,000 of the bonds and stock of the shipbuilding company, conferred with Mr. Schwab, looking to a reorganization of the company. Mr. Schwab said he desired to take back the Bethlehem stock, returning to the shipbuilding company the bonds and stock he had received. Subsequently, for that purpose he purchased from J. P. Morgan & Co. $5,000,000 of stock which had been delivered to them for the United States steel syndicate, and arranged to acquire all the remaining bonds and stock. Mr. Schwab adds:

"I was then, and have ever since been, and am now able and willing to return all the securities received by me or by Messrs. Morgan & Co. and to rescind the whole transaction, and I hereby tender the same for that purpose."

Messrs. Sheldon and Wetmore declined to consider such a proposition, as they stated the principal value of the whole enterprise consisted in the Bethlehem company. Mr. Schwab then agreed to a plan of reorganization with them, suggesting an assessment upon first mortgage bondholders. As they did not agree with Mr. Schwab on that point he says he agreed to furnish $2,000,000 on condition he be given a first mortgage bond for the amount of his advances and the Bethlehem bonds.

Never Tried to Wreck Trust.

Emphatic denial is made that he ever received any scheme of transferring to the shipbuilding company the stock of the Bethlehem company at an excessive rate or upon conditions permitting him or his associates to control the shipbuilding company or to work for his benefit "all of its property or interests, to the injury of its creditors and of its bona fide bondholders and stockholders, or otherwise."

Mr. Schwab denies that he ever made any false representations regarding the Bethlehem Steel company, and denies that his stock on July 31, 1902, was not worth to exceed $40,000,000.

Has a Few $9,000,000 Blocks.

He says: "I admit that I am the owner and holder of upwards of $9,000,000 of the $10,000,000 of the bonds and upwards of $9,000,000 of the $10,000,000 of the preferred, and upwards of $9,000,000 of the $10,000,000 of the common stock of the shipbuilding company, issued for the stock of the steel company, but I deny that any associates of mine are owners of the remainder of the preferred or common stock so issued for the stock of the Bethlehem Steel company, except that I sold and transferred some of said bonds and stocks to third parties."

Mr. Schwab is of the belief that the stocks given in exchange for the steel stock do not exceed the value of the steel stock. He denies that the bonds were issued without consideration.

Mr. Schwab says that he and his associates had nothing to do with the withholding by the Bethlehem company of the dividend payable on the 300,000 shares of its stock held by the shipbuilding company for the purpose of wrecking the latter concern. He says that, on the other hand, "although duly requested so to do, the steel company refused to declare such dividend."

Promotion Letters Come Out.

Letters and cablegrams which are alleged to have passed between New York and Paris in connection with the United States Shipbuilding underwriting placed in the French market were published here today. The letters were kept secret by agreement of counsel, but they were said to show what methods had been pursued in order to compel the French investors to meet the calls for payment on their underwriting, after they had been given to understand through a cablegram sent by the Trust Company of the Republic to its agent, John W. Young, that the underwriting was a "success."

Robert R. Alexander of Alexander & Green, was in Paris at the time, and to him fell the duty of removing the false impression and obtaining the signers of the subscription to their agreement.

The correspondence began July 15, 1902. In the early stages revolves largely around the investigation set on foot as to the financial responsibility of those whose signatures had been secured in Paris to the underwriting agreement, which was then in the care of the Bank de Roma.

Boran Calvet Rogniat and M. Schreyer, a banker, were the heaviest subscribers. While both were much disappointed over the misunderstanding as to the success of the underwriting here, they were stated to stand ready to pay their shares. Finally the situation apparently had been explained to the satisfaction of every one and preparations were made for the first call upon the underwriters, July 23, for 25 per cent of the subscription, to be followed by the second, payable Aug. 1, for the same amount.

Subscribers Seemed Shy.

The banking house of Morgan, Harjes & Co. had been selected to receive payments to be cabled at once to the Mercantile Trust company of New York, but the subscribers had not come forward on July 25, to which day the payments had been postponed, and on July 28 a letter stated that Mr. Alexander had changed his tone with regard to the situation. The writer is quoted:

While it may be true that these underwriters were not treated properly by Young in leaving them under the impression for so long a time that all the bonds had been sold, yet that has been well atoned for by the patience and care with which we have in the last week given explanation after explanation to all parties. They are now all in default from the 25th, and I have told Oppenheim to notify each one that their individual liability in case that money is not in New York in time to make the payment will not be limited to the amount of their securities, but that there will be consequential damages to every party connected with the affair.

Young Harjes Reprimanded.

The letter criticised severely in a postscript the impressions said to have been thrown out by the younger Harjes, who was reported to be much prejudiced against the whole affair, and that it was said by the cashier that there was no market in New York for the bonds. The writer adds that he saw Harjes at once and threatened to turn the account over to the Crédit Lyonaise, and thereupon Harjes agreed to tell everything good about the personnel of the company and the affair.

Efforts through other sources also were made, according to letters and cablegrams quoted, to counteract the effects of various reports circulated as to the impending collapse of the underwriting scheme in New York.

Persuasion Is Applied.

In one of the letters from Paris addressed to Alexander and Green, Mr. Alexander is quoted as follows:

I constantly say to all parties that nothing can be done in the way of assisting the underwriters here to dispose of their bonds unless they frankly come forward when notified, acknowledge their liability, and make their first payment, when all hands will unite in endeavoring to sell any bonds they may wish to dispose of.

The Vicomtesse Dandignea sat by me at dinner last night. She has some of the Scotts Union iron works stock, and had just telegraphed refusing to sell it except for a higher price. I think I persuaded her that it would be good judgment not to stand, but I suggested to her that perhaps Scott would make her an offer in the securities of the new company, which will be good enough to be attractive, as one of her difficulties is the trouble of investing the money she may receive.

Some Good Things in Sight.

In another letter, dated July 17, 1902, signed by Mr. Alexander, the statement is made that in investigating the Bank Roma the writer learned that the pope had $6,000,000 in that bank, that he had a similar sum with the Rothschilds, and about the same amount in England.

The word "Drexels" was used in the correspondence to represent Morgan, Harjes & Co., and in one of the letters credited to Mr. Alexander there appears the following:

I got a pledge from the Drexels that everything good should be said of the enterprise.

One of the French underwriters was named Schreyer, and the following reference was made to him in one of the letters:

I hear he has a million dollars belonging to one old woman to invest at his discretion.

In this same letter there is also this statement:

I have caused it to be known that a leading English banker has told me that I would get a million dollars in twenty-four hours, which is true of course.

Finds Driving Necessary.

Another passage in this letter says:

I get down here every morning at 9 o'clock, and am here as late as half-past 6. I drive these men with all the energy which Mr. Hyde might have shown in the early days of the Equitable, and they drive, I am bound to say, well. I am delighted with the Oppenheims. I have yet to find them fail in being absolutely true and accurate. I am glad to hear that they are getting out of their trouble and that they are likely to receive, now that the British are on tick, about $750,000.

A letter dated July 28 sets forth that the situation had changed and that the writer had notified Oppenheim that all the French investors would be held to their individual liability. A postscript to this letter read thus:

P. S.—Since writing the above Rogniat (one of the underwriters) came in in a great state of excitement and said that he had been to see Harjes and asked whether they knew anything about the business; that he was accompanied by a man who spoke English, and he listened; that the cashier did everything he could to speak badly about the business, and said there were no quotations for the securities in New York, and that they did not want to have anything to do with it, although they would receive the money for it. Rogniat was indignant and came to me.

I saw young Harjes, who said that he had been much prejudiced against the affair since seeing Young. . . . I became indignant and said that I had not introduced Young; that he was a mere promoter, such as Mr. Morgan constantly used in New York; said Rogniat was the man, and that Rogniat told me this very day he would pay up the entire call irrespective of whether there were any defaults.

Another Boost Is Needed.

In the correspondence is included the following cablegram:

PARIS, July 28, 1902.—MacCook, New York: Have Morgans wire Harjes. Take cordial view of affair. Say properties valuable, personnel fine. Rogniat just told me will pay for underwriters who may default, but wants those paying Harjes encouraged. Have read riot act Harjes today. Report quick. BEATTY.

"MacCook," it is said, was the cable address of Alexander & Green, and "Beatty" was Mr. Alexander's Paris cable address.

Declare Contempt Committed.

Before the examiner announced the adjournment, Mr. Guthrie, counsel for Schwab and others, made a statement regarding the publication of the letters and telegrams that passed between the firm of Alexander & Green regarding the French underwriters. Mr. Guthrie said, in part:

"I desire to call the examiner's attention to the publication in this city this morning of the letters, telegrams, and cables which have been the object of examination at several hearings before you.

"These letters, telegrams, and cables were not exhibited in evidence, because Mr. Alexander felt constrained to plead privilege and confidence. We understand this publication to be a direct contempt of court and that the person guilty of causing their publication is guilty of a gross contempt. We ask you therefore at the next hearing we may temporarily suspend the taking of testimony of complainants' witnesses and take testimony as to the person who gave publication to these letters, cables, and telegrams."

Mr. Wollman, associate counsel with Samuel Untermyer, replied: "If there is to be any insinuation that Mr. Untermyer or myself had anything to do with giving publicity to these communications, I here declare that it is absolutely untrue. Mr. Guthrie knows there are many copies of them in existence, and that copies could easily be obtained. I was as much surprised at seeing them published this morning as Mr. Guthrie could have been."

"I hope so, for the good name of the bar," exclaimed Mr. Guthrie.

"You have done much in this case against the good name of the bar, Mr. Guthrie," replied Mr. Wollman. "Your course has been reprehensible. I do not know, nor do I care what the law is, but the persons who gave these communications to the press ought to be punished. I do not object to Mr. Guthrie's insinuation when Mr. Guthrie knows, as he does, how easy it is to get these copies."

John W. Gates and Arthur W. Singer, both of the firm of Harris, Gates & Co., were to have testified at today's hearing before Special Examiner Oliphant, but the hearing was postponed until 11 o'clock tomorrow owing to the illness of Samuel Untermyer.

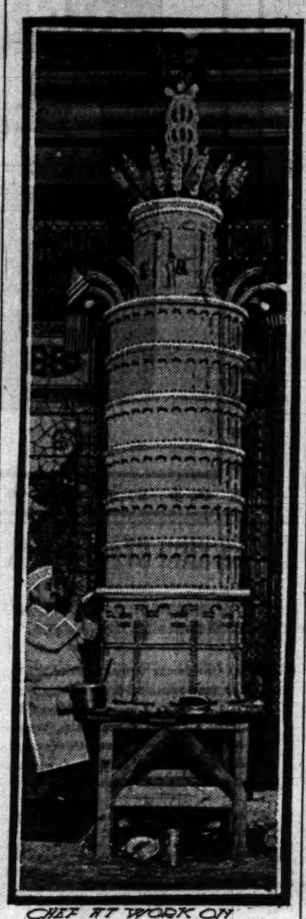
New Route to Havana, Cuba, Via St. Louis and Mobile.

The Chicago and Alton railway, in connection with the Mobile and Ohio railroad and Munson Steamship line, has established a new first class passenger route to Havana, Cuba. Elaborate descriptive advertising matter in course of preparation. For particulars call on or address Robt. Somerville, G. A. P. D., C. & A. Ry., 101 Adams street, Chicago.

SALVATION ARMY TURKEYS AND CHRISTMAS TREE SEEN JUST BEFORE HOLIDAY.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

SALVATION ARMY TODAYS STUFFED FOR CHRISTMAS



CHEF AT WORK ON TOWER OF PISA IN CONFECTIONS

The leaning tower of Pisa has been reproduced in sugar by Benjamin Mogni, head pastry cook in a downtown hotel. It is said to be the largest piece of confectionery ever made in this country, three barrels of sugar having been used in its construction. It is twelve feet in height, exclusive of its pedestal. The tower is decorated with American flags and illuminated by varicolored incandescent lights. Mr. Mogni, who is a native of Milan, Italy, devoted his spare time for four months to the task.

IRWIN WOLFF, 186 CENTER ST., BOUGHT HIS OWN CHRISTMAS TREE

CRAIG "BELLE" OF BALL.

CHEERED BY NOISY THRONG AT THE FIRST WARD DANCE.

Ald. Coughlin, Who Leads the Grand March of 2,000 Revelers at the Democratic Dance in the Coliseum, Is Annoyed by the Homage Paid the Dethroned Ball Bond King—Midnight Law Is Ignored—Graft Victims Scatter Money.

"Good boy, Andy; stick, stick, stick."

The acclaim from a thousand throats greeted "Andy" Craig, the dethroned bail bond king, who, fifth in line in the grand march of the First Ward Democratic club, bowed graciously to his admirers and announced audibly that he was a "sticker."

Ald. John Coughlin, who led the 2,000 marchers on the floor of the Coliseum last night, appeared annoyed at the attention bestowed on his lieutenant, but declared proudly as he brushed the perspiration from beneath his gray pompadour that there was "nothin' to it now, not even the shoutin'."

More than 15,000 persons crowded the floors and galleries of the Coliseum during the night and morning in the annual event that fills the coffers of the First ward democratic organization. Politicians, prize fighters, thieves, saloonkeepers, curious spectators, and the motley gathering that makes the now famous or infamous dance shouldered each other about and danced, drank wine, or started the usual "disturbances" that required the prompt attention of the scores of policemen and detectives assigned to the ball.

Closing Law Is Ignored.

In the annex, which had been converted into a beer garden, more than 1,000 persons sat until almost daylight this morning and kept scores of waiters active serving the drinks sold in open violation of city ordinances. Policemen in uniform sat about the tables and gulped down wine paid for by the scores of "live ones" seeking the favoring glances of the sponsors of the ball, who moved about tallying the names of "those present."

The affair was a "success" from every standpoint of its promoters. No serious trouble disturged the attendants in the early hours, the many policemen promptly and vigorously subduing the refractory spirits. Champagne was served by the case and nonchalantly paid for by persons hitherto unsuspected of the prodigal spirit displayed. An explanation was offered by hilarious drinkers, who declared that "Andy and the bunch have got to show the Bathhouse that they're right guys."

Mont Tennes, whose saloon licenses were revoked after personal investigation of the mayor, is said to have given his lieutenant $2,500 to spend at the ball, and large sums were expended by other victims of the "graft committee."

Grand March Is a Wonder.

The grand march was started shortly after midnight and marvelous evolutions were exhibited by Ald. Coughlin, who traversed the floor, walking backward about thirty times. With uplifted hands he directed the movements of the 2,000 marchers, who were led in divisions by "First Search" McNally and Leon Weil.

Following the leaders were many of the men whose names have become prominent during the recent investigations of the aldermanic committee.

Craig, Justice Caverly, Vernon Johns, "Sam" Arrends, "Ike" Bloom, and George Silver bowed repeatedly to the shouts of enthusiasm that greeted their passing. Among other notables were seen "Sig" Hart, Jack Curley, and "Abe" Ahrens, pugilistic promoters; "Abe" Attel, "Tom" Hanton, Stephen A. Douglas, and "Chicken" Sullivan, D. J. Egan of the public library board, and "Ike" Rodrik, police court clerk, and hundreds of women whose names and faces have grown familiar to the police paced about the floor until the wearied spectators joined with the marchers in entreating "Bathhouse" to "cut it out."

From the boxes the democratic members with few exceptions joined in applauding the maneuvers of their colleague. Mayor Harrison was absent, being represented by City Sealer Quinn, from whose box frequent vociferous announcements of the intention to "stick" emanated.

On the back of the gaudy program were the words: "Hail the nominee. Stick, stick, stick!" The explanation of the rallying cry was volunteered by Ald. Coughlin.

"These reform guys," said he, "are after me, but look at that," pointing proudly to the multitude. "Nothin' to it, absolutely nothin'."

TURKEYS COME TO MARKET MUCH FASTER THAN TAKEN.

Heavy Drop in Prices Predicted if Supply in South Water Street Is Increased at the Present Rate.

WEATHER UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

Generally fair today and tomorrow; brisk northwest winds, shifting to southwest tomorrow; probably fair on Friday.

In South Water street, where the Christmas turkeys come to spend a few hours before they go into the ovens, there was wonder and speculation yesterday.

"If this heavy shipment of turkeys keeps up for a day and a half, I don't know where the price will drop," said one of the commission men. "It undoubtedly is the high prices that have brought them in. They are too soon for Christmas, unless they go into cold storage, and many don't believe they want cold storage turkeys for Christmas. If the receipts keep up the price will go down from 18 cents to anywhere. If the receipts stop the price will rise."

Large Demand for Decorations.

Evergreens and similar decorations are being used more this year than ever before, declare dealers in Christmas greens.

"The users of such articles are becoming more discriminating," said Arnold Ringler of W. W. Barnard & Co., "and the finer grades of both raw material and finished work find a more ready sale than ever before.

"There is a good demand for Delaware holly, which is in excellent condition and much superior to the Tennessee article, the difference being more marked than usual. The market for mistletoe is overstocked with goods of fair quality, and the prices are nearly the same as those of last year.

"The demand for evergreen trees and for evergreen moss is heavy, and the supply of evergreen is less than usual, making the price for the best grades at least 50 per cent higher."

Dinners for the Poor.

The Salvation army and the Volunteers of America have almost completed plans for the dinners they will give away Christmas day. The Salvation army will donate 2,000 baskets filled with provisions, sufficient for a family of five persons. The baskets will contain a chicken, a loaf of bread, a package of crackers, a package of oatmeal, a can of canned goods, half a pound of coffee, a pound of beans, a quart of potatoes, a pound of candy, a pound of sugar, a package of washing powder, a cake of soap, a Christmas War Cry, and a picture of the consul.

The Volunteers will serve dinner to 10,000 persons at the Coliseum on Sunday, in order that the organization may not conflict with other charities Christmas day.

Is Arrested for Shoplifting.

A well dressed woman who gave the name of Mrs. Anna Smith was arrested yesterday afternoon after, it is said, she had taken some silk mufflers from a counter in the store of Carsen, Pirie, Scott & Co. She was taken to the office and searched, and it is alleged the articles were found hidden beneath her clothing. She was later taken to the Harrison street annex and will be given a hearing in the Harrison street police court this morning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

SMALL BLAZE: TENANTS FLEE.

Fire Causes Alarm in the Fricke Apartment Building in Kenmore Avenue —No One Injured.

A small panic was caused among the occupants of the Fricke apartment building, 1537-1539 Kenmore avenue, last night, when a fire was discovered in the flat of Oscar J. Nelson, on the first floor. The smoke filled the hallways and caused a rush for the exits.

Another fire which caused some excitement was discovered in the basement of a two story frame building at 631 Racine avenue. Mrs. Barbara Wolf and her three children were forced to abandon their supper table and hurry into the street.

CHOSEN FOR BEAUTY CONTEST.

Miss Caroline G. Smith, Calumet High School Graduate, to Compete at Madison Square Garden.

Miss Caroline G. Smith, a graduate of the Calumet High school, will be the representative of Chicago and the west in the physical beauty contest to be held next week in Madison Square garden, New York. From 250 applicants Miss Smith was selected as the possessor of a figure most nearly approaching the ideal. She is 23 years old and lives at 9030 Malta avenue, Walden, and says her development is due to basketball.

The judges gave the following measurements of Miss Smith:

	Inches.		Inches.
Chest, normal	31	Hips	34½
Chest, contracted	28½	Ankle	8
Chest, expanded	35	Forearm	8½
Bust	34½	Wrist	5½
Waist	24½	Biceps, normal	10
Thigh	22	Biceps, flexed	11
Calf	13		

ROBBERS TRY FOR $2,500.

MASKED MEN RAID OFFICE OF DU FRAIN EXPRESS COMPANY.

Hold Up Manager and Force Him to Open Inner Door—Secure $70, but Demand Money to Be Used for Paying Employes—Funds Usually Distributed at 8 O'Clock to Be Paid a Day Later — Disappointed Thieves Threaten to Kill.

Two holdup men, each carrying two revolvers, robbed Boswell Du Frain last night in the office of the Du Frain Express company, 186 East Twenty-third street, and escaped with $70. They had planned to secure $2,500 used to pay the employés.

The robbers entered the office shortly after 7 o'clock. Both wore black cloth masks. As Manager Du Frain looked up from his ledger one of the men shut the outer door and braced it with his foot.

"Just one sound from you and I'll turn them both loose," said the other, holding his revolvers. "Step out through that door, lively, where we can handle you easier."

The manager opened the inner office door. He was searched and $40 and a watch and chain were taken from his pockets. The thief then made a hurried search of the office.

"Where is the coin you were going to pay off with?" he demanded of Du Frain.

The manager explained that the usual pay time, which would have been yesterday, had been postponed until this evening, to allow the employés more money for the holiday season.

The robber threatened to kill him if the money was not produced at once. Mr. Du Frain went behind the desk and threw open the door of a small safe. It was empty.

The robber still threatened, but his companion ordered him to desist. Both then ran to the street and quickly disappeared.

Accused of Robbing Customer.

Accused of robbing a customer in his saloon, Thomas Connell was arrested in the evening on complaint of Charles C. Peterson, Canal and Madison streets. Peterson says he came to Chicago Monday night and went into the saloon at 126 Milwaukee avenue. He declares Connell and two other men seized him and took $39 from his pockets.

Acquitted and Rearrested.

Acquitted by a jury in the Criminal court two days ago on a charge of attempted burglary, James Lennahan was again arrested in the evening. He is said to have stolen a case of eggs from a wagon at Michigan and Orleans streets. The arrest was not made until the Chicago avenue policemen had pursued Lennahan for several blocks.

ASK MORE PAY IN WEST PARKS.

Superintendents Want Increase of $500 Each and a Commissioner Says They Will Get It.

Requests that an increase of $500 a year be made in the salaries of department heads were presented to the west park board yesterday at its meeting. The requests were referred to the members of the financial committee, some of whom said it is probable they will be granted. The following officials desire an increase: James Perry, superintendent of Garfied park; C. J. Righelmer, superintendent of stables; J. E. Schwantes, superintendent of Douglas park; Ernest Wahl, superintendent of Humboldt park; Frederick Wilman, chief engineer; J. F. MacLaughlin, chief electrician.

Aged Saloonkeeper Is Beaten.

Jacob Schimefneg was attacked by a man in his saloon at Twenty-third street and Armour avenue late yesterday afternoon. He was found unconscious some time later by a customer. The police of the Twenty-second street station were notified and search was made for a man supposed to be James Valentine, who is said to have applied to the aged saloonkeeper for a position earlier in the day. Schimefneg is said to severely injured. He is 64 years old.

CHRISTMAS A BANE TO HIM

GERMAN WAR VETERAN PREFERS DEATH TO DAY OF GLADNESS.

Unable to Buy Gifts for His Two Daughters, Frank Kanzler Shoots Himself at Residence, 839 West Forty-seventh Place, and Lies Near Death at Englewood Union Hospital —Physical Disability Prevented Him from Obtaining Steady Work.

Christmas brings no joy to a man out of work.

So thought Frank Kanzler, 839 West Forty-seventh place. Now he is at the Englewood Union hospital suffering from a self-inflicted bullet wound over the right temple and probably will die.

He had been a butcher at the Union stockyards, but was unable to obtain steady employment because of an injury which incapacitated him.

His daughters, Mary and Lizzie, are telephone operators. At the breakfast table his wife discussed with him the subject of Christmas presents.

"It isn't as if I was working, Mary," he said. "This year's Christmas makes me feel like ending it all."

"Mary, I want you to promise me something," he continued. His wife nodded acquiescence.

"You know the gold and silver cross I won when I was in the army," he said, "well, I want you to brighten it up and pin it on my breast when I am gone."

The cross referred to was one bestowed upon Kanzler for his services in the Franco-Prussian war.

Shortly afterward Kanzler made some excuse and left the room. Then a pistol shot was heard and he was found unconscious.

RECTOR UP IN MANITOWOC GIVEN INTENSIFIED SHOCK.

Members of Truculent Choir, Barred from the Jokes They Admire, Go and Strike, Which Is Dire.

Manitowoc, Wis., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—
For weeks in swell St. James' church
The choir has been observed to perch
Itself when service had begun,
And chuckle with unseemly fun.

The rector could not understand
These antics of the choral band,
He knew that in no word he spoke
Was there concealed the slightest joke.

At last he looked into the case,
And found that first and second bass,
And tenor and soprano, too,
As well as alto, anthems through,
Complacently, on pleasure bent,
Would read some comic supplement.

He found that while he tried to preach
The choir suppressed a chuckling screech
When some page in gay colors showed
Just why the chicken crossed the road.

And so he argued with the choir,
And told the singers to aspire
To higher things; that it was best
For them to cut out every jest.

And then the choir displayed its pluck;
It in a solid body struck.
The members said: "You horrid thing!
Our platform is: No joks, no sing!"
And still this town is full of folk
Who say they cannot see the joke.

NEARLY $3,000,000 FOR UNIVERSITY.

President Harper Announces Many Recent Gifts at Quarterly Convocation.

$1,850,000 FROM FOUNDER.

Ceremonies Held in Mandel Hall and New Buildings Are Formally Dedicated.

Announcement of gifts to the University of Chicago aggregating almost $3,000,000 made the forty-ninth quarterly convocation last night memorable in the history of the university. Of these large gifts, announced for the first time in President Harper's quarterly statement, $1,850,000 was given by John D. Rockefeller. Of this amount $1,800,000 is in the form of real estate, improved and unimproved, being the land recently purchased on the south side of the Midway by agents of the oil magnate. The deeds to this land have been transferred to the university.

The remainder of Mr. Rockefeller's gift, $350,000, is in the form of cash contributions for various purposes. Besides these gifts from the patron of the university President Harper announced that since the June convocation gifts have been made by various donors, "for special purposes not to be announced," aggregating $1,000,606. Nine minor gifts of amounts ranging from $100 to $2,900, were acknowledged.

Recent Gifts to University.

A table of the various contributions follows:

John D. Rockefeller, real estate	$1,800,000
John D. Rockefeller, for current expenses	245,000
John D. Rockefeller, Power plant and improvements	55,000
John D. Rockefeller, oriental exploration	50,000
Gifts for "purposes not announced," donors not announced	1,096,466
From friends for scholarships and fellowships	2,904
"A friend," for decennial publications	2,500
"A friend," for equipment	1,500
Miscellaneous gifts	1,005
Charles R. Crane, publication of Russian manual	1,000
From friends for astronomical investigation	900
Judge Julian Mack, nucleus for loan fund	250
German play, for German books	205
Mrs. H. M. Wilmarth, for Reynolds clubhouse	100
Total	$2,956,830

In addition to the gifts of money and real estate, President Harper acknowledged many contributions of books, antiquities, and scientific specimens.

Convocation in Mandel Hall.

The convocation was the first to be held in the new Mandel hall, and was made the occasion of the formal dedication of the new tower group of buildings. Addresses were made by the same professors who laid the corner stones of the buildings in 1901, Prof. A. W. Small dedicating Hutchinson hall, Prof. R. G. Moulton the Mitchell tower, Prof. George E. Vincent the Reynolds clubhouse, and Prof. H. P. Judson the Mandel assembly hall. An inspection of the new buildings followed the convocation exercises.

The convocation was marked by a formal emphasis of friendly relations between the University of Chicago and the University of Wisconsin in the conferring on President Charles R. Van Hise of the honorary degree of LL. D. for "masterly work." Dr. Harper said, "on the formations of the pre-Cambrian age and on the alterations of rocks."

President Touches on Athletics.

"The intelligent public," declared Dr. Harper, referring to recent disputes concerning the athletic relations of western universities, "is all too weary of university contentions, in themselves absurd. There are unquestionably higher things to strive for than some of those which we have been compelled in the past to note." To President Van Hise Dr. Harper said: "We will unite with you to bring about certain definite and concrete reforms in matters that pertain to university life."

The question of college athletics President Harper in his report dealt with at some length. He said that the proposition recently made by the university trustees looking toward the abolition of gate receipts at athletic contests had been formally laid before the authorities of Michigan and Wisconsin.

Dr. Harper advocated the abolition of the Thanksgiving day football game, referring to it as "that western survival of New England barbarism—already given up in New England itself." Referring to high school football he spoke of the dangers, physical and mental, to which immature boys are subjected. Of the "rushing" of athletes by rival colleges he said: "Such unseemly and, indeed, injurious competition is degrading to every man and institution that is a party to it."

Still Need $6,000,000 Endowment.

A discordant note amid the general rejoicing over the gifts to the university was struck by President Harper when he referred to the annual deficit in the current expense fund. "Four years ago," said Dr. Harper, "this deficit was $245,000, which sum Mr. Rockefeller contributed. Efforts were made to reduce this deficit by securing larger endowments, $5,000,000 being the sum estimated as needed. Since 1899 Mr. Rockefeller has generously given $3,000,000 for endowment, but the deficit today, instead of being reduced, is again the same as four years ago, $245,000. Six million dollars more endowment is needed to wipe it out." In view of these facts, Presiden. Harper declared that within the last few weeks it had been decided not to expand any of the existing departments, nor to establish new ones, except those for which special provision had been made beforehand. From this it is thought that the proposed enlargement of the medical school will be deferred for a time at least.

Many Degrees Are Conferred.

Ninety-four degrees, titles, and certificates were conferred at the convocation, thirty-two bachelor's degrees being awarded to members of the regular graduating class. Five doctor's degrees were conferred on graduate students. The report that the attendance of the university during the last quarter had fallen was denied by President Harper.

The president took occasion to recall to his hearers Prof. Hermann Eduard von Holst, who is lingering between life and death in Germany. He said: "Twelve years ago at this time we met together in the first university convocation. The old music hall, in which we assembled, is gone, and soon, alas! the orator of that first assembly—Von Holst—will likewise have gone from us. I beg you to hold in heart and mind the man whose words have so frequently inspired us, and whose thoughts, in spite of disease, are so constantly turned toward us."

Address of George W. Ross.

The convocation address was made by George W. Ross, premier of Ontario, who spoke on "The Political Cleavage of North America." Mr. Ross was introduced by James B. Forgan, president of the First National bank. The address was a scholarly review of the historical reasons for the separation of the United States and Canada. In closing Mr. Ross said:

"Now, what is the significance of the various historical events which have entered into my narrative, assuming, of course, that I have stated them correctly? Do they not clearly indicate a tendency toward the segregation of British North America and the United States—a tendency not weaker but stronger in recent years? And what shall I say of the movement recently inaugurated by the Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain to federate the colonies on the basis of imperial protection against the world? It requires no argument to show that the establishment of commercial relations within the empire on the basis of preferential tariffs would greatly strengthen the ties which bind all the colonies, including Canada, to the empire, and remove still farther into the background whatever inducements remain for closer political or commercial relations with the United States."

CRANK AT FUNERAL SEEKS ROOSEVELT

Taken in Charge by Usher at Coudert Obsequies and Scene Is Prevented.

BARS ISLES AS STATES.

Whitelaw Reid, in Address on Expansion, Hits Colonialism and Trusts.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Dec. 22.

While nearly a thousand members of the bar and others were waiting at St. Patrick's cathedral this morning for the arrival of the Coudert funeral party, which had been delayed nearly an hour by the late arrival from the south of Frederic R. Coudert Jr., the dead lawyer's only son, a man with long hair stepped up to Eugene Reilly, the head usher of the cathedral, and demanded that the usher point out President Roosevelt. The usher, in telling of the occurrence afterward, said he spotted the stranger at once as a crank, and realized the best way to avoid a scene would be to deal with the man gently. So he replied:

Crank Seeks Roosevelt at Coudert Funeral.

"My dear man, President Roosevelt is not here."

"Well, he will be," declared the stranger, decisively, "and I'd like to have you show him to me."

Reilly, who was standing near the entrance to the center aisle, gently took hold of the man's arm, and explaining to him that the funeral was a private one and that he was sorry he could not give him a seat, walked with him to the door and saw him to the sidewalk. Then the usher stepped back into the cathedral and told the other ushers to look out for the supposed crank and show him out if he came back. He did not return.

At the annual dinner of the New England society of the City of New York tonight Whitelaw Reid made a speech in which he said: "I venture to predict that the time will come within the lives of many who now hear me when the man who shall propose the incorporation as a state into this government of the United States of America of any island of the sea, the Philippines, the Sandwich islands, or Porto Rico, or Cuba, will be hunted from political life as a public enemy, whether he be animated merely by lingering reminiscences of the filibusters and the slavery propaganda, or whether he represent a sugar trust in Wall street, or a sage brush trust in the United States senate."

Whitelaw Reid Would Bar Isles as States.

With a verdict that sends Frank H. Burness, a self-confessed murderer to the electric chair, a jury before Judge Crane this afternoon ended one of the most sensational murder trials heard in Brooklyn for months. Burness' fourth murder was committed on Nov. 10 last, when he shot Capt. George B. Townsend of the schooner Charles K. Buckley, because the latter would not pay him $6.30, alleged to be due. This and other killings were described by Burness today on the witness stand, and he insisted he did the deed with premeditation.

"Merry Christmas" to Jury That Convicted Him.

Judge Crane said he would sentence Burness on Monday, and he asked the judge if he would be permitted to say something. On being given the privilege he said:

"There may be an idea in the minds of some of the jurors that I hold a grudge against them for having found me guilty. I wish to say that I don't feel in that way in the slightest, and all I can say is I wish them all a merry Christmas."

With its nose crumpled, the Winslow, the famous and history making torpedo boat which engaged the Spanish batteries at Cardenas, retired from the involuntary contest with the clumsy ferryboat America this afternoon, and immediately sought safety at the navy yard, which had been left less than half an hour earlier by the tiny warship under orders to proceed with all speed to Newport.

Famous Torpedo Boat in Collision.

The full extent of the injuries to the torpedo boat are not yet fully known, but it is probable it will have to be rebuilt if not permanently put out of commission.

About seventy-five passengers, mostly women, were on the America. The Winslow struck with its nose under the ferryboat's bow, damaging the America's rudder post and crushing a hole in its hull. So great was the force of the impact that the rear deck of the ferryboat swept almost to the water's edge. When the crash came there was a slight panic among the women passengers.

Society, the stage, and the clergy were represented at the dress rehearsal of "Parsifal" held today at the Metropolitan opera house. The rehearsal was complete in every respect, but the allotment of two roles will not be the same as at the representation to be given Christmas eve. Mme. Ternina did not sing Kundry, but watched her understudy, Marion Weed, from an orchestra chair. Andreas Dippel, who is to alternate as Parsifal with Herr Burgstaller, sang for the sake of having a complete dress rehearsal. Before the acts the "Parsifal" motive was played by the trumpeters in the lobbies. At the close of the first act Mr. Conried served a luncheon in the foyer to his guests.

Full Dress Rehearsal of "Parsifal."

After twenty years of dissension the two bodies of the Ancient Order of Hibernians—the board of America, and the board of Erin—have amalgamated in New York county. It is estimated that 100,000 men and 180,000 women will be affected by the reunion, which was brought about by County President of the Board of America R. J. McNulty and National President of the Board of Erin James Dougherty. Daniel V. Clancy, county corresponding secretary of the board of America, made the announcement.

Hibernians Once More in Harmony.

Directors of the Rock Island have decided to abandon the great $250,000,000 bond issue the announcement of which was made last summer. This decision, which became known today in Wall street, will be publicly announced to the stockholders at an adjourned meeting which is scheduled to be held in Davenport, Ia., Jan. 7 next. The reason of the decision to abandon the big bond scheme is that the directors deem it inadvisable to carry out the funding scheme at the present time, and as the company is not in need of money there is no necessity of its consideration. Conditions have changed in the financial markets since the promulgation of the bond plan.

Rock Island Abandon Big Bond Issue.

J. F. Zimmerman Jr. got word from London today that the lord chamberlain wouldn't permit the acting of "Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall" anywhere in the king's dominions unless certain passages are expurgated. "Dorothy Vernon" is the play in which Bertha Galland is now appearing in a New York theater. It is built upon Charles Major's novel of the same name. The story deals with Queen Elizabeth's pursuit of Mary Queen of Scots, and the supposition is that the passages to which the lord chamberlain objects are some of those appertaining to royalty.

Bars "Dorothy Vernon" Unless Expurgated.

JOHN J. BRENNAN {Still an Alderman, but in Jail. Convicted of Buying Votes.

JOHN J. BRENNAN was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1850. He came to this country with his parents when he was 10 years old, and when he was 17 he got to Chicago. He worked at various employments until he was 25, and then engaged in the saloon business.

In 1880 he opened a saloon in the alley south of the Desplaines street police station, which soon became a sort of political headquarters for the eastern part of what is now the Eighteenth ward. It was the first of what are now known as "police station saloons," and was the resort not only for the commanding officers and their subordinates but the lawyers who "practiced" in the police courts and all the constables who served the writs. Such saloons are now common in Chicago, but Brennan's was the first pattern set for them.

The proprietor added to his income by giving bonds for prisoners. Being an active man, with more mental ability, although uneducated, than most of his neighbors, he soon became the political boss of what was then the Ninth ward. At that time his nickname was "Red" Brennan, on account of the color of his hair and a ruddy complexion, but as his political power grew the nickname was changed to "the Mayor of the West Side," by which he was known for years.

In 1886 Brennan was elected to the city council and he has retained his seat there ever since. At the same time he has been a member of the democratic county committee from his ward, and for eight years was a member of the democratic state committee from his congressional district. He was elected to the council the last time last April, and his term has still over a year to run. At this time his majority was over 5,000, the largest ever cast for any candidate in the ward.

About the time he was first elected to the council Brennan left his police station saloon and started a new one at Desplaines and West Madison streets. This one he has kept ever since. It has been the resort for the minor politicians of the ward, and a place where the alderman's lodging house constituents were always sure of something to drink and generally something to eat.

Brennan has never married. He has during his life in the council made considerable money, but it is doubtful if he has any large amount of it now. He has always been given to stock gambling, and, being a bull, lost considerable in recent declines in prices.

ALD. J. J. BRENNAN IN JAIL

BEGINS THERE SENTENCE OF ONE YEAR TO BRIDEWELL.

Kindness of Old Time Friend, Sheriff Barrett, Keeps Him from House of Correction for Short Time—Appellate Court Refuses Stay of Sentence—Prisoner Not to Resign from Council and Confident of Re-election When Punishment Is Over.

(Continued from first page.)

me through this. My friends told me I'd better get different people, but I thought I knew all right. Looks like they knew more than I did. Maybe the man that was paid to get me through did all that could be done. Maybe he did, but—"

Sees Humor in Situation.

Brennan laughed again, as if there was something which struck him as humorous in the result of these endeavors "to get him out."

"What have these reformers got against me?" he asked. "Haven't I been a good alderman? Haven't I taken care of my ward? Did I ever get a bridewell pardon when the man ought to stay in? Why, I wouldn't go in to the mayor with an application that I couldn't stand for. Haven't I seen that the streets were paved and the people taken care of? It ain't a silk stocking ward, but they're my people, and I've watched their interests and they'll elect me again.

"I got their garbage collected and I got them electric signs. I got them out of the bridewell when they hadn't done anything much but get too much aboard and be noisy. I'll not lose any friends by going through this. They'll stand by me."

Collects His Philosophy.

Brennan had time to collect his philosophy as a comfort in time of distress before he was left to Jailer Whitman's mercies. The jailer had taken some prisoners to Joliet and the sheriff waited at the jail to make arrangements for the alderman's comfort.

"He's going to have as comfortable quarters as there are in the jail," said the sheriff. "He wants some time to settle up some of his business affairs and make arrangements about his saloon. If he gets these arrangements made he will go to the bridewell tomorrow. I expect to have him out of my custody by tomorrow."

Brennan and his companions, in charge of the sheriff, reached the jail about 7 o'clock. When Jailer Whitman returned from Joliet Brennan was given quarters in the debtors' room. The hospital was thought of, but a prisoner dangerously ill with pneumonia was being treated there and the debtors' room offered the most available comfort.

These arrangements having been made, Brennan, McCarle, Kent, and Barrett went out to dinner.

"John would like to get his legs under a table again," said the sheriff.

After this meal the three prisoners were taken back to the jail and began serving their sentence.

More Efforts for Freedom.

Attorney Forrest said that his efforts had not been exhausted to secure the release of the alderman and his two associates.

"The fight has only begun," he said. "He'll not stay in the bridewell if anything can be done to get him out. I was surprised at the action of the court in refusing the application for the supersedeas, and certainly am in the dark as to the reason for it. There are other steps which can be taken, but I do not care to discuss them at present. Under the statute, however, my client will not be taken to the house of correction at once. The statutes provide that the sheriff shall take prisoners to the institution where they have been sentenced by the court within a reasonable time. That has been the practice for some time."

Assistant State's Attorney Barnes, who handled the prosecution, said that the only recourse open to save Brennan, aside from the regular appeal which would be taken before the Appellate court, would be by writ of habeas corpus.

At the bridewell it is not probable that Ald. Brennan will be given any arduous manual labor. Office work has been suggested.

"He might run the elevator," was one suggestion.

May Be Ousted from Council.

A legal ground for action to oust Brennan from the council has been found in the provision which declares the power of the council to declare vacant the seat of an alderman who is "physically unable" to attend the council sessions. In this case Ald. Brennan is said to be "physically unable." The use of this provision, it is said, might be "far fetched," but probably would hold good.

Brennan's Offense.

The offense of which Brennan and the others were convicted was committed at the judicial election last June. Witnesses said they had received 50 cents each to vote under names of various men and that Brennan had been in the booth to mark the ballots for them.

When the defendants were brought before the jury they entered a plea of not guilty. Attorney Forrest offered in evidence the fact that Barrett, a witness for the state, had gone to Louis Frank, a saloonkeeper at Madison and Halsted streets, and had demanded $1,000 and two tickets to south Africa. Forrest, in his argument, declared the entire matter was "a blackmailing scheme."

"It was the result of a desire to secure a reward of $1,000 which had been offered for evidence of election fraud," declared Attorney Forrest in his final appeal to the jury.

ANDREWS OUT OF PRISON.

GOV. BLISS SIGNS PAROLE FOR FORMER BANKER.

Michigan Executive Takes Action Without Knowledge of the Pardon Board and Brings Down Storm of Criticism on His Head—Prosecuting Attorney Hunt Declares Release Is Contempt of Justice—Three Charges Still Pending to Be Pushed.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 22.—Gov. Bliss has signed a parole for Frank C. Andrews, former vice president of the wrecked City Savings bank of Detroit. He was released tonight and arrives home tomorrow. Andrews has been confined in the state prison at Jackson since Nov. 13, 1902. He was convicted of a misappropriation of the funds of the institution.

The bank was closed on Feb. 10, 1902, and the subsequent trial of Andrews, who was at the time of his arrest police commissioner of the city of Detroit, was highly sensational.

Prosecuting Attorney Ormond F. Hunt of Wayne county said tonight that he had not been consulted by the governor in relation to the parole of Andrews. He said there were three other charges pending against Andrews, and that he would begin at once an investigation as to whether Andrews could be placed on trial on these other charges.

Gov. Bliss Is Criticised.

"The people's side of the case was not consulted by the governor at all," said Mr. Hunt. "It seems that if a man can make a steal big enough he can get almost anything. I think that this action of Gov. Bliss will do more to bring the administration of justice in this state into contempt than anything else."

Gov. Bliss said tonight at Lansing that in granting a parole to Frank C. Andrews, the former vice president of the wrecked City Savings bank of Detroit, his action was due to his investigation, which convinced him that if ex-Liberty Andrews could aid materially in ending litigation over the affairs of the bank and in realizing from the assets. Thus he felt that Andrews could be of great service to the depositors.

Depositors Not Yet Paid.

Since the bank failed the savings depositors have received dividends amounting to 35 per cent and the commercial depositors 12½ per cent. Something over $850,000 has been paid out by the receivers.

The governor acted independently of the pardon board, which never took any action in the case. It was based on petitions signed by more than 1,000 depositors of the bank and personal letters from about 200 prominent citizens of Detroit and other parts of the state.

SUSPECT 14 YEAR OLD BOY OF MURDERING HIS PLAYMATES.

Goes Out on Ice with Friends and Returns Alone—Declares They Fell in an Air Hole.

Keokuk, Ia., Dec. 22.—Arthur Humphrey, a 14 year old boy, may be held for the murder of Paul and William Stice. The three boys were playmates, but during a recent quarrel Humphrey threatened to kill William Stice. He tried several times Monday to entice him on the ice, but Stice's mother prevented his going.

The two Stice boys and Humphrey disappeared Monday afternoon. Humphrey returned in the evening, but nothing more has been seen of the other two. Humphrey was arrested at noon and cross examined.

He confessed that the boys are drowned. He says they crossed the river late in the afternoon; that he struck William and knocked him down and chased him to strike him again; that the boy ran into an airhole; that the younger brother attempted to rescue him, and the two sank together. Humphrey's mother is dead and his father is serving a twenty year term in the penitentiary.

CARNEGIE FOUNDS RELIEF FUND

Sets Apart $4,000,000, the Interest on Which Is to Be Applied for Benefit of Workmen.

Newcastle, Pa., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—It has just been announced in the local offices of the Carnegie Steel company that Andrew Carnegie has set apart $4,000,000, the interest upon which is to form a perpetual fund to relieve workmen injured in the Carnegie plants and to aid the heirs of those killed while at work. Married men when injured will receive $1 daily while idle and single men will get 75 cents, while children under 16 will receive 10 cents daily. In case an employé is killed while at work $500 is to be given his family, while $100 will go to the family for any child under 16 who meets death while at work.

OBITUARY.

GEORGE W. BENSON, San Francisco, Cal., formerly a resident of Chicago, died in San Francisco on Dec. 14. Mr. Benson claimed Chicago as his home for many years, having been associated with several business enterprises here. His health began to fail some time ago, and he decided to move to California, where he had an extensive olive ranch near the town of Chico. He left a daughter, Mrs. Charles T. Dally, 4117 Berkeley avenue, this city, who was with him in San Francisco during his last illness.

MRS. T. J. CUMMINS, Des Moines, Ia., mother of Gov. Albert J. Cummins, died yesterday of pneumonia. The governor was at her bedside when she passed away, having hurried home from Boston. Mrs. Cummins was 77 years of age and was born in Green county, Pa.

Time Enough.

If you have not bought your Christmas Diamond, there is still time enough to buy one on our easy payment terms. Come today. Loftis Bros., 92 State-st., second floor.

HANECY OFFERED PLACE ON BENCH.

Can Have the Superior Court Judgeship Made Vacant by Hutchinson's Death.

PLAN TO AID STRONG.

Gov. Yates' Aim to Give His Friend Chance to Be Delegate to Convention.

Believing that it would help his friends in Chicago and possibly result in sending some of them as delegates to the state convention, Gov. Yates has offered former Judge Elbridge Hanecy the vacant Superior judgeship.

Since the death of Judge Jonas Hutchinson last week there has been much speculation as to whether the governor would appoint a republican or democrat to fill the vacancy thus caused. A number of candidates, through the intervention of friends and supporters, have sought the honor. Several of the local republican leaders took the ground that, as Judge Hutchinson was a democrat, it would be good politics for the governor to appoint a democrat to fill the unexpired term. The democrats expected it, but yesterday he offered the place to Hanecy as a Christmas present.

Friends Say He Will Decline.

Whether the former jurist will accept is not known. Beyond an admission that the offer had come to him, he refused last night to say anything about it. Advisers of Mr. Hanecy are authority for the assertion that he will decline. One of them suggested that it would be poor policy for him to do otherwise.

"It was a wise act, politically, on the part of Gov. Yates," he continued, "to offer Hanecy the appointment. Republicans in this city, who happen to be admirers of the former judge, will not only have a kindlier feeling toward Yates but may do something for him in the campaign. Its real purpose, however, is to give the governor's fidus Achates, Col. J. H. Strong, a resident of Hanecy's home ward, a chance to be a delegate to the convention."

Governor Apparently in Doubt.

The governor's assurance of Hanecy's acceptance apparently is so small that he has agreed to receive a delegation from the democratic county executive committee at 9 o'clock this morning. It is composed of James J. Gray, E. M. Lahiff, Michael McInerney, and W. E. Dever, and will present the names of Joseph A. O'Donnell, George Mills Rogers, and Thomas Hoyne, provisional candidates for Circuit judges last spring.

The governor, accompanied by his two daughters, arrived in Chicago during the day on a shopping expedition. He did not appear at his headquarters and told members of his campaign committee that politics should not interfere with the trip.

Lorimer Men Are Alarmed.

That the Lorimer politicians are alarmed over the prospects of having to take a back seat in the next county convention became apparent yesterday when some of the congressman's friends rushed to his defense and asserted that he is stronger with the "organization" than ever before. They echoed Mr. Lorimer's statement that "the organization will have full control of the convention and nominate the county ticket," and by this they meant that the Lorimer-Jamieson-Haney-Magerstadt combination expects to dominate the situation.

The eagerness of the Lorimer men to deny the predictions of a party leader that a large majority of the delegates "will get from under the Lorimer influence" was regarded by their opponents as significant.

Congressman Lorimer was expected home last night, but he will not arrive until this morning. It is said he will spend most of the vacation in St. Louis.

CONGRESSMAN HITT IN CHICAGO.

He Is Told That the Opposition in Ogle County Is Disappearing—Going Home for Holidays.

Congressman R. R. Hitt was in Chicago for several hours yesterday en route home to spend the holidays among his constituents. He met a number of them here, and they had a conference with reference to the situation in his district. Apparently the only opposition to his renomination is in Ogle county, where he lives. That, it was said, has practically disappeared. It was reported that some of the supporters of Charles Smith, his opponent, had changed their minds, and are now doing all they can in Mr. Hitt's behalf.

POWERS GETS INJUNCTION NOW.

Burke and His Democracy Officers Are Restrained and an Accounting Is Demanded.

President John Powers of the County Democracy and his followers secured an injunction yesterday in Judge Mack's court against Robert E. Burke and the Burke faction. The writ enjoins them from taking possession of the headquarters and restrains their officers from acting in an official capacity. An accounting is asked for from Mr. Burke and Albert Schoenbeck as to funds received by them as officers of the organization. The bill charges them with conspiring to withhold money belonging to the club.

FAVOR PARKER FOR PRESIDENT.

Tennessee Democrats at Winchester Adopt Resolution Indorsing His Candidacy.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—The first formal action taken by any democratic organization to indorse a candidate for the democratic presidential nomination resulted today at Winchester, Tenn., when the democrats of Franklin county indorsed Judge Alton B. Parker.

OPERATE ON YOUNG JAY GOULD.

Injury Received While Playing Polo Last April Grows Worse and He Submits to Knife.

Lakewood, N. J., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—While playing polo here last April Jay Gould, 15 year old son of George J. Gould, struck his knee with a polo ball. He said nothing to his parents about his injury for fear he would not be allowed to play with the team. Ever since then young Gould has walked with a slight limp. Mrs. Gould finally became alarmed at the boy's condition and summoned the family physician. He found a fracture of the tibia just below the knee cap and a splinter of bone protruding through the skin. An operation was performed today and no complications are feared.

MYSTERY IN WOMAN'S MURDER.

Mrs. Charles W. Graves of East Des Moines, Ia., Is Found Strangled and Burned in Her Home.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles W. Graves of East Des Moines was mysteriously murdered at her home Friday night, an autopsy revealing that she was strangled before being burned. A half filled can of kerosene and a fire gave the first impression that she was a victim of an accident. Her husband had been restrained by the court from entering her home. Winnifred Reader, a daughter of Mrs. Graves, is a member of the Grau Opera company.

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FRIARS SIGN OVER LANDS.

FORMAL TRANSFER TO UNITED STATES IS MADE IN MANILA.

Gov. Taft Conducts Transaction Which Settles Important Issue in the Philippines — Gen. Leonard Wood Returns to Capital from Sulu, Where He Says Natives Are Completely Pacified—Fund Is Voted for Commission to United States.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Dec. 22.—After three days of strenuous discussion between Gov. Taft, Mgr. Guidi, the apostolic delegate, and numerous representatives of various religious orders, lengthy contracts were signed today transferring the friars' lands to the United States.

A Spanish lawyer representing the Augustinians resorted to elaborate quibbling and obstructed the negotiations until Gov. Taft compelled him to cease by asserting the deal must be closed today. Mgr. Guidi handled his part of the negotiations admirably.

Gen. Wood Returns from Sulu.

Gen. Leonard Wood, who has been conducting operations against the Jolo Moros, arrived today from Sulu with the purpose of interviewing Gov. Taft upon the proposition to confine the Moros to reservations. The departure of the governor for the United States, however, will prevent a detailed discussion of the scheme. Gen. Wood wishes the government to construct a railroad to Mindanao, which will tap Lake Lanao. He states that further fighting is not likely. He states that the so-called Moro question is ended.

Fund for Native Commission.

The Philippines commission has appropriated $75,000 for expenses of the honorary board of commissioners composed of fifty prominent educated Filipinos to visit the St. Louis exposition and the principal cities. The commission will remain for three months in the United States.

Archbishop Ireland Pleased.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 22.—Archbishop Ireland received today a cablegram from Mgr. Guidi announcing that the last touch had just been put on the contract between the United States government and the church for the purchase of friar lands and invites the archbishop to rejoice with him on the happy conclusion of the negotiations.

Archbishop Ireland said:

"I want to add to this my expression of great pleasure at the termination of the negotiations. All praise must be awarded to Gov. Taft and Mgr. Guidi, who have labored hard to bring all parties interested in this matter to a final understanding. The disposal of the land, together with the arrival of the American bishops in the islands, puts an end to all political-religious controversies in the Philippines and inaugurates there an era of civil and religious peace.

The administration of President Roosevelt is to be congratulated on present conditions in the islands. Pope Leo and Gov. Taft showed themselves to be of one mind as to the main lines of the policy to be followed.

CHICAGO AGENT UNDER ARREST.

Roy Arnold, Representing Northwestern Fertilizer Company at Salem, Ill., Charged with Embezzlement.

Salem, Ill., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Roy Arnold, representing the Northwestern Fertilizer company of Chicago, is in jail here on a charge of selling $1,500 worth of fertilizer and failing to account for the proceeds. He is charged also with forging notes.

A SMART TAB

THE Cluett TABHURST
QUARTER EACH, QUARTER SIZES
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CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

Open This Evening.

Wise old Santa holds up R-P. clothes as ideal Christmas presents.

To do the handsome thing give him one of our handsome silk-lined overcoats.

You'll enjoy his appreciation—and our markdowns—in some cases as much as 40% off.

A silk-lined swallow-tail or Tuxedo suit—or one of our R.-P. business suits—would make a present worth while.

Elegant swallow-tail suits—absolutely correct—$30, $35, $40 and $50.
Tuxedo coats, alone, $21 and $27—to match your swallow-tail.
Business sack suits—new crop—plenty of cut prices—$12 to $30.

Our "fixings" dept. is a regular Xmas "fire place" for men's needfuls and ornamentals.

High-grade neckwear—warm bath robes—new style shirts, plain and fancy—silk umbrellas—silk mufflers and silk reefers—fine suspenders, many individually boxed—swell hosiery—men's jewelry, etc., etc.

Ante-Xmas assortment—post-Xmas prices.

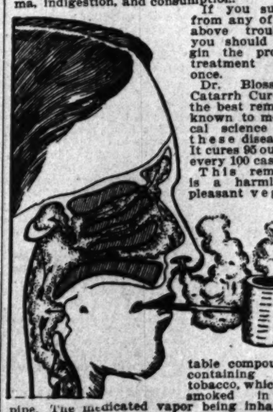
F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts.
We fill orders by mail.

Cure Catarrh at Home.

A Practical Remedy So Simple and Pleasant That Even a Child Can Use It.

A neglected cold lays the foundation for catarrh; neglected catarrh lays the foundation for consumption. Dr. Blosser's Catarrh Cure will break up the cold, or cure the catarrh and prevent consumption.

The symptoms of catarrh are a discharge, which is either blown from the nose or runs back and drops into the throat; a dull headache; a stopped-up feeling in the nose and head; extreme liability to take cold, etc. These conditions often lead to noises in the head, deafness, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, indigestion, and consumption.



If you suffer from any of the above troubles you should begin the proper treatment at once.

Dr. Blosser's Catarrh Cure is the best remedy known to medical science for these diseases. It cures 95 out of every 100 cases.

This remedy is a harmless, pleasant vegetable compound, containing no tobacco, which is smoked in a pipe. The medicated vapor being inhaled, reaches directly the mucous membranes lining the head, nose, throat, and lungs, making a radical and permanent cure.

Samples Mailed Free.

In order to demonstrate its virtues, a three days' trial treatment will be mailed absolutely free to any interested sufferer. The price of the remedy is $1.00 per box (one month's treatment), sent postpaid. Address Dr. Blosser Company, 162 Walton St., Atlanta, Ga.

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82 STATE STREET,
Between Washington and Randolph.

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified ads. must be in this office Friday.

HOPES TO AVOID WAR OVER PANAMA

Administration Exerting Itself to Avert Resort to Arms Against Colombia.

REYES PEACE ADVOCATE.

Doubt About Dispute Being Referred to The Hague—Blow for Gorman's Policy.

[BY RAYMOND.]
WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 22.

Negotiations for the peaceable solution of the Panama difficulty have reached a point where the administration is particularly anxious to avoid any possible clash between the Colombian troops and the armed forces of the United States. Gen. Reyes, the Colombian special plenipotentiary, is personally convinced, so other diplomats say, that Panama is lost to his country forever, and his duty is to make the best terms possible to limit the territory of the new republic, and particularly to secure a large cash advance from the republic of Panama out of its bonus from the United States direct.

Seeks to Avoid War with Colombia.

The situation is such, Gen. Reyes has cabled his home government, that they have everything to lose and nothing to gain from a ridiculous show of force. He has been told on pretty good authority, first, that the republic of Panama undoubtedly will make an equitable contribution toward the payment of the bonded debt of Colombia, and, second, that the temper of the American people is such as to induce them to contribute many millions of dollars without hesitation to secure a peaceable adjustment of the threatening condition of affairs on the isthmus. So long as there is no armed clash Colombia stands an excellent chance of securing these millions as an indemnity for the loss of territory, but the minute there is a fight its chance of indemnity will disappear, and this fact Gen. Reyes has communicated to the home government. He still declares that no step on the part of Colombia in the direction of armed resistance against the independence of Panama will be taken until his own negotiations have been officially terminated.

Colombia Must Make Best Terms Possible.

Gen. Reyes has been informed by nearly all the diplomats here that the only sensible course for him and for his country to pursue is to make the best terms possible in the way of a money indemnity. He has appealed to most of the foreign diplomats, who have given it as their opinion that the United States would never consent to refer such a dispute to The Hague court of arbitration, because the recognition of the independence of any country is an act of a sovereign power, and the country making it is always prepared to take the consequences of that action.

It has been pointed out to the Colombian envoy, furthermore, that the republic of Panama has been recognized by nearly all the civilized nations of the world, including some of the strongest countries in Central and South America, so that the recognition of independence by the United States cannot be construed as an act of war unless Colombia wants to fight pretty much the whole world.

Meanwhile the administration finds itself involved in a series of complications growing out of the boundary and diplomatic questions. Under the old treaty the United States was bound to preserve the neutrality of the isthmus. The president and the secretary of the navy have taken the ground that they would prevent any hostile landing by an armed force of the United States. They are at a loss whether or not to consider the landing of 100 Colombians on the Isle of Pines as a hostile movement. The number reported in the consul's dispatches is so small the administration is inclined to ignore their existence, at least until an attempt is made to take some hostile step to the mainland. The navy department has received no advices on the alleged landing on the island, and there is a possibility that the consul merely telegraphed a current rumor which could not readily be verified. The island is only a short distance from the mainland and the little body of Colombian troops could easily be prevented by boats from the warships from reaching the mainland, and thus be made practical prisoners on the Isle of Pines.

May Ignore Isle of Pines Incident.

To complicate matters it has been found there is serious doubt as to the actual boundary of the new republic of Panama. There is also a doubt as to whether the United States can take any notice of anything happening a considerable distance from the line of the canal. The neutrality of the railroad is the only thing the treaty requires this country to protect at the present time, and some of the best lawyers in the administration say the landing of an insignificant body of troops at a point so distant from Colon as the Isle of Pines would not under ordinary usages be considered justification for the use of force in removing the intruders. Gen. Reyes already has protested to the state department his entire ignorance of any such movement, and his belief, if it has occurred at all, that it has been unauthorized, and therefore is probably an unimportant step taken by some isolated military commander.

Doubt as to Actual Boundary.

To determine the exact duties of the United States to limit the territory over which it will assume to enforce neutrality and to determine a number of other embarrassing legal questions, a conference will be held between President Roosevelt, the secretary of state, the attorney general, and the secretary of war, the latter being called in because of his reputation as an eminent constitutional and international lawyer. This conference will be expected to settle the purely legal side of the question, and the military policy on land and sea will follow the lines laid down by the legal advisers of the president.

Senator Gorman's partisan plans to defeat the Panama canal treaty have received a severe blow as a result of the action of the Louisiana legislature in instructing the senators from that state to vote for the treaty substantially as it stands. Under the caucus rules this releases the two Louisiana men from any possible binding effect of the two-thirds vote in the caucus against the treaty. The senators are not obliged to follow the instructions of the legislature of their state, but it is customary to do so. The two Louisiana men are in favor of the treaty, anyway, and so, of course, they will obey the legislature.

Blow for Gorman from Louisiana.

There are from six to ten democratic senators who will assume their constituencies have instructed them to vote for the treaty, who will assert that they pledged themselves long ago to vote for any treaty which would permit the United States to own and fortify the Isthmian canal either in the state of Panama or across Nicaragua. The danger to the treaty is not on a straight vote on the fact that any considerable number of democrats can and may prevent a vote almost as long as they wish. Delay is to be the principal thing in Mr. Gorman's hand because he knows and every one else knows, including the president and secretary of state, until the treaty has been ratified this country can only repel an invasion of the isthmus, and can do nothing at all to fortify the line of the canal. Mr. Gorman is an unscrupulous schemer and is quite willing for the sake of securing a partisan advantage to involve the country in a war with Colombia. The whole purpose of his plan of delay, as is well understood, is to furnish an opportunity for the spilling of blood on the isthmus so as to lay the blame upon President Roosevelt.

"There will be no opposition in the republican party to the nomination of President Roosevelt," said Senator Hopkins before he left for Chicago. "He will be nominated by acclamation and will be elected by a large majority. It will not be necessary for President Roosevelt to carry New York, as he can be elected without the electoral vote of that state. Notwithstanding the claims of the democratic party, President Roosevelt will secure a large majority in the Empire state, as that party has nothing whatever to offer the country. Its representatives have seen fit to criticise the president harshly and they are attempting to show he will not carry his own state; that the wages of laborers in the United States are being reduced, and they are doing many other things which they believe will impair his chances of succeeding himself.

Hopkins Says President Will Win.

"They are now attacking his Panama policy and are endeavoring to make it appear that he is responsible in a way for the birth of the republic of Panama. This is not true, as shown by the official correspondence submitted to congress. If the democrats desire to make the Panama situation an issue in the next campaign we will be delighted to meet them on this ground. The people of the United States are in favor of the construction of a canal joining the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. It has been demonstrated by every engineer of prominence who has inquired into the matter that the Panama route is the most feasible and is the cheapest one from a financial standpoint. We have been able to make terms much more reasonable in character than was anticipated. If the democrats decide to make this question an issue in the campaign—and from all appearances they intend to do so—the people will disapprove their course as they did in their attack on the government's Philippine policy. In this instance, however, the protest will be more pronounced.

Willing to Meet Them on Panama Issue.

"Our democratic brethren are attempting to show there has been a general decrease in wages throughout the country. This is not true, and I do not anticipate will be true. It cannot be denied that in a few instances wages have been decreased, but that is due entirely to local causes, and in six months wages will be increased in factories in which reductions have been made.

"Great stress is laid upon the fact by the democratic party that the cost of living has increased. This is undoubtedly true, but at the same time it is true that laborers and artisans of the country are employed at better wages than they received at any time during our history. Our people are better able to pay the increased cost of living while receiving good wages than they were to pay low prices for the necessities of life which prevailed during the Cleveland administration, when they were receiving low wages and the great armies of unemployed were marching about the country vainly seeking for jobs which paid sufficient wages to enable them to fill empty stomachs. The people of this country have not forgotten the awful experiences during the panic of 1893 and the hard times which prevailed during the democratic administration. I do not believe they are ready to permit the democrats to try another experiment, as they know what the principles of the republican party are, and are willing to stand by it, especially as it means prosperity, contentment, and happiness for the great mass of our people."

Denies General Cut in Wages.

Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, Lady Durand, and Miss Durand, were guests of honor at a dinner given tonight by Count Cassini, Russian ambassador, and Countess Cassini. Lady Durand and daughter arrived here yesterday in company with the ambassador, who went to New York to meet them upon their arrival from England. Other guests were German Ambassador and Baroness Von Sternburg, Gen. Isaac Khan, Persian minister, Mr. Grip, minister from Norway and Sweden; Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Loomis, Mrs. Audenreid, Mrs. Postlethwaite, Miss Louise Van Dyke Jones, Miss Patten, Mr. Raikes of the British embassy, Mr. Hansen of the Russian embassy, and Baron Hernbury.

British Envoy Guest of Honor.

Sir Henry and Lady Durand find themselves in quite a predicament with but little furniture in the embassy since Lady Herbert removed the effects belonging to her. This fact will debar them from any entertainment immediately, but they will receive the embassy staff at a genuine old English Christmas dinner, and, in all probability, will give a reception to the diplomatic corps before the new year. Lady Durand is not an invalid, as pictured in some papers, and will take an active part socially as soon as the embassy is settled. She is recovering from the fatigue of too long a stay in a hot climate, making her less rugged than the average Englishwoman.

OWNERS OF FLYER GOING HOME.

Returning to Ohio After Their Successful Experiments in North Carolina —To Make New Test.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Orville and Wilbur Wright, the inventors of the dirigible flying machine, passed through here tonight going to Dayton, O. They assert they made seven successful trials of their flyer at Kitty Hawk, N. C., three weeks ago, and that they will give a public exhibition at home. The Wrights are confident of the success of their invention, and declare the trial demonstrated the practicability of the aeroplane idea.

ENDS KISHENEFF INDICTMENTS.

During Trial of Rioters for Massacre of Jews Court Quashes Writs Charging Collusion.

KISHENEFF, Bessarabia, Dec. 22.—During the trial today of the rioters who participated in the massacre of the Jews here last April the court quashed the indictments which charged the accused with collusion prior to the disturbances.

Scandinavians on Christmas Visit.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 22.—The steamer United States, from New York Dec. 9, arrived here today with 850 Scandinavians on board. They are to spend Christmas with relatives.

EXCURSION RATES

Via Pennsylvania Lines for Christmas and New Year's Holidays.

One and one-third fare for the round trip between all points on Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburg. Tickets on sale Dec. 24, 25, and 31, 1903, and Jan. 1, 1904. Return limit Jan. 4, 1904.

Particulars at Pennsylvania Lines ticket offices. Telephone Harrison 3660.

C. L. Kimball, Asst. G. P. A.

WHERE COREA AND MANCHURIA MEET.

Miss Seidmore's letter today is from Dalny, the Manchurian town a short distance above Port Arthur and just across the bay from Corea. The Russianizing of the one time Manchurian city is told.

REYES IS QUESTIONED.

MINISTER RICO CABLES FROM BOGOTA FOR SOME INFORMATION.

Seeks Light on Policy of United States in Regard to Panama—Money and Soldiers Said to Be Plentiful in Colombian Capital—Minister Beaupre Now on His Way Home—Rear Admiral Walker Is Enthusiastic Over Canal.

BOGOTA, Saturday, Dec. 19.—[Delayed.]—Dr. Luis Carlos Rico, minister of foreign affairs, has cabled Gen. Reyes at Washington under date of Dec. 16 as follows:

"If the explanation which the United States government has given to the press is of a diplomatic character, answer clearing the following points:

"By the treaty of 1846 the United States did not acquire control over interoceanic transit but entered into obligations by which, for compensatory favors, it guaranteed the neutrality, property, and sovereignty of the isthmus, the sovereignty being indivisible.

"If the United States government prevents the government of Colombia from subduing the rebels then it ought to submit them to Colombian authority.

Never Protected Colombia.

"The United States has never protected Colombia against foreign invasions. Whenever that government has interfered to prevent the interruption of traffic it has been because of the rights granted or at Colombia's request. Only in this instance has it interfered, on its own initiative, with the evident object of protecting the secessionists on the isthmus.

"If the guarantee of nuetrality were to be looked upon as a privilege, it would prevent the sovereign government from keeping order on the isthmus, which is against the principles of all governments.

"The protocols of 1897 did not grant any new rights to the United States, much less the right of dominating this territory.

"The Hay-Herran canal treaty did not modify the obligations which the United States contracted by the treaty of 1846 to guarantee the neutrality, sovereignty, and property of the isthmus. When this treaty was disapproved no new propositions were made.

Secession Was Encouraged.

"The orders given by the United States government to its navy helped to favor the secession movement, and Colombia was at peace when this movement was begun.

"The conduct of the Washington executive has been and now is favorable in every way to the rebellion, but not to the maintenance of order, which is contrary to the principles and antecedents of the United States government and to the policy established by it during the American war of secession.

"RICO, Minister."

Money and Men Offered Colombia.

Patriotic meetings are being held every evening, at which contingents of men and sums of money are offered to the government. Even the women demand to be enlisted for the purpose of going to Panama to subdue the separatists.

The government only awaits news from Gen. Reyes, and if that news is to the effect that nothing can be accomplished by diplomatic means then the authorities will continue to send troops toward the isthmus.

Beaupre Quits Bogota.

United States Minister Beaupre left here today for Cartagena.

No Troops on Island of Pines.

COLON, Dec. 22.—The United States converted cruiser Mayflower came in today from the Gulf of Darien and the Island of Pines, and reports that no Colombian troops have been landed there.

At Titumati the Mayflower saw a number of Colombian soldiers on the beach.

The Mayflower passed close to the Colombian cruiser Gen. Pinzon, going toward Titumati. The Gen. Pinzon had about 350 Colombian soldiers aboard.

Minister Reaches Panama.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PANAMA, Dec. 22.—William I. Buchanan, the United States minister to the republic of Panama, arrived here today.

Walker Returns from Canal.

New York, Dec. 22.—Rear Admiral John G. Walker, United States representative on the isthmian canal commission, arrived here today from Colon on the steamer Seguranca. He left at once for Washington. He said:

"I arrived in Panama on Nov. 15, and have been kept pretty busy. I went over the canal route and inspected the properties of the company and found them in good condition. As to conditions in Panama, I was much pleased with what I saw. Everything is quiet there now, and the people are happy. Business is going on in confidence and the conditions in the commercial world down there are excellent. The people are united and of only one voice."

ANOTHER BIG LINER IS ASHORE.

Owing to Fog Observers Are Unable to Ascertain Name of Vessel Aground Near the Finland.

ANTWERP, Dec. 22.—Another large steamship has gone ashore near where the Finland grounded Saturday last. Owing to the fog the observers have been unable to ascertain the vessel's name. The Finland went ashore at Nieuwersluis, near Flushing, Holland. The passengers of the Finland were brought here on board two tugs, which returned to assist in refloating the Finland. Nine tugs are now on the spot. The Finland is resting easily and has not sustained great damage.

Two Japanese Vessels Ashore.

KOBE, Japan, Dec. 23.—The Nippon Yusen Kaisha (a Japanese steamship company) steamers Mutsu and Shinagawa are ashore. It is feared that the latter will be a total loss.

WAR SEEMS NEAR IN THE FAR EAST

Japan Rejects the Chief Points in the Proposals of the Czar's Government.

MIKADO'S FLEET READY.

Diplomats at Washington and London Believe Resort to Arms Is Imminent.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

TOKIO, Dec. 22.—It is asserted in official circles here that the Japanese reply to Russia rejects the fundamental points at issue, which are understood to include mutual guarantees for the preservation of Chinese and Corean sovereignty while securing their individual interests. The situation is graver than since the commencement of the negotiation, but is still susceptible to a pacific solution if Russia will quickly reconsider her reply.

The fact that Foreign Minister Komura called on baron de Rosen, the Russian minister, yesterday instead of Baron Rosen calling on Komura is explained by the fact that the baron is suffering from an ear affliction. But the explanation has obvious diplomatic significance, and is interpreted that Japan is determined not to afford Russia possible ground for claiming Japanese impetuosity as an excuse. Komura's communication is not believed officially to necessarily be tantamount to an ultimatum, as rumored.

Continue War Plans.

War preparations continue apace. The transports and the warships can sail at five minutes' notice.

The Japanese government proposes immediately to undertake the completion of the Seoul Fusan railroad, under the direct supervision of Japan.

Popular sentiment and the press are eagerly urging the government to set a limit to the "Russian tactics of aggression and insolent negligence."

London Opinions Pessimistic.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Inquirers today at the Japanese legation, where hitherto a feeling of optimism has been displayed, found the officials pessimistic. They admitted the situation was more serious now than at any previous time. When asked if he had hope of peace being maintained the secretary of the legation replied that he feared there was little. He is quoted as having added that it was impossible to disguise the fact that the slightest untoward incident at the present moment might precipitate a war, but Japan was determined not to forego her claims. She has sent a reply to Russia which is her last word, and now it is for Russia to decide as to the outcome.

The Japanese legation has received so many offers from men desirous of serving in the Japanese army that it is unable to reply to them individually. It asks the press to announce that there is no immediate occasion for such services, even in the event of war. The Japanese law does not admit foreigners to the army.

Japanese warships, according to a Tientsin dispatch to the Daily Mail, are concentrating in the vicinity of Port Arthur, and the same paper is authority for statements indicating preparations on the part of the mikado's government for the transport of an expeditionary force. Twenty-five steamers belonging to Butterfield Swire which trade along the China coast have been taken over by Japan, and there are reports from Shanghai and Kobe of the chartering of other steamers as transports and for the conveyance of supplies.

Deny Sensational Reports.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Press dispatches from Tokio affirm that the Japanese ministers abroad have been instructed to deny the sensational reports regarding the relations between Japan and Russia and to say that while Japan replied to Russia yesterday her response was not in the nature of an ultimatum, that it demands simply changes in some of the determined points, and finally that Russia is ready to continue the exchange of diplomatic views. It is added that the Japanese now give every evidence of a pacific tendency.

Russia Sounds Berlin Bankers.

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—The Tageblatt's St. Petersburg correspondent says it is stated in financial circles that the Russian government is sounding Berlin bankers regarding the floating of a loan amounting to $125,000,000.

Japan Buys a Fleet.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Dec. 22.—It is reported that twenty-five vessels, comprising the mercantile fleet of Butterfield & Swire of Hongkong, trading along the Chinese coast, have been sold to Japan for war purposes.

Wu Ting Fang, a member of the board of commerce, formerly Chinese minister to the United States, is sharing the anxiety of his officials regarding the outcome of the Russo-Japanese dispute. He is urging American Minister Conger to seek special audience with the dowager empress in order that he may inform her of the perilous position of China, which is in need of a strong army and ministers acquainted with foreign affairs.

Washington Believes War Near.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—The administration believes that war between Russia and Japan is imminent. The beginning of hostilities within a short time would not surprise the president or Secretary Hay. Their conviction that war cannot long be averted is based on reports from Minister Conger and from other sources which few people have seen. These reports show that Russia, whose demands have daily grown more exacting and insistent, is determined to force Japan to declare war without delay. If the acceptance of the czar's challenge is not as prompt as is desired the advices to the state department plainly say Russia will begin hostilities. War within a few days would be the fulfillment of the predictions of Minister Conger and would be just about what the British foreign office looks for.

APOLOGY TO AMERICAN CONSUL.

Governor of Alexandretta Makes Formal Call Upon Official in Connection with Recent Indignities.

ALEXANDRETTA, Syria, Dec. 22.—The governor of Alexandretta today made an official call upon United States Consul Davis and formally apologized for the indignities suffered by the consul.

Attarin, the naturalized American, whose arrest by the Turkish authorities caused Consul Davis to leave Alexandretta, has been liberated.

Admiral Cotton left here tonight on the United States cruiser San Francisco for Beirut.

DUNBAR WELCOMES DUCHESS.

Roxburghe and His Bride Reach Estate, Where Tenants and Townspeople Turn Out.

EDINBURG, Dec. 22.—The duke and duchess of Roxburghe arrived at Dunbar tonight and were given a magnificent reception. The tenants were introduced to the duchess by the duke, who delivered a brief speech. The duke and duchess entered their carriage and the horses were unhitched and the carriage drawn by the coast guardsmen, preceded by pipers, to Broxmouth park, the seat of the Roxburghes, which is two miles distant from Dunbar.

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DALNY LOSES ITS TRADE.

BOOM FAILS RUSSIAN PORT, BUT FORTIFICATIONS STRONG.

Manchuria's Machine Made Town Is of No Commercial Importance, but Is Carefully Guarded as a Military Base in Case of War—Czar's Fleet of Eight Cruisers Is at Anchor There—Vessels Painted Dark Green, Giving Them Sinister Look.

(Continued from first page.)

ony of photographers, barbers, and dealers in Japanese oddities abide. Despite racial hostility and increasing war prospects, Manchuria swarms with small Japanese traders, and certain trades are wholly in their hands. Every railroad camp has its Japanese barbers and photographer, and the Russians sullenly charge that every barber and peddler is but a spy or surveyor in disguise.

***

A bridge across the railway track connects the commercial with the administrative town, the latter a well laid out, compactly built little section of public buildings and official residences. Everything is built of the one blue gray brick of China, or half timbered in German and early English style, filled in with cement or rubble. These villas of continental cities and suburbs, with their half timbered walls or Dutch gables, are roofed with Chinese tiles, tip tilted at the end of each ridge pole in true Chinese fashion.

It gives one a queer sensation to see these reversed and tilted roof forms, as often ending with tiled dragons or guardian monsters, over the bay windows, towers, and balconies of Europe. There are even roofs worked in with blue and yellow tiles—spoil of Pekin or some nearer imperial construction.

Dashing equipages, with bearded and booted officers, roll over these macadamized streets, and a few women, in hats and gowns of long gone or provincial fashions, ride, but more often the few women one sees have shawls or handkerchiefs tied down over their heads.

The travelers arriving by the Transsiberian trains are chiefly for Port Arthur, or else stop immediately to the waiting steamers that convey them to Shanghai and Nagasaki. None lingers in Dalny, and the promises of the place are dwindling with its so-called trade, which was chiefly the importation of railway and building materials and foodstuffs for the workmen.

Sad prophecies are made as to how much more Dalny will fall away—how the boom will burst completely when its own roads, harbor works, and fortifications are completed. A permanent station for the Transsiberian or Eastern Chinese railway, as this Vsuri branch is called, has yet to be erected, temporary wooden sheds now serving as passenger station.

As we mounted the wooden steps from the sunken tracks and platform the Odessa citizen who was with me, discovering Dalny, exclaimed: "This is truly Russia. See! The cigaret ends! All Russia is littered in just this way. Every station, every theater, garden, and concert hall."

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Three years ago, when the Russian relief forces were so ostentatiously withdrawing from Pekin and the imperial palaces which they were then occupying, there was a great packing up and boxing of the art objects and ornaments in the palace apartments. The superb vases, screens, and bibelots were packed as long as boxes, straw, and wadding held out in the winter palace, and then Cossacks went around and painted clumsy black numbers on satin curtains, enameled, embroidered, and inlaid screens, on cabinets, on jade and porcelain fish bowls.

To visitors who exclaimed enviously upon such splendid loot the Russian officers present fully explained that these were not personal spoils or loot they were boxing up and numbering. They were not as the officers of other nations; love of country, high principles, and the benefit of future generations were all they sought in thus making way with and numbering the treasures of the absent emperor. "We are sending all these things to the International museum at Dalny," said one such to me. "Travelers of all nations can there have a chance to see and admire them." and I promised myself then to go to Dalny some day if only to see that International museum.

When questioned as to the museum, the bearded landlord of Dalny hotel denied any such institution.

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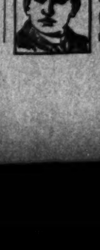

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WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1903.

CORRUPTION IN TRADES UNIONS.

Miss Jane Addams said last Sunday that trades unions "share the general spirit of corruption which has so largely come to dominate in business and politics." Whether there is more corruption in either than there was thirty years ago is open to question. There is no doubt that there is a lower standard of morality among some trades unions than there was then. Dishonest practices undreamed of once are often heard of now. "Organized labor" has lost more than it has gained, for, as Miss Addams says, economic progress may be paid for much too high, if it comes at the cost of good citizenship and personal morality."

The English unions are older and stronger than the American ones, but they are not tainted by corruption. Not one of them has its Sam Parks. While British labor organizations were under the ban of the law nonunion men were treated with greater savagery than they are treated in the United States. Since the unions have been recognized as lawful there has been less violence there than here. At no time have union officials made a practice of blackmailing employers.

The lower standard of morality in some American as compared with English unions may fairly be ascribed to the corrupting influence of spoils politics in the great cities. Politicians angle for the "labor vote" with bait which English politicians do not use. Union officials are promised city offices—which they may be quite unfit to hold—if they will work for the "boss" and get others to work for him at the primaries and the polls. A close relation is established between labor leaders and the city hall. It is demoralizing for the former. They become familiarized with the unscrupulous and dishonest methods of the practical politician, who is always ready to plunder the community. It is a simple matter for a man who has learned such methods to use them to squeeze money out of employers. As the alderman who feathers his own nest never is condemned by constituents whom he helps when in trouble, so the walking delegate who blackmails employers is not unpopular with the union men for whom he has obtained higher wages.

Miss Addams says regretfully that unions are too apt to break contracts. She ascribes it to the fact that none of the workman's relations in life depend on contracts between himself and others, and when he is "suddenly brought up against this sacred thing called a contract" he has to learn by experience what it means. This may be the correct explanation. It may be that unions which have treated written agreements as waste paper will learn better. Employers fervently hope so. English unions live up to their contracts. Surely it cannot be that English trades unionists are by nature more honest than their American brethren.

It would be time well spent if a few prominent labor men would visit England, see for themselves the freedom from entangling and debasing political alliances of English trades unions, their exemption from corrupt officials, and their respect for contracts, and then devote themselves to the task of raising all American unions to the same high plane.

FIGHTING WATERLOO OVER.

Many English papers, and presumably their readers, are highly incensed because almost the first thing the German emperor said in public after his doctors allowed him to talk was that Blücher and his Germans saved the British army from destruction at Waterloo. The remark, which is by no means a new one, is called "a gratuitous affront."

As Waterloo was fought nearly ninety years ago and all who took part in the battle are dead, and as it is admitted that Wellington and Blücher and the men they led fought well, the English ought not to be so sensitive. Perhaps they would not be if it were not for the bad feeling which has existed between Englishmen and Germans for a few years. Possibly the English papers would flare up if the emperor were to say that Marlborough's victory at Blenheim was largely due to the bravery of German troops, or to the military skill of Prince Eugene. The question is one which might be left to be decided by the French, who were as unfortunate at Waterloo as they were at Blenheim.

It may be that Americans would be a little sensitive under similar circumstances. When a German officer made the statement that the American navy was dependent on Europe for its seamen and that most of the men who fought in Manila bay and off Santiago were born out of the United States, nobody here applauded him. If it were to be said that the French fought better than the Americans at Yorktown nobody here would be greatly pleased, but there would be no outbursts of indignation.

Possibly the English are prouder of Waterloo, which ended Napoleon's career forever, than they are of any other battle English generals have won, and resent the assertion that it could not have been won without Blücher. It does seem a little childish to become so greatly worked up because of the praise bestowed by a German emperor, who is also king of Prussia, on Prussian troops.

THE SOUTH AND THE CANAL.

Put down two long credit marks for the canal. The Louisiana legislature, convened in special session for the purpose of devising a method to extirpate the cotton boll weevil, went out of its way to pass a unanimous resolution instructing the Louisiana senators to vote for the Hay-Bunau-Varilla canal treaty. The democratic members of the federal upper house had agreed to vote as a unit when two-thirds of their caucus membership was of one mind—except in certain contingencies. One of the contingencies was instructions from the home legislature. In such a case the senators are to obey its orders. The two votes of Louisiana can, therefore, be counted on against Gorman's anti-canal combination and for the canal. Good.

The gulf states, of all states in the union, will be greatest gainers from an interoceanic canal. It would indeed seem madness if the senators from that section should vote against the canal treaty with the idea of thereby making political capital. It is hard to conceive of a way in which they could lose more political capital than to stand in the way of the canal. The action of the unanimously democratic legislature of Louisiana cannot have but an effect on senators from neighboring states. Indeed, it is now reported that the legislatures of Arkansas and Mississippi contemplate similar action. When the vote is taken it would not be surprising if the only gentleman from a gulf state to vote against the treaty were John T. Morgan of Alabama. His case, of course, is hopeless.

In another section of the south a man is doing a man's work for the canal. We refer to Clark Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution and democratic committeeman from Georgia. He had no hesitation in putting his country above his party, and is now engaged in pointing out to those unable to do the same thing that even from the viewpoint of party expediency it were an egregious blunder to be against the canal, which the American people so greatly desire.

Our felicitations to Mr. Howell for the patriotic work in which he is engaged and our prospective felicitations to the legislatures of Arkansas and Mississippi. To the Louisiana legislature we can send no warmer words than the sincere hope that they will devise a method to extirpate the cotton boll weevil.

MORE VICTIMS FOR 1287.

Section 1287 of the Chicago municipal code, last Monday night amended by the adoption of the new vagrancy ordinance, was even before its amendment a dragnet of such strong tissues and of such close meshes as to have provided our local criminological aquarium, affectionately called the bridewell, with more than 90 per cent of the queer fishes there confined. Now that 1287 has been made even stronger in its tissues and even closer in its meshes, it may be expected to come to land with even richer hauls.

What vagrant, even though he be of the slipperiest species, can find a hole large enough for his escape in an ordinance which particularly dominates the following offenders:

All persons found wandering about the streets, either by day or night, without any known lawful means of support or without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself or herself.

All persons who stand, loiter, or stroll about in any place in said city waiting or seeking to obtain money or other valuable thing from others by trick or fraud.

When, besides these rigorous definitions of vagrancy, the minimum fine for 1287 has been raised by the amendment from $1 to $25, one can easily see that if the downtown district is not considerably purified during the next few months the fault will lie either with policemen to whom idle and dissolute persons are a source of revenue or with politicians to whom idle and dissolute persons are a source of votes.

Last Sunday the Boston police, stirred to unusual activity, arrested seventy-five hard cases. The following day some of them were sent to the house of correction and others were allowed to leave town. That is the way to deal with Chicago disreputables. Gather them in and fine them. Suspend the fines of some if they will clear out, and lock up the others. The professional thief or confidence operator may protest against this treatment. He may say that nothing can be proved against him. Nevertheless he should be arrested and rearrested until he goes away.

The value of the ordinance will depend on the way in which policemen and police court justices enforce it. Their behavior will be watched with interest.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Charges should not be publicly made against Chief Musham unless they are grave and there is at hand convincing evidence of their truth. Unproved assertions that he is lacking in judgment when handling great fires, and that the department is losing efficiency and discipline under his headship make the public extremely nervous, and have a tendency to demoralize the force.

The charges which have been printed regarding Musham are unproved and hence it is to be regretted that they were made. Some of them are frivolous. It is said Musham has handled certain fires badly. That is largely a matter of opinion. One critic will condemn where another will approve. The department has not steamers enough. When a 4-11 alarm is turned in a considerable area is left unprotected. After the fire appears to be under control the marshal is not to be blamed if he orders some of the engines back to their houses, even though by holding them half an hour longer he may make sure that the fire will not break out again.

Whether particular fires have been mismanaged or not the fact remains that fire losses have been less than they were during the last two years of Swenie's administration. That is evidence that the department has not become inefficient. During the first two years of Musham the firemen have been forced into burning buildings and made to fight flames at closer quarters than during the last two years of Swenie. That has kept down fire losses and has caused those firemen who are not fond of taking risks to complain of being "tyrannized."

Insinuations that the marshal has been "grafting" in the purchase or sale of material will be listened to only by those who believe all men are dishonest. Still there is too much work in the department for one man to do. The marshal should attend strictly to fires and firemen, and a thoroughly qualified man should look after supplies. The marshal will be 65 next February, but it is said that he has Swenie's toughness and is fit for a good deal of hard work yet.

That is not true of all the chiefs of battalions. Some of them should be retired to make place for men in better physical condition. It is a mistake on Musham's part to oppose a measure which would enable the department to do better work. There should be a thorough overhauling of the force, no matter who may be hit by it. Furthermore, the department ought to be given more money. The scanty appropriations have forced the marshal to adopt a policy of pinching economy. If "every company is short handed"—which is measurably true—the council must be blamed for it.

The marshal has his shortcomings. He does not know how to get along with men. He is not conciliatory. It would be better for him if he had no relations in the department. But he is in for nearly two years more. The mayor will not remove him unless there is a stronger case against him than has yet been made out. Therefore insurance men should refrain from making charges whose sole effect is to worry householders and storekeepers. Incipient insubordination or caballing in the department should be sternly suppressed, and all the men with weak hearts or bad habits should be got rid of. There is enough good material in the department to supply a first class man to head every battalion and company.

Why Live in Town? "Get away from the cities" was the advice of those urban spirits who presided at a meeting held last week of that agreeably named organization, the "Field and Workshop society." And this advice is being acted upon by those whose fields of labor and whose workshops must ever remain in the city and who must be content with that halfway house between city and country life, the suburban home. There never was a time when this rural substitute was appealing to so many people, and the danger that now seems to confront the suburbanite is that of awakening some morning to find himself an urban soul in the midst of the apartment houses and the close quarters from which he fled. That traditional figure of a suburban man heavily laden and always rushing for trains has lost its tragic and deterrent aspect; his burden is considered much less heavy than that of his city brother, who must live a cramped existence and breathe smoke laden air. Perhaps there is no poverty that seems so distressing to a country bred person as the poverty of space under which the city man labors, and no deprivations appear so keen as those of light and views of which his outlook is robbed. "Chimney pots are highly injurious to my morals," wrote Huxley, "and my temper is usually in proportion to the extent of my horizon." If sweetness of temper and soundness of morals are to be bought at this price, who would choose to remain where it is difficult to obtain such blessings at any cost?

DON'T try to avoid the rush now. Get in it.

ALD. BRENNAN has his doubts about there being any Santa Claus.

THE decision not to name any more school buildings in honor of saloonkeepers must be considered rather hasty. Are there enough names left to go around?

THE salary of the governor of Arkansas is only $3,000 a year. Gov. Davis is fighting harder and getting less money for it than any pugilist now prominently before the public.

AND on earth pickets, with ill will toward men.

DOWIE would make a good Santa Claus if he could look pleasanter.

CHRISTMAS sometimes costs Uncle Russell Sage as much as $4.

THE latest Missouri compromise is a compromise with felony.

PARTING remark of the children to paterfamilias as he starts downtown: "Buy, buy, papa!"

PADDY KEENAN and Francis J. Lantry are to have particularly fat jobs under Mayor McClellan's administration. Tammany did not mistake its man.

A ROUNDUP in one Missouri county last week resulted in bagging 1,600 rabbits. The bunch was sold for $80, or about half the price of one good Missouri mule.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Looked Like It.

The army officer looked with displeasure at the soiled sheet of paper that had been handed him.

"That's a measly looking document," he exclaimed.

"Yes, sir," said the subordinate, touching his hat. "It's the sick list."

Troubles of the Ancients.

"Faugh!" exclaimed Æneas, casting a contemptuous glance at the streets of Carthage, "this is worse than the First ward of Chicago. Since you took the trouble to build a town, why don't you keep it cleaner?"

"It costs so much," sighed Queen Dido. "Our citizens don't like to do menial work, and we have to get everything done by outsiders. Some day I'll hire a lot of foreigners to come and clean up the city."

Subsequently, however, a lot of Romans came over and cleaned up the city for nothing.

His Claim to Distinction.

"Uncle Enoch, you must be considerably over a hundred years old."

"Yes, suh. Hunnud an' fo'teen."

"Born in New Orleans, I think you said."

"Yes, suh, dat's whah I wuz bawn."

"You were a slave, of course?"

"Yes, suh. I'se de oldest livin' Loo'siana puhchase."

Getting Desperate.

Customer—"Gracious! What a crush! I never saw a bargain counter in a grocery store before."

Grocer (pale with anxiety)—"I advertised a lot of eggs a few cents below the market price, ma'am, and those people are tryin' to get at 'em."

Rank Injustice.

Thirsty Customer—"Mike, I see the board of education has decided not to name any more schools after you fellows."

Influential Saloonkeeper—"I know it, and it's a derned shame. Who maintains the schools of this town, I'd like to know!"

Merely Tyros.

Chicago Man—"I do think our cab drivers are the worst in creation."

New York Man (with the pride of conscious superiority)—"My dear fellow, they're innocent angels compared with ours!"

Demurred.

"Heaven," said the contemplative person at the foot of the table, "or the other place, is an internal state, and not a location. One's surroundings have nothing whatever to do with it."

"That only shows," observed the frivolous person sitting next to him, "that you've never boarded at some hasheries where I have." C. W. T.

PERSONAL.

Canada's new archivist, A. J. Doughty, who succeeds the late Dr. Brymner, is an Englishman by birth and a graduate of Oxford.

Plans are being drawn for the laying out of Italian gardens for the country seat of William K. Vanderbilt Jr. at Success lake, L. I.

Sheffield Ingalls, son of the late Senator John J. Ingalls, may possibly be a candidate for the lower house of the Kansas legislature.

The octogenarian record breaker at quilt piecing is Mrs. Elizabeth McIntire of White Rock, Pa., whose masterwork contains 1,775 pieces.

The Italian government will award a pension of $2,000 a year to the widow of Menotti Garibaldi, with the right of reversion to her children.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has been pleased to make an apology for himself, his régime, and his principality. He denies that he is an autocrat, and says his country is speedily making advances toward a high civilization.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

LORD TOWNSHEND has at length received permission from the English courts to sell his magnificent "Belisarius," by Salvator Rosa, to J. Pierpont Morgan for the sum of $50,000, which the marquis claims to have been offered by the banker.

The picture in question constitutes part and parcel of the entailed property of the marquisate, and when Lord Townshend sought requisite legal sanction to sell the painting to Mr. Morgan he was opposed by his cousin, Col. Townshend, the next heir to the family honors and estates.

The colonel, who is married to an immensely wealthy Judo-French heiress, daughter of that Parisian banker, Cahen d'Anvers, who was crushed to death beneath his automobile, does not lack funds, and is never likely to be again entirely dependent on his pay, as he was until his marriage. He does not, therefore, appreciate the necessity of selling any of the masterpieces which adorn the gallery at Raynham, and which has rendered it famous throughout the art world.

Lord Townshend, however, is in straitened circumstances. For it may be remembered that he was unsuccessful in his openly avowed quest for an heiress on the occasion of his visit to this country about two years ago. Indeed, it was shown by the testimony produced in court that although the Townshend estates comprise 20,000 acres and extend over four counties, and in spite of the fact that his country seats are filled with art treasures, the gallery at Raynham hall alone containing 400 paintings, most of them masterpieces, some being valued by experts at $50,000 and $100,000, yet that Lord Townshend has not until now derived a penny piece from all these riches owing to the incumbrances with which the estates are burdened through the extravagance of his predecessors.

The fact that the young peer should be without any income, although the owner for life of such an amount of property, appealed to the judges, when the marquis, rendered indignant by his cousin's opposition to the sale of the "Belisarius" to J. Pierpont Morgan, applied to the courts for permission to sell not merely the "Belisarius" but also 200 of the 400 paintings at Raynham, and accordingly they have just granted a decision in his favor, merely stipulating that he should refrain from disposing of the family portraits.

As they are not only the least valuable but also the least salable of the paintings, the restriction is of no pecuniary importance to the marquis, who will certainly be able to realize enough from the disposal of the others, such as the Salvator Rosa "Belisarius," to assure himself a handsome income, proportionate to his rank in the peerage and to his fallaciously reputed wealth.

The courts have acted sensibly in the matter. For great as is the hardship involved by the inheritance of peerages without an income to support them in fitting style, it is infinitely worse when this penury is accompanied by the possession of great entailed estates, which, owing to the incumbrances with which they have been charged, do not yield even sufficient annual returns to keep them in proper condition and repair. Raynham hall, Lord Townshend's country seat in Norfolk, is one of the finest places in that county, and was built in 1630 from designs by Inigo Jones.

The present marquis is a nephew of the duke of Fife and of the latter's royal wife, the Princess Louise. The Townshend family was founded by Roger Townshend, who was one of the principal judges of the reign of King Edward IV., and the member thereof best known on this side of the Atlantic was undoubtedly that Charles Townshend, King George III.'s chancellor of the exchequer, whose obstinacy in exacting certain unjust taxes from the people of America led them to revolt against English rule and thus to inaugurate the war of independence, which culminated in the establishment of the United States.

The taxes in question were estimated to produce a revenue of $200,000 a year. It was for the sake of that paltry sum that King George through the stupidity of his chancellor of the exchequer, Townshend, lost what were in those days the finest jewels of his crown—namely: those American colonies, over which now wave the stars and stripes.

While there is not a word of truth in the ridiculous story according to which the kaiser seized an inkstand from a writing table to hurl at the head of the late Prince Bismarck during the heated interview between them just prior to the old chancellor's going out of office, there having been no writing table or inkstand in the first floor room of the Wilhelmstrasse palace where the memorable meeting took place, something of the kind did occur between the late King William of Holland and his premier at the time of the Franco-German war. It is probable that this has been applied to the kaiser and his chancellor, the confusion being facilitated by the fact that both monarchs were "Williams."

The king of Holland in 1870 had announced his determination to join his friend, Napoleon III., in the latter's war against Germany. Popular feeling in Holland was strongly opposed to any participation in the conflict. But so ungovernable and violet was the temper of the king that no one, not even his ministers, would venture to point out to him the danger of his projected course.

At length an old privy councilor named Thorbecke, who had held the premiership on several occasions, and who was a special object of aversion to the king, undertook the task, and proceeded to the palace of Het Loo.

On perceiving him the king blurted out roughly without rising: "Good morning. Good morning. What do you want? What's the news?"

"Nothing in particular your majesty, only the Haguers are talking a good deal of nonsense."

"I hope it is only about those idiotic ministers of mine and not about me."

"Yes, sire. It is about your majesty."

"About me, about me," exclaimed the choleric monarch, with growing wrath. "What may they say about me? Tell me! I insist."

"Well, sire," answered the old statesman, slowly and impressively, "the Haguers declare that your majesty has become stark, staring mad as——"

Before he could utter another word the king had jumped to his feet and, purple in the face, raised a heavy silver inkstand aloft with the intention of hurling it at the head of his former premier. Fortunately a projecting angle of the inkstand had been caught in the table cover and, while dragging everything off the table, had arrested the flight of the missile.

"Sire," exclaimed Thorbecke, stepping up quite close to the king, but without betraying the slightest trace of emotion either in his speech or attitude, "if your majesty does hurl that inkstand at my head the Haguers will have been correct in their assertions."

For a minute the fat little king gazed in silence at the left, lank, phlegmatic old Dutchman standing before him. Neither uttered a word. Then gradually William lowered his arm and replaced the inkstand on the table, after which he walked to one of the windows, where he remained looking out for about five minutes. Returning to the table he resumed his seat, motioned Thorbecke to another one, and then exclaimed as if nothing had happened: "And now tell me what you have to say."

An hour later, when the old statesman left, he carried away with him the monarch's promise to issue within twenty-four hours a proclamation declaring the neutrality of Holland. Had he not done so Germany should have been forced to occupy the Netherlands and Dutch independence would have been at an end. It has always seemed to me that Holland owes much to old Thorbecke, and above all to that massive silver inkstand which now figures in Queen Wilhelmina's private audience chamber at Het Loo.

Natural Query.

Information that the German military authorities have at last found glasses that will enable the private German soldier to shoot straight raises the query as to whether they are to replace those which have been so successfully used in helping them get shot.—Duluth News-Tribune.

Matter of Training.

She—"You make love like a novice."

He—"Then we're both defective. I ought to make love like an expert, and you ought not to know the difference."—Illustrated Bits.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

"Just as Good."

James Chargem was a druggist man
Who practiced substitution;
There was no salve for mole or tan,
No tincture or solution
You might desire, but what he could
Convincingly decry it,
Then show you "something just as good"
And talk until you'd buy it.

His nature, as regards finance,
Was positively stingy—
But you might see that at a glance,
His drug store was so dingy.
One day his good wife telephoned:
"Please take me auto riding."
James Chargem tore his hair, and moaned,
Her spendthrift notion chiding.

But no, she would not be denied;
On that ride she insisted;
His protestations she defied,
And, womanlike, insisted,
Until—just as she knew he would—
He said: "Well, if I've got to,
I'll give you something just as good
If I can't hire an auto."

Now mark the crafty man's design
In making that proviso.
He vowed: "My dear, I found no sign
Of autos." (Would you lie so?)
Then when his poor wife understood
She grew full sad and tearful.
He laughed: "Here's something just as good.
My dear, please be more cheerful."

And then, to her intense surprise,
Some dust he took, and threw it
So that it filled her hair and eyes.
"There! That's the way to do it!"
He cried, and tooted on a horn,
And recommenced the hurling
Of dust, and chuckled in his scorn
Of her bewildered whirling.

He made her sniff of gasoline
Until she fell to sneezing.
"The finest auto ever seen,"
He roared, "is not more pleasing.
And now, we'll have the final crash
Of autos—it is their way."
Then, with an unexpected dash,
He threw her down the stairway.

"My dear," he called out, from the top,
"If you think you've not tested
The auto's dust and scent and flop,
I'll go have you arrested,
For automobilists declare
Their pleasures all diminish
Unless they get a chance to swear
In courtrooms, as a finish!"

A month succeeding this affair
James Chargem was defendant;
His wife sat in the plaintiff's chair,
Her lawyer for attendant.
And when his honor understood
Her husband's parsimony,
He ruled: "Take something just as good,
And that is alimony."

W. D. N.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

THE BELLE OF NEWPORT.

A Comedy in Three Acts.
BY
ALLEN LOWE and CHARLES F. DENNEE.

Presented at the La Salle theater, Chicago, Ill., by Campbell and Lowe, Dec. 21, 1903. The cast:

Sam Keno	Dave Lewis
Sir Tom Teaton	J. C. Marlowe
Pinky Winkerton	Denman Maley
Charles Dare	Cecil Dean
Ivory D. Queers	Joseph Allen
Leslie Ames	Harry P. Scott
Bentley More	George R. Stevens
Mrs. Jack Orchard	Maude Alice Kelley
Millie Canvass	Florence Holbrook
Nellie Canvass	Blanche Homan
Mrs. Everly Chase	Nettie Black Winsome
	Maud L. Francis
Caprice	Maud Sohike
Hilda Shipton	Josie Sylvester

"The Belle of Newport," which had its premiere at the La Salle Monday evening, is a much more pretentious effort than anything previously presented at the popular little home of musical comedy.

The story which, like most of its kind in musical comedy, is discoverable only with difficulty, concerns the coming to Newport of one Sir Thomas Teaton, who is ambitious to win the America cup. As is typical of Newport society, the Irish baronet makes the acquaintance not only of social leaders but also of vaudeville performers, detectives, circus riders, and numerous lords in deep disguise. The improbability of any of these conditions does not seem to disturb the audiences at the La Salle, however—their enjoyment is without alloy, and with one consent Monday night the entertainment was voted a distinct success.

The music of "The Belle of Newport" constitutes its chief claim to popularity. There were several distinct "hits" made Monday evening, and the audience was insatiable in its demands for encores. Particularly favored were "Where the Gambia Meets the Sea," sung by Miss Kelley, and "Rosie Shea," which Miss Holbrook gave, and with it duplicated the success achieved by "Peggy Brady." In both numbers the chorus did especially commendable work. Many of the La Salle's patrons will be disappointed to find that Dave Lewis has a rôle which gives him but comparatively small opportunity to display his powers as a funmaker. As the comedy element of the piece depends almost entirely on him the inadvisability of such an arrangement is obvious. He seemed not always at home in the part of a "Cockney comique of the London music halls," but his work was agreeably free from coarseness, and his reception was of the warmest.

Miss Holbrook has the soubret part, and was pretty and winsome in it and easily carried away the honors of the evening. Her voice is of much sweetness, she sings expressively, dances gracefully, and acts with charm. Denman Maley evoked much merriment by his funmaking, and Cecil Dean, a recruit from the chorus, scored a success with his solo, "Anglo-Saxons."

The costuming is handsome and in good taste, the staging at all times adequate, and, taken in its entirety, the production is one which bids fair to eclipse even "The Isle of Spice" in popularity, and to set a new standard for future offerings at the La Salle.

W. L. HUBBARD.

In Vaudeville.

Nat Haines and Will Vidocq are being given cordial receptions twice daily at the Olympic, the former having an extensive local acquaintance. The Werner-Amoros troupe of European pantomimists disappoint those who expect to see a pantomime drama, but satisfy others who prefer something provocative of laughter. The character impersonations given by Max Waldon are especially applauded.

The Russell brothers are the chief magnet at the Chicago opera house. Sullivan and Pasquelna in a good singing act and the Rossow midgets are featured.

A comedy bill is offered at the Haymarket, the starred entertainers being Lew Sully, Dave Genaro and Ray Bailey, Josephine Sabel, and Riccobono's trained horses.

At this afternoon's matinée performance of "Mr. Bluebeard" at the Iroquois theater the entire cast of "The Billionaire" will be the guests of the "Bluebeard" management.

All Doubts Vanished.

"But you promised," she protested, "that you wouldn't ask me to name the day until I felt perfectly sure that I loved you."

"I know," he replied. "and I'm sorry you're still in doubt. By the way, I sold short on Steel last summer and have just cleaned up——"

"How would a week from Thursday suit you?" she interrupted.—New York Herald.

One Way.

"I see that those New York society women have discovered a method of hiding their blushes."

"What is it?"

"They paint them over."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

TO HEAVEN.

BY BEN JONSON.

GREAT and good God, can I not think of Thee,
But it must straight my melancholy be?
Is it interpreted in me disease,
That, laden with my sins, I seek for ease?
O, be Thou witness, that the reins dost know
And hearts of all, if I be sad for show;
And judge me after, if I dare pretend
To aught but grace, or aim at other end.
As Thou art all, so be Thou all to me,
First, midst, and last, converted One and Three;
My faith, my hope, my love; and in this state,
My judge, my witness, and my advocate.

Where have I been this while exiled from Thee,
And whither rapt, now Thou but stoop'st to me?
Dwell, dwell here still, O, being everywhere,
How can I doubt to find Thee ever here?
I know my state, both full of shame and scorn,
Conceived in sin, and unto labor born,
Standing with fear, and must with horror fall,
And destined unto judgment after all.
I feel my griefs, too, and there scarce is ground
Upon my flesh t' inflict another wound—
Yet dare I not complain or wish for death,
With holy Paul, lest it be thought the breath
Of discontent; or that these prayers be
For weariness of life, not love of Thee.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 23, 1903.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

The first plaster, or gypsum, bed was discovered in the United States in Sussex county, N. J.

SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

A great banquet and the presentation of a wardrobe to Mrs. Andrew Jackson by the citizens of Nashville, Tenn., was abandoned on receipt of word that she had died the night before.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Rich finds of gold were made in the valley of the Amazon river.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Gov. Richard Yates Sr. ordered the arrest of all agents of other states found recruiting in Illinois for the union army.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Discovery was made by a United States senate committee that Attorney General Williams and other members of President Grant's cabinet had purchased carriages for their own use from government funds.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

"Brick" Pomeroy declared there was more wickedness to the acre in New York City than on any spot of this or the next world.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

The creation of a "buffer" state between French and British possessions in Asia was proposed.

LESSONS in LAWLESSNESS

2—Discretionary Laws

IN the first article of this series an attempt was made to show how, because of the multiplicity of laws which cumber the statute books and swamp even the lawyers, almost every citizen is daily, because of necessary ignorance, a law breaker. Much stronger and more widespread as a cause of prevailing lawlessness is the fact that there are on the statute books a considerable number of laws with which everybody is familiar and which are daily, publicly, and generally broken, or enforced at the discretion of the police or other authorities.

The first is responsible for a large amount of ignorant lawlessness; the second, because it is an intelligent, conscious breaking of certain laws, breeds general contempt for all laws.

Such—by way of example—are the laws against the opening of saloons at midnight or on Sunday.

Every year comes a sudden spasm of reform, in the course of which general attention is called to the midnight and Sunday closing laws, and it is demanded that the proper authorities enforce them. In this way practically everybody in Chicago who can read a newspaper is kept informed of the presence of such laws on the statute books.

For eleven months in each year everybody sees that these laws are publicly broken by every saloonkeeper who cares to break them; that these men, who so break the laws, are not in any way punished or interfered with.

What is the result?

There can be no question that in the minds of thousands such a spectacle breeds a contempt, or, at least, a disrespect, for all laws and for all law.

Here is a man who does not obey such and such a law because it does not please him to do so. Here is another law which it does not please me to obey. I am as good as he. I have as good a right to break this law as he to break that other. The argument may not be logical, but it is at least a natural one.

This is not to say that the laws ordering all saloons closed on Sunday and at midnight are proper laws. That is beside the question. The point is that so long as one class of men are allowed to break one class of laws another class of men will argue that they have as good a right to break another class of laws.

Nor are the saloon closing laws the only ones which are openly violated, with at least the silent connivance of the authorities. The laws against gambling, against the existence of a "red light" district, are similar cases in point.

It will not do simply to call upon the authorities to do their duty. It is practically impossible to enforce a law which runs in the face of public opinion or of public conviction.

Furthermore, if all the law breakers in this or any other community were arrested today, tomorrow morning you could salute most of your friends inside the prisoners' bar.

In the fact that many laws are enforced at the discretion of the police or of their superiors in authority lies one most fertile and direct cause of corruption in municipal government.

Suppose Jones is a policeman. Brown is a man who regularly breaks the law against Sunday closing. Acting under the law, it is the duty of Jones to arrest Brown. As things are managed, Jones is not expected to make such an arrest. But he has it in his power lawfully to arrest Brown at any time. There is, therefore, a great temptation for Brown to offer Jones a bribe, a weekly "bit," on condition that he will not, in the exercise of his discretion, arrest him. In other words, there is every temptation in the world for him to offer to pay for "protection" and for Jones, who may represent anybody on the police force, or in control of it, to accept such payment.

The fault is really not so much Jones', who accepts the bribe, or Brown's, who offers it, as it is that of the great public which complacently sits by and winks at the constant violation of its own laws without making any serious effort to remedy the situation.

So long as human nature is human nature and so long as it is left to the discretion of any man or set of men to enforce or not enforce the laws, so long will there be more or less corruption and "grafting," and there is no use in whining about it.

Before the business man condemns the "grafters" along these lines it would be well for him to consider how far he would go in protecting his own business against what he considers an utterly unfair and improper law, which is, apparently, not backed up by any strong public opinion. And before the police who may yield to the influence of "graft" are too strongly denounced every man might well estimate how strong is the temptation which he and the other members of the public are responsible for putting in their way.

"The best way to repeal a bad law is to enforce it," but that has been tried in New York, for instance, and not with altogether satisfactory results. The trouble is that a great many people who do not disapprove of quietly conducted Sunday saloons, or who think that they and the other things complained of cannot be legislated out of existence, are yet convinced that it would be folly, if nothing worse, to repeal the laws against them. They do not wish in the first place to give legal license and sanction to gambling houses and other objectionable resorts; and, in the second place, they think the present discretionary power of the police a good weapon with which to correct unusual abuses.

If the open saloon on Sunday were legal, for instance, the "graft" committee now in session might have harder work in getting the licenses of certain offenders revoked.

But the fact remains that the present situation is a bad one. In many countries in Europe the case has been squarely met by licensing many forms of vice and putting them under police inspection and control. But the effect there has not been of the happiest. It seems to be a resulting condition that on the continent things are quite taken for granted which in this country are severely frowned on. There a man may do openly and under the protection of the law, as it were, things which here he must do stealthily, with a possible, but not probable, punishment in store.

Both horns of the dilemma are sharp; neither course seems to approve itself. If the effect of the present situation were not so strong in the direction of breeding general disrespect for law and making corruption an ever present temptation, most people probably would prefer to let it alone. But if lawlessness is to be fairly met it would seem that this teacher of lawlessness must be somehow got out of the way.

H. M. H.

THE ROUND TABLE

At table no one should talk for more than a few moments at a time.—Marquis de Rigeur.

Helpful Hints About Holdups.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.] The anti-crime committee ought to appeal to the holdup man on the score of good policy. The holdup man is making a great mistake. He is too irritable. In the days when a pedestrian knew that all that the holdup man wanted was his money, he surrendered without a struggle. Now the case is altered. The holdup man has taken to beating as well as robbing his victims. This is not only bad taste and bad temper, but bad policy. Pedestrians now have to carry guns and they resent the holdup man often to the point of driving him off or even of wounding him. The irritable nature of the holdup man has to a certain extent spoiled the trade. The holdup man ought not to beat his victims. He is thereby injuring business, to say nothing of usurping the functions of the members of the clergy' union. Can't the holdup man see this? Let them stick to their own specialty.

L. M. N.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.] That member of the anti-crime committee who would stop holdups by having us carry only small change might think favorably of the following additional rules of conduct:

1. Always stay inside your own house.
2. When you get any money give it away before anybody can snatch it from you.
3. Move to Prohibition park, Staten Island.
4. Die.

If the anti-crime committee is going to stop crime by crushing the public instead of by crushing the holdup man, what's the use of living?

S. M. S.

Mendota, Ill., Dec. 20.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The state laws in relation to witness fees in criminal cases are based upon the broad principle of deadbeatism. If any citizen is robbed of from $50 to $75 he has to keep still about it or else he will have to spend attendance before some justice of the peace for five days about an average of three continuances. If it is a well known, desperate criminal, then two days before the grand jury awaiting the convenience of some well paid assistant state's attorney. Then he must be in the Circuit court for six days while a petit jury of twelve are interrogated as to whether they can read and write, and especially as to whether they have read of this case. Then six days more of trial, in which the lawyer for the defense tries the state's attorney's office, the sheriff, mayor, governor, and Chicago newspapers. No matter how pressing or important his business, when he asks for his witness fees, as he surely will if he comes from a state or country where the civil law prevails, he is informed: "We do not pay witness fees in criminal cases in Illinois." Any witness for the people in the second case knows that he will be a subject of this kind of deadbeatism, and that he must stand more abuse from the thief's lawyer than would be permitted if he was the criminal himself.

EDGAR SELWYN BROWNE.

Tomorrow Mr. Browne will suggest a remedy for the situation.

Don't forget that last year, according to the figures printed by Dr. Hugo Grosser, the city statistician, more than half of the prisoners brought before the police courts were discharged without any punishment. But don't forget, either, that the jail and the bridewell are already full to overflowing. What shall we do with our surplus criminals?

Archbishop Quigley and the Norsemen.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.] Archbishop Quigley says this country must honor Catholic because Columbus was a Catholic. Unfortunately the vikings or Norsemen were the discoverers of America. Accordingly we must in time adopt the religion of the Norsemen. Will you please tell us what the religion of the vikings was so that we may prepare accordingly? N. T.

To print this letter because it gives us an opportunity to correct a prevalent misapprehension. Archbishop Quigley did not say that because Columbus discovered America all Americans would be Catholics. He used Columbus' religion as an example and not as an argument, just as a Frenchman might speak with pride about the early French missionaries in the Mississippi valley and draw from their labors a prophecy of French influence in America.

The Norsemen who touched America about the year 1000 at a point which they called Vinland were at a time when the Scandinavian countries was being converted to the Catholic faith. Whether they themselves were pagans or Christians does not seem to be certain. Their immediate successors, who made repeated trips to the eastern coast of America in the eleventh century, had undoubtedly been won over to the holy see.

Masculine Unreasonableness.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.] How often have you seen the following little drama enacted?

Scene: The library.

On a table, r., an ash tray.

Ten feet away, John, smoking a cigar, l.

John discovers that the ash is ready to fall. Being a carefully coached John, he crosses to the table r. and deposits the ashes on the tray. Then he recrosses to his original position, l., and resumes his smoking.

Does he take the tray with him? Does he by any chance remain in convenient proximity to the tray or keep it near to him? Not he.

One woman at least would gladly have a solution to the problem:

Why does a man invariably keep the original position of his ash tray unchanged? Is it because he deems it something sacred? Or is it because he enjoys the exercise? Or is it a masculine fad?

Are men reasonable?

THEODORA HOLMES.

If our women readers can think of other illustrations of masculine femininity they will be given a fair opportunity to exploit them.

Mexican Street Car Hearses.

Pekin, Ill., Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Through the entire republic of Mexico I do not think there is a hearse. All funerals are by street cars, where they have them. They have three classes of street car horses, elaborate ones for the rich and not so fine for the second or third class. The car hearse is an open car, trimmed in the same manner as our hearses, with the coffin on a raised platform in the center of the car. The cars following are the regular street cars, but decorated in black by the wealthy. Cars can be hired for funeral purposes for so much in Mexican money for first class, for second class, and $5 for third class. These prices would be less than half in our money.

What a blessing it would be to the poor of our cities if some such system should be adopted by the street car lines, and if this article keeps up long I predict action will be taken.

THOMAS COOPER.

Grammatically Nauseated.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Will you kindly tell me which is grammatically correct: "I am sick in my stomach," "I am sick to my stomach," or "I am sick at my stomach"? You will also oblige me if you will give me the grammatical rule by which your answer is governed. G. J. M.

Of the three forms which you give the third is the most idiomatic, but better even than "I am sick at my stomach" would be simply, "I am sick at stomach," with the "my" left out.

There is for this is no rule at all. It is usage. People who look for rules in words will be about as successful as people who look for rules in clothes. They will wear pink shoes, so do "we." If they say, "I am sick at stomach," so do we. The "theys," of course, may not be the best in both of these cases. The principle, however, is certainly the same. The "best" people do not set our fashions. The "best" people implicitly set our usages. Both sets of people seem to be arbitrary and are not above being silly.

Missing Woman Comes Back.

After an absence of three days during which relatives and detectives searched in Chicago for her, Sophia Ahrens returned late Monday to the residence of S. H. Crounse, 249 Home Ave., Oak Park, where she is employed. Miss Ahrens resides in Melrose Park, said she has many relatives near Garfield park. Her brother, Gustave Schuett of Melrose Park, said she had eloped.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Conducted by the School of Domestic Arts and Sciences of Chicago. . . . .

If for no other reason than to secure them the greatest amount of happiness at those times when they naturally expect to be made particularly happy, we ought to accustom our children to be content ordinarily with simple pleasures.—Florence Hall Winterburn.

LESSON NO. 126—A Plea for the Unfortunate.

As winter is upon us and the severe cold weather is to come my heart goes out to the unfortunates, the needy poor, the "other half."

I heard a gentleman—a worker in a boys' club—tell of watching a boy in the gymnasium punching a bag. He thought he looked much fatter than most of the boys he had seen there, and stepping around to see his face he saw that it was thin. Observing his clothing closely he found that the boy had on nothing but a pair of old overalls, and had stuffed rags around in the legs to keep himself warm!

I know a woman who works by the day, going miles to her work wherever she can get it to support her children—and her husband. Her husband has been a drinking man, was hurt last year in a factory, and is sick now, probably from the quantities of miserable whisky which he has taken into his system. Just now he is forbidden to drink, and can get no money for it.

But the wife works hard to keep her children in school and kindergarten. And what with the rent and the food they must have to keep them alive, there is precious little left for any of the comforts of life. The miserable neighborhood, the children on the streets when the mother is gone, the daily struggle for existence—small wonder that she should become discouraged and disheartened. She has seen better times, and remembers them.

She told me how, one Christmas, she had gathered together some little things for a Christmas tree which she had purchased for 15 cents. The husband was not working, and when she came home after doing a washing he had been drinking. She had to go away again—downtown to scrub, and she begged him not to drink any more, but to fix the tree for the children. When she came home the second time he had succumbed completely and lay on the bed in a drunken stupor; the house was in disorder, the children not cared for, and the tree not put up. Worn, weary, and discouraged, she was ready to despair. Then she said, "I must not spoil everything for the children on his account," so she got out the things and fixed the tree. "O, missis," she said to me, "sometimes I wake in the night and cry and cry—for my dreadful life."

When she sits down to a comfortable meal of nourishing food in a warm room she says: "This is nice. I tell my husband that it is always warm by the missis." I trust she may feel some of the warmth of a kindly heart. It is our duty to give them that if nothing else. Do we think that because there is a rough exterior there is no heart to be touched beneath?

I will grant you that there are "ifs" and "ands" and "buts" to some of these questions, but the winter is so cruel and we are so comfortable! And if the children are cold and hungry they must be helped; if a man is starving, feed him.

Think of it! No coal, no fuel of any kind except what can be picked up—or stolen, perhaps. And even in this mildly cold weather we shovel the coal into the furnaces and watch the thermometer that it may not drop below a certain mark. Five degrees below this will set some people to grumbling, and there are hundreds of homes where it is always ten, fifteen, twenty degrees below what we think is right and comfortable, and they must endure it.

Placed in the same position, what would we do? Any better? Perhaps a superior intelligence would help us to get out of the situation, and yet—I know an intelligent, fairly well educated man, who, out of work and hunting for it every day, actually wandered for three days and nights without a home and without a bite to eat! And this is only one case.

To be generous, to think of others, to give, is taught in the kindergarten, in the school, and in the churches, and should be echoed in our homes, should be practiced, to the help of ourselves and every member of the family, as well as to the benefit of those assisted. It is the duty of one home, more fortunate, to help other homes less fortunate. The various missions and settlements and organizations for helping the unfortunate are always in need of help, and it is the duty of the more fortunate to help them in their work. They need clothing to distribute, as well as money. It is astonishing how rapidly things will accumulate in one's attic or storeroom, unless they are looked over and sorted out often. If you have been intending to look up some things that have been laid aside because they are outgrown—in more ways than one—do it now, and let some one have the benefit of them. Do let some man be wearing that overcoat or suit, or some child have the little jacket or shoes or overcoat or cloak, or the little warm wool dress or underwear that your child is not wearing, and never will wear again. If you do not know just the right person for the things you have give them to some of the people I have mentioned, and they will see that the coat finds a wearer.

I know a minister who has a picture over his desk—a flashlight of twenty-six little boys sleeping in an old shed. No homes! These twenty-six, and the cases I have mentioned, are only twenty-eight—and there are hundreds who need our sympathy and substantial aid. When you are asked to give—give. Giving is a habit—cultivate it. Let us be "sunshiners" and "do something for somebody quick." Let us "look out and not in, and lend a hand."

HORTENSE SELLON CRAMER.

Household Hints.

BY ADA M. KRECKER.

Christmas Cookies and Jambles—

SOFT COOKIES.—One cup butter, 1¼ cups sugar, 2 eggs, 3 tablespoons milk, 1 teaspoon baking powder, just enough flour to roll out in a soft dough. Sprinkle a board with flour before rolling; cut in rounds; bake in a quick oven.

ROYAL COOKIES.—One cup butter, 2 cups sugar, 5 eggs, 1½ pints flour, ½ teaspoon baking powder; 1 cup milk, mix butter, sugar, and eggs smooth; add flour sifted with powder and milk; mix soft enough to handle conveniently; flour the board, roll out dough thin, cut out with biscuit cutter, lay on greased baking tin; bake in hot oven five or six minutes.

COCOANUT COOKIES.—One cup butter, 2 cups sugar, 2 eggs, 1 cup grated cocoanut, 1 teaspoon vanilla, 2 teaspoons baking powder, flour to roll out. Bake pale brown.

JUMBLES.—One cup butter, 1 cup sugar, 4 eggs, 2 cups flour, half teaspoon baking powder. Rub together the butter and sugar, add the beaten eggs and flour sifted with the powder. Flour the board, roll out the dough thin, cut out with jumble cutter or any other, roll in sugar, lay out on greased tin. Bake in fairly hot oven ten minutes.

PEANUT JUMBLES.—One and one-half cups butter, 2 cups sugar, 6 eggs, 1½ pints flour, half cup cornstarch, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1 teaspoon extract lemon, half cup chopped nuts, mixed with a half cup granulated sugar. Rub the butter and sugar smooth, add the beaten eggs, the flour, cornstarch, and powder, sifted together, and the extract. Flour the board, roll out the dough thin, cut out with biscuit cutter, roll in the chopped peanuts and sugar, lay on greased baking tin. Bake in hot oven ten minutes.

DELICIOUS LITTLE CAKES.—Roll out the jumble paste and cut into any desired shape; cut some paste into thick, narrow strips and lay around the cakes to form a deep, cup like edge; place on well buttered tin and bake. When done fill with iced fruit prepared as follows: Take rich, ripe peaches or canned ones drained from their juice, cut in halves, plums, strawberries, pineapples cut in squares or small trangles, or any other available fruit, and dip in the white of an egg that has been slightly beaten, and then in pulverized sugar, and lay in the center of the cakes.

LITTLE CHOCOLATE CAKES.—Two tablespoons butter, 1 cup sugar, half cup water, 1½ cups flour, pinch salt, 1 teaspoonful baking powder, 2 eggs, 4 tablespoons grated chocolate melted over hot water, 1 teaspoonful extract vanilla. Cream the butter, add the sugar, the eggs beaten, the chocolate, and lastly the flour, into which has been sifted the salt and baking powder. Alternate the flour with the water. Bake in patty pans in moderate oven.

WALNUT WAFERS.—Half pound brown sugar, half pound broken walnut meats, 2 level tablespoonfuls flour, quarter teaspoonful baking powder, one-third teaspoonful salt, 2 eggs. Drop small spoonfuls on buttered pans and bake in quick oven.

SAND TARTS—One cup butter, 1½ cups sugar, 3 eggs, 1 tablespoonful water, half teaspoonful baking powder, flour to roll out. Cut in squares, sprinkle with granulated sugar and powdered cinnamon before baking in hot oven.

Menu Novelties—

EGG CUTLETS.—Put six eggs in a saucepan, cover with cold water, and simmer one hour. Scald one pint milk in double boiler; rub together to a paste two tablespoonfuls butter, four tablespoonfuls flour, turn this into the scalded milk, and stir slowly till it dissolves and thickens. Cover and cook for five minutes, then season with one teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon paprika, dash of cayenne, one teaspoon onion juice, pinch of mace. Take from the fire, add the hard boiled eggs, chopped coarsely, and one tablespoon chopped parsley. Spread out on a buttered dish and set away until cold. Dust the hands lightly with flour and shape spoonfuls of the mixture in small cutlets, being careful to pat them out until of an even thickness; use as little flour as possible or the creamy consistency will be lost. When all are shaped dip each cutlet into slightly beaten egg, then in fine dried bread crumbs, and immerse in smoking hot fat until golden brown. Drain on unglazed paper and serve with tomato or cream sauce.

CURRY OF VEGETABLES.—Pare and cut into one-half inch dice sufficient carrot and white turnip to measure one cupful each; add one-half can peas and one cupful lima or kidney beans soaked overnight and parboiled. Brown two tablespoons of butter or dripping in a saucepan, add one heaping tablespoon flour, and brown again. Stir in one pint water or stock, and when thickened add one scant teaspoon salt, one-quarter teaspoon pepper, one teaspoon curry powder, one-half teaspoon sugar, one tablespoon chopped onion, one and one-half tablespoons vinegar, and the prepared vegetables. Simmer until the latter are tender—about two hours—add one and one-half cupfuls diced potatoes, simmer twenty minutes longer, and serve in border of boiled rice.

CLAMS SAUTED AND CREAMED.—Pick over, rinse quickly, and drain on a towel two strings soft shelled clams. Chop fine and season with one-quarter teaspoon each of salt and pepper. Heat one tablespoon of butter in frying pan and drop in the clams by spoonfuls. When well browned turn each spoonful carefully over and brown on the other side. Now with a spoon break up the mixture and dredge over it one tablespoon of flour, turning and stirring until it is absorbed. Add gradually one-half cup rich cream or milk, stir until it thickens and boils, add more seasoning if necessary, and serve on toast.

SALMON LOAF.—Free one pound of salmon (fresh or canned) from skin and bone. Beat two eggs without separating, add to the salmon with one cupful of stale bread crumbs, salt and pepper to taste, one tablespoonful of lemon juice and one tablespoonful of chopped parsley. Pack into a well buttered mold and steam for two hours. Serve hot or cold.

SAUSAGE OMELET.—Separate one-half pound sausages, prick each link several times with a fork, and fry slowly, turning so as to brown evenly, and pour off the fat as it is tried out. Take two from the pan as soon as done and chop quickly, drawing the pan to one side of the fire. Break four eggs in a bowl, add two tablespoonfuls of warm water, beat with a fork just enough to mix, and season with a dash of salt. Heat the omelet pan extremely hot, melt in it one-half a teaspoon butter, and pour in the eggs. Shape and stir with a knife until the eggs begin to thicken, then allow the mixture to set, loosening the edges from time to time. When set, but still soft in the center, lay in the chopped sausage, roll, and turn out on a heated platter; garnish with the whole sausages.

The Yellow Peril—

It is one of those perils that constantly threaten beauty, and it is particularly liable to affect women who, as a result of mental and physical inactivity, unsuitable food, and much confinement to the house, suffer from a torpid liver. These are the women who are by nature dull, sluggish, and indisposed to exertion. This condition of mental torpor and depression produces an expressionless type of face. Constipation is a common accompaniment of this condition of things, and this contributes still further to impoverishment of the blood and its poisoning by means of the toxic products or retained waste. A woman in this condition of ill health does not feel well and, therefore, cannot look well, and she would not be a woman if the lack of good looks did not afflict her in a greater degree than the want of good health.

Good health will make any one pleasing to the eye, adding a bright color to the cheeks, a vivacity of expression, and an alertness to the eye, qualities that cannot fail to endow their possessor with an attractiveness that nothing else can so well confer. The cosmetic art is really a branch of medical science, and medical men should not view with an amused contempt a subject which, duly studied and applied, can do a great deal towards promoting the well being and happiness of innumerable daughters of Eve.

Fresh fruits and much water between meals belong in the dietary of those menaced with the yellow peril.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MANY ENTERTAINMENTS TODAY FOR YALE GLEE CLUB MEN.

Continual Round of Pleasure Planned from Noon, When They Arrive, Till the Small Hours of the Morning—Dance at Lincoln Hall Last Night for Miss Mamie Heisen—Mrs. Arthur Caton Gives a Dinner for Miss Dexter of Boston.

The coming of the Yale Glee club men today means a round of pleasure from noon, when the men arrive at the Union depot, until well into the small hours of the morning. There will be a succession of events, the afternoon being given over to informal teas at the homes of the young women who are interested in the dance to be given for the members of the club this evening, a score or more of dinners will follow, then the concert at Music Hall, Fine Arts building, and lastly the dance to be given by a hundred of the most popular girls in Chicago at Assembly hall.

Those who will give the largest dinners this evening are Mrs. John R. Mott, 115 Lincoln Park boulevard; Mrs. Frederick S. Winston, 576 North State street; Mrs. John C. Black, 9 Walton place; Mrs. W. H. McDoel of the Metropole; and Mrs. Carl C. Heisen, 65 Lake Shore drive. The guests will in each instance attend the concert, and later the dance. The eight boxes at Music hall will be filled with parties, and it is said that there will be an audience present that will tax the capacity of the hall.

The dance has been promoted by a committee on arrangements composed of the following young women:

Miss Katherine Winterbotham,	Miss Edith Mason,
Miss Genevieve Mott,	Miss Amy Waller,
Miss Margaret Winterbotham,	Miss Mildred Wells,
Miss Agnes Street,	Miss Mary Ryerson,
Miss Ethel Mason,	Miss Harriet Smith,
Miss Caroline Mills,	Miss Katherine Dudley,
	Miss Dorothea Johnson,
	Miss Lesley Johnson.

The hall is to be made gay with Yale blue bunting, caught with festoons of Christmas greens and holly, and there will be a number of Glee club posters hung in conspicuous places. Two hundred and fifty invitations were issued for the dance. Tomorrow evening the Glee club members, with an equal number of debutantes, will be given a dance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Winston, 576 North State street. Mrs. Winston has acted as hostess to the Yale men for the last five years on similar occasions.

While the débutantes and college men are spending almost every evening at a dancing party their parents are not forgetting the younger members of the family. There are many small dancing parties arranged for them, and although the hours are from 7 until 10 o'clock the youngsters feel important with their many engagements. Monday evening, besides the dance given by Mrs. N. S. Davis Jr., there was a merry party at the home of Mrs. Thomas R. Lyon, 72 Astor street, and tomorrow evening Mrs. Heaton Owsley, will have nearly a hundred little guests to dance at her home at 408 Erie street. Next Monday there will be a dance at the home of Mrs. Henry Strong, 27 Banks street, for Mrs. Strong's granddaughter, Miss Mary Sheldon. Tuesday evening Mrs. Henry S. Robbins, 167 Rush street, will entertain for her daughter, Miss Marjorie Robbins, a cotillion to be danced. Mrs. George Marshall, 30 Hawthorne place, will give a children's party Dec. 30, and another dance on the same evening will be that given by Mrs. George H. High and Miss Gwethelyn High, 63 Lake Shore drive.

The dance given last night at Lincoln hall by Mr. and Mrs. Carl C. Heisen, 65 Lake Shore drive, for their daughter, Miss Mamie Heisen, was a most enjoyable affair. Nearly 200 guests were present. The hall was prettily decorated with Christmas greens and holly. The late hours of the evening were spent dancing a cotillion led by Mr. Samuel K. Martin.

Mrs. Arthur J. Caton gave a large dinner last evening in honor of Miss Dexter of Boston, who is visiting Miss Catherine Eddy, and of Miss Margaretta MacVeagh of Washington, who is the guest of Mrs. Harold McCormick, 88 Bellevue place. Miss MacVeagh is here to act as bridemaid for Miss Louise Brega at her wedding next Tuesday. Yesterday Mrs. McCormick gave a luncheon in her honor.

Mrs. Dwight Lawrence, 7 Ritchie place, will entertain Miss Charlotte Spaulding of Buffalo, who will attend Miss Margaret Manierre as bridemaid at her wedding to Mr. William Brown Jr. Wednesday evening, Dec. 30, which is to take place at St. James' Episcopal church. Mrs. Lawrence will give a dinner for Miss Spaulding Monday evening.

Miss Marion Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Seymour Warren, 43 Cedar street, will arrive home today from Bryn Mawr to spend the holidays. Mr. L. Parsons Warren returns from Williams college.

Mr. Le Baron Adams, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Russell Adams, 506 North State street, is home from Princeton to remain through the holidays. Another college man home for Christmas and who comes from Yale is Mr. Charles S. Dewey, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Dewey, 2631 Prairie avenue. Among the Yale freshmen at home are William Clow, F. Hampden Winston, J. Waller Knott, George McAuliff, George C. Mason, Milton Wilson, and Mason Phelps.

The Northampton girls who will arrive home today are Miss Helen Shedd, Miss Genevieve Burnham, Miss Louise C. Lehman, Miss Marguerite Osborn, and Miss May Schlesinger.

William A. Vawter II. and Fred Fenger are home from Cornell university.

Mrs. Dorr A. Kimball, 526 Greenwood boulevard, Evanston, announces the engagement of her daughter, Ruth Merrill, to Mr. John Watkinson Douglas Jr.

Mr. A. E. Dore has left for Bridgeport, Conn., to spend the holidays with his wife and daughter, Mrs. Fairchild Wheeler, a former Chicago girl.

Oshkosh, Wis., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Henry Riggs Rathbone of Chicago and Miss Laura Lucile Harney of this city were married this evening at 8 o'clock in the Trinity Episcopal church. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. John W. Greenwood, and the associate rector, the Rev. F. R. Haff. The bride was attended by her sisters, Miss Edith Harney and Miss Mabel Harney, and Miss Mildred Curran, all of this city. Henry Beitler of Chicago acted as groomsman. A reception was held at the Century club. Mr. and Mrs. Rathbone will visit the east on their wedding trip.

THEATER CROWDED AT BENEFIT.

Two Thousand Unable to Gain Admission to Performance for Families of Bandits' Victims.

More than 2,000 persons were unable to gain admission to the Grand opera house yesterday afternoon, when a performance was given for the benefit of the families of Policemen John Quinn and Joseph Driscoll, killed by the car barn bandits.

It is estimated that from $5,000 to $6,000 will be divided by the widows, as $2,054 had been received by evening, when many reports of seat sales and donations had not been made.

All of the actors on the program appeared, with the exception of Wilton Lackaye, whose physician forbade his coming. He sent $10 for a gallery seat. Dave Lewis and his company at the La Salle theater sent a check for $100. They were unable to take part on account of their own performance.

School of Domestic Science, 39 State street. Miss Bullard and Miss Connor, directors.

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Wabash-av. The Tobey Furniture Co. Washington-st.

Special Holiday Sale.

Here is a partial list of the pieces of furniture we have marked at greatly reduced prices to dispose of them before Christmas:

	Regular prices.	Reduced prices.
Wood Seat Rockers	$ 6.00	$ 3.75
Colonial Rockers, weathered oak	9.00	4.50
Carved Hall Chairs	12.00	9.00
Shaving Cabinets	12.50	6.25
Birdseye Maple Table	30.00	17.75
Birdseye Maple Cases	34.00	27.00
Weathered Oak Tobey Chair	30.00	21.00
Golden Oak Dressing Tables	27.00	19.50
Mahogany Dressing Tables	32.50	23.00
Mahogany "Tobey Chair," leather	33.00	22.50
Mahogany "Tobey Chair," haircloth	38.00	19.00
Inlaid Mahogany Parlor Table	30.00	15.00
Mahogany Reception Chair	22.75	12.50
Weathered Oak Hall Clock	37.00	25.00
Weathered Oak Hall Clock	65.00	36.50
L'Art Nouveau Writing Desk	165.00	95.00
L'Art Nouveau Parlor Cabinet	80.00	55.00
Inlaid Mahogany Parlor Cabinet	185.00	95.00
Inlaid Mahogany Work Table	35.00	19.50
Inlaid Parlor Table	$56.00	$35.00
Mahogany Sideboard	65.00	25.00
Birdseye Maple Chiffonier	95.00	35.00
Dutch Marquetry Desk	125.00	75.00
Mahogany Dressing Table	72.00	36.00
Mahogany Mission Hall Clock	100.00	69.00
Mahogany Curio Table	75.00	29.50
Carved Weathered Oak Hall Clock, with tubular chime movement	450.00	325.00
Inlaid Mahogany Cabinet	350.00	150.00
Solid Mahogany Library Chair	51.50	31.25
Solid Mahogany Library Chair	70.00	45.00
Gold Parlor Chair	47.00	31.00
Mahogany Divan	48.00	32.50
Mahogany Davenport	122.00	55.00
Solid Mahogany Dressing Table	95.00	42.00
Inlaid Mahogany Dresser	81.00	72.00
Golden Oak Dresser	48.00	34.50
Inlaid Mahogany Gentlemen's Chiffonier	70.00	55.00

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Hence, no dirt, no waste, no possible adulteration. Every piece sparkles like a cluster of diamonds, the result of its perfect crystallization. You will be pleased the moment you open a box. You will be better pleased when you have tried it in your tea, coffee, etc. SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS GROCERS.

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Big variety of styles and prices. Our $10 Overcoat the best value in Chicago. Finer grades up to $45.

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MUNROE LOOKS LIKE A FIGHTER.

Ex-Miner Improved in Appearance Since Previous Visit to Chicago.

TALKS OF COMING BOUT.

Has Not Acquired Bluster of Genuine Pugilist—May Box Here Later On.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Jack Munroe, ex-miner, aspirant for heavyweight championship honors, and at present matched to fight Tom Sharkey, arrived in Chicago at 5 o'clock last evening and left for Butte, Mont., an hour and a half later.

The man that broke into the pugilistic game by standing four rounds before Jim Jeffries looks more like a fighter now than when he passed through the city after his tilt with the champion. Upon that occasion he would have been taken for a green countryman, red faced, slovenly of gait, and gawky in appearance. Yesterday fight seemed to stick out all over his big athletic frame. His jaws appeared to be set firmer, his cheek bones looked more prominent, his eyes more piercing, and his slow, shuffling gait had left him entirely. In fact, he carried all the earmarks of a fighter, but, as appearance does not necessarily denote championship caliber, he will still have to make good before he is taken seriously.

One thing in Jack's favor he does not overplay himself by boasting of what he can do. Speaking of his recent contest with Al Limerick and his coming battle with Sharkey he said:

"I had no trouble beating Limerick, but thought I would from the manner in which he was touted. His work in training, I was told, was good enough to beat Jeffries, and the men behind him forced the betting down from 6 to 10 in my favor to 1 to 2 in his. It was common talk he would beat me with his left hand, but I can truthfully say he never touched me with that hand. He came at me like a bull at a gate, slashing away with both hands in hit or miss fashion, and I knocked the little he did know out of him in the first minute of the fight, after which he was easy.

"Sharkey, I think, will be just as easy. He has not fought in some time, and in the few fights in which he took part, after Jeffries beat him, he was put out in a hurry. It may not add much to my reputation to beat him, but it will force Jeffries into giving me a hearing, and that is what I am seeking. I have added considerable to my fighting stock since I met the champion at Butte, and while I may not know as much about the game as he does I believe I am big enough to give him an argument."

Munroe is booked to box an exhibition with Duncan McDonald, the man who refereed his bout with Jeffries, at Butte on Christmas eve, after which he will go to San Francisco to witness the Corbett-Hanlon contest, scheduled for Dec. 29.

Manager McInerney and Matchmaker Lewis of the Ninth Ward guard practically arranged to have Jack meet the winner of the "Kid" Carter—John Willis contest, which they intend to stage early next month. Carter is hankering to get a whirl at the examiner, so there will be no hitch on that end.

The Ninth Ward guard will bid for local patronage at its headquarters, Twelfth and Halsted streets, tonight, where it will hold its initial boxing show of the season. Five contests, all local boys, will make up the program, and all bouts indicate hot scrimmages. The windup will bring together the sluggers, Otto Sieloff and Henry Fagin, and the pair will battle "winner take all." Otto and Henry exchanged wallops on two previous occasions and fight was the watchword from the first to the last tap of the gong.

Tommy Cody and "Kid" Farmer will clash in the semi-final. His will be the "Kid's" first appearance since the reopening of the sport, but his trip through the west increased his knowledge of the game. In Cody he will stack up against a hard hitting youngster and the bout should be a corker. The Frankie Baker—"Stockings" Kelly contest will without doubt be the slugging go of the show, as they depend on a knockout to win the long end of a purse. Tommy Scully and Gus Hannah should furnish good sport. Maurice Rauch and Tommy Shea make up the program. John McInerney will officiate as referee.

A hitch in the referee is likely to break the Jack O'Keefe—"Buddy" Ryan match, which the Ninth Ward guard secured for its Jan. 11 show. It appears that John Hertz, who looks after O'Keefe's interest, objects to the club's official referee, John McInerney, and, as Ryan's manager will not accept the party named by Hertz the match may be called off unless they can come to some agreement.

Paddy Carroll yesterday posted a forfeit of $1,000 to match Tommy Mowatt against Benny Yanger at 126 pounds ringside, the forfeit to go as a side bet.

Buddy Ryan was yesterday offered a match with Willie Fitzgerald by Billy Considine of Detroit. The fight to take place early in January and the weight to be 123 or 135 pounds, as the fighters elect. Sig Hart will accept for Ryan if the financial inducements are sufficient.

Joe Choynski and "Kid" Carter were yesterday matched to fifteen rounds at Boston, Jan. 14.

JACK O'BRIEN BEATS SULLIVAN.

Philadelphia Boxer Wins Decision as He Pleases in Fifteen Round Bout at Boston.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien won almost as he pleased from Jack (Twin) Sullivan at the Criterion A. C. tonight. During every one of the fifteen rounds the shifty Quaker city boxer was all over his opponent and was in and out with the quickness of a cat.

Not at any stage did Sullivan look like a winner. He was apparently whipped before he stepped into the ring, and his much heralded cleverness and ability to block were not in evidence. O'Brien, on the other hand, fully lived up to his reputation. He was as shifty as ever, and his agility on his feet greatly worried the local boxer. He jabbed and jolted, countered and hooked with apparently as much ease as the novice learns to hit straight.

Sullivan made the mistake of trying to box with his clever rival. Time and again O'Brien would jump in with a straight lead, and Sullivan would rush frantically in the hope of catching his wily opponent off his guard. The Philadelphia boxer was always on the alert for the moves, and would come back again with hard right jolts to the body.

The victory of O'Brien was so apparent that there was little hope for Sullivan, unless he landed a knockout, after the first few rounds.

HANLON IN PRIME CONDITION.

Featherweight Who Fights Corbett Next Week Is Examined by Physicians and Declared Fit for Battle.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Dr. Ben Apple, after examining Eddie Hanlon, gives this report of the condition of the young Californian, who is to meet Champion "Young" Corbett next week:

"I found Eddie Hanlon no taller, no stouter, and no bigger than when I examined him last, which was just previous to his first fight with Benny Yanger. I did discover that his muscular tissue had hardened. He was firmer, more solid, but it has been an inward development and has not altered his measurements. Han on seemed to me to be as hard as a bullet, and I would say he was ready right now to fight the battle of his life. In my examination I did not discover a flaw in him."

During training Hanlon has done rough work, and as today was his last of boxing before the fight Eddie went at it hard. He slugged his sparring partners freely, and it was as near a fight as could be seen outside a ring. At the end of the afternoon's work he was overweight, but he will easily get to the limit with a little more road work.

Fights a Ten Round Draw.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Dec. 22.—The fight between Joe Cherry of Saginaw and Eddie Preston of Battle Creek tonight ended in a draw at the end of the tenth round.

Hyde Park, 11; Austin, 2.

Hyde Park defeated Austin at basketball yesterday afternoon in a well contested game by a score of 11 to 2.

HART ON FOUL STRIKE.

MAGNATE SAYS CHANGE MAY CAUSE ANOTHER WAR.

National Leaguer Declares That If the American Organization Insists on Dropping the Rule It Will Provoke a Conflict, Which May Result in the Destruction of the Agreement—Comiskey Certain to Get Claude Berry Despite Tebeau's Statements.

President Hart of the local National league club yesterday agreed with President Pulliam's statement that the American league could in no way dodge the foul strike rule without violating the national agreement and consequently provoking another baseball war. Mr. Hart did not, however, use quite as plain or forcible language as that.

"Any agreement of this kind can be broken when either party to it wishes to break it," he said. "There is no way to enforce the agreement except by mutual consent, and no financial or disciplinary penalty for breaking it. If the American league desires to abrogate the agreement now in force it is at liberty to do so at any time, and I know of no easier pretext than the foul strike rule. There is no other way to dodge the issue, as the rule must stand unless repealed by a majority vote of the joint rules committee, and the National league members are under orders not to repeal or change it in any way.

"Personally I am in favor of the rule, but think altogether too much is being made of the controversy, which is merely a relic of the war. There are members of our league, however, who were practically forced to accept the national agreement, and they would doubtless welcome its abrogation by either party."

Mr. Hart gave no names, but it is well known that he meant Brush and Ebbets of New York and Brooklyn, who signed the agreement under compulsion. The former has been trying to break it ever since. The old league is, therefore, in the position of favoring peace but obliged to confess inability to hold its members in line if a technical excuse is furnished for declaring war. This was proved by the case of George Davis last summer.

President Comiskey some time ago signed Claude Berry, the Texas league catcher, to a 1904 Chicago contract, after drafting him by the regular process from the Dallas club, to which he belonged. Manager Tebeau of Louisville claims to have signed the player for Louisville last fall, but does not claim to have drafted him, and, if he had, Comiskey's draft would override it under the national agreement. That disposes of any fears that the crack catcher will be lost to the White Sox, as Tebeau apparently has no case which can hold water before the national commission, and is merely trying to cajole the player into getting himself tangled up.

CASE GOES AGAINST DREYFUSS.

Chairman Hermann Decides That Pittsburg's Claim to Scanlon of Ilion Club Is Not Valid.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 22.—Chairman Hermann of the National Baseball commission promulgated two decisions today. The first concerns W. D. Scanlon of the Ilion, N. Y., club. He was claimed by Pittsburg, as that club had begun negotiations for him. In view of the fact, however, that no purchase price had been paid the claim of Pittsburg was not allowed, and Scanlon's name was ordered placed on the reserve list of the Ilion club. Regarding the claim of the Dallas, Tex., club for the services of C. B. Moran, who was tried by St. Louis last fall, it was found that the St. Louis club had surrendered its claim to the man some time ago, hence the case had adjusted itself.

Dreyfuss Disputes the Decision.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Regarding the action of the national commission in sending Pitcher Scanlon back to the reserve list of the Ilion club, Dreyfuss said tonight he had paid for Scanlon and could show a receipt, as he bought the player outright without drafting him. He says it must be a mistake on the part of the Ilion management, and that Pittsburg will hold Scanlon, who is expected to be a star pitcher next season.

Calls Western League Meeting.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 22.—President Sexton of the Western league has written to local baseball promoters that the annual meeting of the league directors will be held on Jan. 15. The league circuit for 1904 has not yet been made up, but President Sexton believes it will be at the January meeting, and he thinks this city will be admitted.

Gives Unglaub to Griffith.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 22.—Robert Unglaub, who played third base for the Milwaukee American association team last season and was sold to the Kansas City American club, will play with the New York American league team next year, a deal having been made for the player between the two clubs.

Calhoun's Body Taken East.

Terre Haute, Ind., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The body of Dave Calhoun, the baseball player found dead in the woods near Indian Springs, was brought here today and forwarded to his mother at Philadelphia at the expense of the Eagles, of which he was a member.

"KID" WILLIAMS IS EXONERATED

Pugilist Is Declared Not Responsible for Death of Tom Prendergast at Sacramento and Discharged.

Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 22.—The coroner's jury in the case of Tom Prendergast, the pugilist, who died a few hours after his fight with "Kid" Williams last Friday night, has returned a verdict that "deceased came to his death from rupture of a blood vessel in the brain, caused by blows received in a boxing contest with 'Kid' Williams in this city, and in our opinion without malice."

The gloves were examined by the jury and found to be over five ounces. Williams, whose correct name is Frank Solomon, who was arrested on a charge of manslaughter after the death of Prendergast, was discharged in the city justice's court today.

The others implicated in the affair were also discharged.

NATIONAL REGATTA AT ST. LOUIS

Controlling Body of Amateur Oarsmen Awards Annual Event to Mound City for Next Year.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—John J. Schaab, president of the Southwestern Amateur Rowing association, has returned from New York, where he attended a meeting of the National association for the purpose of securing the national regatta for St. Louis. His efforts were crowned with success. The dates set are Saturday, July 29, and Sunday, July 30, but it may be necessary to change them in order that Canadian crews may participate.

The Canadians hold their annual regatta during the first week in August. This would bring the two close together, and, if the Canadians cannot postpone theirs a week or two, earlier dates may be selected here. There is talk of making the event international, in which case all foreign countries would be asked to send crews.

A movement is under way to arrange a series of international automobile races in St. Louis during next May. President W. P. Moore of the National Good Roads association is at the head of the affair, and is hopeful of securing entries from all countries.

Mr. Moore called on the management of both the Delmar and Union Jockey club tracks yesterday, but was told by both that racing would be in progress during the time scheduled. He will now make an effort to secure the fair grounds, which are not nearly so handy to the world's fair site as the other two tracks.

Columbia-Michigan Game Uncertain.

New York, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—There is a hitch in the arrangements for the proposed football game between Columbia and Michigan to be played here next fall. From Michigan comes an authentic announcement that the game has been arranged, but Columbia football authorities say this is premature, as nothing has been signed and sealed. Local football enthusiasts hope this game will be played, for the reason that New York wants a big Thanksgiving day game and a chance to see the famous western eleven.

Cornell Bids for Yale Star.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—President Schurman of Cornell has offered Dr. Al Sharpe the directorship of the new Cornell gymnasium with the proviso that, if he accepts, he will not practice medicine for this season. He will probably decline. The salary offered is $3,000 a year. Dr. Sharpe is mentioned as a possible candidate for director of the new University of Pennsylvania gymnasium. He was graduated from Yale three years ago. While here he was a member of five regular teams—football, baseball, rowing, basketball, and gymnastic.

Attracts Big List of Entries.

Entries for the regular monthly handicap meet of the Y. M. C. A., which will be held in the Central gymnasium on the morning of Christmas day, closed yesterday with ninety-one individual competitors, including several athletes well known in association athletic circles. There will be nine events on the program, including the 20 and 220 yards dashes, quarter, half, one, and two mile runs, running high jump, shot put, and pole vault. The prizes will be ribbons for the first, second, and third places.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Edelweiss Players Shut Out the Wicker Park Team in the Northwest Tourney.

Three straight victories over the Wicker Parks last night gave the Edelweiss players a good lead over their nearest rivals in the Northwest league. For a long time the two teams have been running neck and neck, but now the Wicker Parks will have to do some steady rolling to regain their position. Schneider averaged 210⅔ for the winners.

In the Monroe league the Blue Islands shut out the Riversides and the Lipmans twice effected the downfall of the Brilliants. Harry Wolfe averaged 200⅔. Scores:

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

Edelweiss.	1.	2.	3.	Wicker Pk.	1.	2.	3.
Meyer	184	211	196	Stears	129	175	171
Lau	194	169	178	Schulze	205	182	144
Foster	173	209	160	Johnson	196	181	173
Starr	213	192	198	Leigke	188	177	160
Schneider	193	214	224	Allen	190	145	183
Totals	957	995	960	Totals	907	863	821

Ntze.	1.	2.	3.	Bella.	1.	2.	3.
Schwartz	189	166	214	Kraft	142	158	194
M. Brick'r	160	168	183	Novak	155	151	188
H. Lavelle	180	167	177	Kotlinger	153	131	189
R. Bruckn'r	183	183	184	Dopp	171	178	224
Geriach	166	187	214	Mansch'pt	177	190	162
Totals	868	871	977	Totals	801	798	929

MONROE LEAGUE.

Blue Isids.	1.	2.	3.	Riverside.	1.	2.	3.
Heit	166	212	144	Willey	144	140	164
Blouin	162	168	234	Luecke	148	169	198
Weber	167	191	163	F. Hartm'n	167	180	129
Vandervyde	184	206	164	Shogren	180	173	173
McRill	159	172	166	Geroux	168	190	201
Totals	828	966	891	Totals	805	864	803

Lipmans.	1.	2.	3.	Brilliants.	1.	2.	3.
S. Wolfe	193	181	201	Klingenb'r	223	198	126
Lipman	185	211	193	Buss	175	217	159
Fisher	193	169	166	Sallander	181	173	192
H. Wolfe	203	205	152	Markham	185	197	159
Sheeb'gh	206	162	189	Brill	173	204	198
Totals	1014	921	901	Totals	937	958	806

MANHATTAN LEAGUE.

Kriba.	1.	2.	3.	Felix.	1.	2.	3.
Vavrock	168	179	164	Florian	171	162	192
Murray	169	190	152	Pitner	168	171	208
Damik	148	188	164	Kaydi	205	164	180
Danek	202	182	167	Stehno	189	170	163
Hajek	220	167	216	Krueger	173	190	236
Totals	904	906	804	Totals	854	857	979

STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.

Grants.	1.	2.	3.	Bruck's C.	1.	2.	3.
Eglesion	179	159	183	Ward	179	211	199
Shober	185	172	180	Bonning	174	179	183
Beebe	162	166	157	McGuire	147	171	176
Daem	152	196	196	Beneman	172	208	178
Fishbotser	165	178	177	Bruck	168	172	173
Totals	826	811	893	Totals	840	962	900

Herman'ns	867	835	839	Kroelma's	756	795	808

COL. KNIGHTS HANDICAP LEAGUE.

Grand	902	895	900	Olympia	850	951	888
Oriental	801	841	813	Unity	847	877	903
Illinois	871	846	845	Valkyrian	780	667	757

JEFFERSON LEAGUE.

Post's Colts	894	945	894	Wolff's Sl's	829	896	824
Klebenows	779	756	814	Cabinet	821	743	792
N. W. Ind's	800	838	926	Armitage	889	757	825

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Afterhours	739	726	872	Rochesters	822	725	739
Live Topics	686	710	774	Underoofs	776	802	737

ENTERPRISE LEAGUE.

Nadonas	761	710	810	Schlesinger	678	572	650
Howe's Ind.	634	726	717	Serocos	849	763	808

NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Standards	791	876	819	Lincolns	818	793	733
Crescents	923	934	845	Ben Alls	775	795	750

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Millinery	821	916	873	Dearings	844	856	922
Lithos	748	776	760	Chess Club	978	760	819

BANKERS' LEAGUE.

Mer. Loan	781	872	790	Corn Ex	732	732	748

SPECIAL MATCH.

Bryant's St.	728	758	786	Del. A. C.	696	728	784

GREEN LIGHT LEAGUE.

Reapers	911	781	781	Arcanos	729	736	711

GARFIELD LEAGUE.

Conners	827	806	895	Austins	777	962	795

EAST END LEAGUE.

Brownings	793	854	743	Maine	948	879	820

LORD MELBOURNE IS BEATEN.

Forest King Takes Measure of Bender's Horse at Ingleside—Defeat Is Blow to Form Players.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Lord Melbourne, which won four straight races at Ingleside and finished ahead of Claude in the handicap on Saturday, was ingloriously defeated this afternoon by Forest King. It was quite a blow to the form players, but it was not unexpected by people who watched the betting.

Lord Melbourne looked a legitimate 1 to 3 shot in the field he was called on to meet. The bookies had laid from 10 and later even money, and from 6 to 5 could be obtained against the favorite. He led into the stretch, when Forest King came along and beat out Sidney Bender's horse by half a length. Forest King was boosted $600 above his entered price.

The $1,000 handicap brought out a field of nine. Falconbridge was backed into favoritism over Modicum and Fossil. Bullman got Fossil off in front and maintained the lead to the entire trip. Falconbridge made a determined effort through the stretch, but Bullman on Fossil carried the 3 year old from the center to the outside of the track. The judges took no notice of foul riding. Fossil is a wonderfully improved animal.

Ingleside Summaries Dec. 22.

First race, 13-16 mile—Brennus, 109 pounds (Shilling), 6 to 1, won; Nullah, 97 (Lamey), 20 to 1, second; Illuloon, 102 (Hildebrand), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:23¾. Boutonnier, Rosie Dan, Lunga, Basseno, Grand Sachem, Myrtle H., Torilla, Little Sister, and Gyros ran.

Second race, Futurity course, 2 year olds—Andrew Jr., 110 pounds (Chandler), 4 to 1, won; Young Pepper, 108 (J. T. Sheehan), 10 to 1, second; Avenger, 110 (Burns), 11 to 5, third. Time, 1:13½. Minstrator, Miss Dan, Gyros, Rose Arwood, Coroner Kelly, Hocso, Hogarth, Carnival, and The Cure ran.

Third race, 15-16 mile—Mountebank, 107 pounds (Burns), 5 to 2, won; Evander, 106 (Hasack), 7 to 1, second; Oro Viva, 107 (McKinnon), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¾. Jack Atkins, Master Mason, Dora L., Adirondack, Maresca, Mr. Phinizy, Laurene, and Bedner Morwan ran.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, handicap—Fossil, 110 pounds (J. Bullman), 3 to 1, won; Falconbridge, 104 (Larson), 4 to 1, second; Divinia, 109 (Burns), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:46⅘. Modicum, Jockey Club, Horatius, Namtor, Our Bessie, and Incubator ran.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Martimas, 107 pounds (Otis), 11 to 5, won; Arcade, 110 (J. Martin), 3 to 1, second; Dolly Hayman, 107 (Lewis), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:28¾. Badger, Siddons, Fair Lass, Nancy Blake, and Mary Moore ran.

Ingleside Track Notes.

Martimas just did last to beat Arcade for first money in the fifth race.

A stock pool meeting at Los Angeles begins on Thursday. Comparatively few horses or jockeys have gone from here.

At a sale of R. De B. Lopez's horses Stuart Polk, a man from Billings, Mont., paid $5,200 for Lisp, a half sister to Articulate.

Jockeys Lee, Jackson, and Linton were badly, if not seriously, injured in the second race. Owing to a jam near the half mile pole Oscar Tolle and Dora L. fell with their riders.

A big field is assured for the Christmas handicap on Friday. The top weights are: Claude, 128 pounds; Arregor, 118; Nones, 118; Proper, 118; Oarsman, 118; Lucien Appleby, 114; Fossil, 113; Dorine, 110; Sidney C. Love, 108; Falconbridge, 106; Lord Melbourne, 103. There are twenty horses running from 100 to 90 pounds.

RHONA ADAIR ON AMERICANS.

Woman Golf Champion of Ireland and Great Britain Praises Girl Players on This Side.

LONDON, Dec. 22. — Miss Rhona Adair, the champion woman golfer of Ireland and England, who has just returned here from a visit to the United States, brought back most pleasant impressions of the American girl golfer, whom she describes in an interview as being "a thorough sportswoman, equally pleasant as a partner or as an opponent." Personally, she said she had always met with hearty appreciation, a fair field, and no favor. Miss Adair was struck with the smart appearance of the American player in her well cut golfing dress, and expressed doubt as to how long the British women golfers would be able to maintain the lead.

Jenkins Defeats McLeod.

New York, Dec. 22.—Tom Jenkins of Cleveland in a catch-as-catch-can match with Dan McLeod of Canada at the Madison square garden tonight, secured two out of three falls. Jenkins was thrown first with a half Nelson, but in the second bout he got a quarter Nelson and bar lock on McLeod and pinned his shoulders to the mat. Jenkins won the deciding fall with a half Nelson. The times for each fall were 9:52, 22:32, and 10:39 respectively.

Crescent Five, 64; Corey A. C., 21.

The Crescent Five basketball team of Evanston defeated the Corey Athletics of Ravenswood last night at Lyon's hall, Evanston, by a score of 64 to 21. Lineup:

Crescent Five.		Corey Athletics.	
L. F.	R. Hussy	O'Conahan	L. F.
R. F.	C. I. Young	Watts	R. F.
C.	Joseph Baker	Squire	C.
L. G.	John Davis	Reid	L. G.
R. G.	Thomas Thompson	Jacquit	R. G.

Referee—G. E. Reid. Umpire—Aplin.

Curling at Wanderers' Club.

At the Wanderers' rinks last night Dr. Hardie's rink defeated Roberton's rink by a score of 10 to 6. The rinks:

D. C. Davies,	A. Smullan,
H. T. Saunders,	E. G. Hunt,
H. P. Waller,	D. I. Whiting,
Dr. T. Hardie, skip—10.	D. C. Roberton, skip—6.

DANAHER COLORS TWICE IN FRONT.

Veteran Horseman Has Two Winners, Silvermede and Mr. Pickwick Capturing Races.

EASTERNERS PLAY HAVOC

Contingent Lands Five Horses Which Ran at Washington at the Wire First.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—For the first time in many years the colors of M. T. Danaher, the veteran horseman, finished in front in two races of one afternoon. Silvermede and Mr. Pickwick, both 2 year olds, carried his colors and won their respective races.

The first was a dash of six furlongs for maiden 2 year olds and the latter a condition event for youngsters at five and one-half furlongs. Both were ridden by Salling, an apprentice lad, whose work in the saddle today gave promise of better things in the future. Silvermede won in a driving finish, with Trossachs, on which Fuller had the mount, and Mr. Pickwick won by the same margin after a setto with Talhouet, which was a slight favorite over him, and Responsive, a 100 to 1 chance, fighting it out in the final furlong.

Easterners Make Presence Felt.

The eastern contingent played havoc with the program this afternoon. Five of six winners were horses which recently arrived from Washington and have been running on the metropolitan tracks all season. One of the afternoon's features was Fuller's ride on Little Jack Horner in the second race, a five furlong sprint for all ages. The Chicago lad won with a beaten horse, nursing him along the last quarter of a mile, while the old gelding wanted to pass it up to Sadducee, Scorpio, and Joe Goss, which were disputing every inch of ground with him, and then by a supreme effort in the final strides he laid his mount down winner by a head.

The preliminary Derby winner, Dutiful, was beaten by Cardinal Wolsey in the seven furlongs. The latter outfooted him away from the barrier and outran him for three-quarters of the way, but only had half a length the best of it at the finish. Had the race been a half furlong farther Dutiful would have won by himself. There was another close finish in the mile and five furlongs, in which Siddons was the favorite. The old rogue never figured prominently, in fact showed no speed at all until the race was almost over, and at the end Sidney Sabbath, Stonewall, and Hayward Hunter were fighting it out, and finished in the order named. Phillips gave the winner a perfect ride, while Stonewall was messed about, and Johnson on Hayward Hunter made his run too soon.

New Orleans Summaries Dec. 22.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2 year olds, maidens, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
11-5	Silvermede, 103 (Salling).	6	4½	2½	1½	1nk
8-1	Trossachs, 112 (Fuller).	1	6½	6½	3½	2½
30-1	Tribune, 103 (F. McIntire).	5	5nk	6½	5½	3½

Time, 1:15. Docila, 110 pounds (Helgesen); Second Sight, 110 (H. Phillips); Step Aside, 103 (Ahern); Rachel Ward, 103 (W. Robbins); Echinata, 104½ (H. Michaels); Clytie, 103 (J. O'Brien), finished as named. Winner, b. f., by Kantaka—Himyara. Start good. Won driving. Tribune, Clytie, tangled up, closed a big gap.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
11-5	L. J. Horner, 114 (Fuller).	4	2½	1½	1½	1½
13-5	Sadducee, 124 (H. Coohr'n).	1	3½	2½	1½	2n
1-2	Scorpio, 119 (W. Hicks).	2	1½	3½	2½	3½

Time, 1:01 1-5. Joe Goss, 114 pounds (Higgins); Tally H., 114 (A. Weber); T. P. of Surrey, 114 (Munro); St. Tammany, 119 (Davisson); J. Barleycorn, 117 (Gannon), finished as named. Winner, b. g., by George Kinney—Princess. Start good. Won driving. Little Jack Horner took the short route and outfinished Sadducee.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-5	Car. Wolsey, 107 (Watkins).	4	3½	2½	1½	1½
1-1	Dutiful, 93 (Fischer).	3	2½	1½	2½	2½
30-1	Spectrum, 92 (W. Hicks).	2	4½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:28. Apple Bloom, 100 pounds (H. Phillips); Sextette, 93 (L. Wilson); Rengaw, 109 (Buchanan); Prince of Power, 107½ (A. Weber); Loiter, 105 (B. Davis), finished as named. Winner, br. c., by St. Leonards—Hampton Belle. Start good. Won driving. Dutiful was wearing the winner down in the final furlongs. Apple Bloom was crowded back at the start.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $400, 2 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
10-2	Lowcut, 107 (Gannon).	7	8	8½	8½	1n
9-2	Falkland, 108 (H. Phillips).	9	6½	6½	4½	2½
7-2	Short Cake, 100 (Byer).	5	4nk	4½	5½	3½

Time, 1:09 1-5. Any Day, 102 pounds (Treubel); Integrity, 109 (Lamey); Edward Hale, 103 (Helgesen); Edna Edwards, 106 (Jenkins); Pleasant Memories, 106 (Niblack); Pistol, 110 (Buchanan); Lady Walter, 100 (W. Robbins); Pinky B., 100 (Aubuchon); Sherman B., 109½ (L. Smith), finished as named. Winner, ch. f., by Locohatchee—Catalog. Start good. Won driving. Lowcut fought it out with Falkland and won. Falkland was hard ridden, but tired. Short Cake showed early speed. Edward Hale closed a big gap.

Fifth race, 1⅛ miles, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
8-1	Sabath, 95 (H. Phillips).	4	6½	5½	1½	1½
12-2	Stonewall, 103 (Treubel).	7	5½	3nk	2½	2½
3-2	H. Hunter, 96 (R. Johnson).	1	2nk	2½	3½	3½

Time, 2:00. Judge Denny, 104 pounds (Minder); Siddons, 110 (Crawford); Fair Lass, 90 (Jenkins); Nannie Blake, 78 (L. Wilson); Mary Moore, 96 (Aubuchon), finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Pontico—Blanche Starling. Start good. Won driving. Stonewall finished gamely. Hayward Hunter tired. Siddons was outrun.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2 year olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-5	Talhouet, 103 (Niblack).	5	6½	6½	3½	1½
100-1	Responsive, 100 (Lindsey).	9	10	10	7½	2½

Time, 1:08 2-5. Mr. Pickwick, 103 pounds (H. Phillips); Charles Fisher, 100 (Pieratt); Major Carpenter, 103 (B. Davis); Ethel Scruggs, 100 (J. McIntyre); Glento, 104½ (Heidel); Miss Bessie, 100 (Higgins); Delemont, 100 (Livingston); Escalera, 100 (W. Fischer); Black, 100 (Bybee), finished as named. Winner, br. c., by Meadowthorpe—Maid of Bramble. Start good. Won driving. Mr. Pickwick came with a rush. Talhouet closed up fast. Responsive closed a big gap and finished fast. Major Carpenter showed rare early speed.

New Orleans Entries.

First race, 1 mile, selling—Jake Weber, 105 pounds; Oclawaha, 104; Past, 103; Count 'Em Out, 103; Felix Bard, 101; Our Nugget, 101; Pompino, 100; Begone, 98; Pepper, 98; Burning Glass, 98; Calcutta, 94; Royal Pirate, 92.

Second race, 1⅛ miles, selling—Potheen, 110 pounds; McWilliams, 104; The Bobby, 104; Irving Mayor, 103; Little Elkin, 99; Albert Lee, 95; Free Admission, 93; Jack Doyle, 93; Malay, 91; Joe Doughty, 90; Sin Spray, 90.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Homestead, 120 pounds; Ivernia, 109; Boaster, 108; W. J. Debos, 106; Nellie Forest, 106; Carl Gaines, 104; Russellton, 101; Circus Girl, 101; Si Ah, 101; Lou Woods, 101; Louisville, 100; Barbara Fristchie, 96.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—Ethics, 112 pounds; Dr. Stephens, 110; Huzzah, 105; Satira, 102; Mynheer, 99; Mrs. Frank Foster, 90.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds—Boundling, 103 pounds; Invincible, 103; Lev Dorsey, 100; Belle Mahone, 100; Floyd K., 100; Tioga, 100; Handspinner, 100; Irene Mac, 97; Josette, 97; Offset, 97; Palmist, 97; Safeguard, 97.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Arden, 106 pounds; Mint Bed, 106; St. Wood, 104; Kentucky Muddle, 103; Commena, 101; Bavel, 101; Pupil, 101; Birdwood, 101; Alalia, 101; Bluablaza, 99; Trio, 96; Anti Trust, 96.

Notes of New Orleans Track.

Jockey Pollack left for Los Angeles tonight.

The lowest weight at which Fuller could ride today was 112½ pounds, and he will have to reduce daily to keep down to riding weight.

Jockey H. Cochran may join the American colony of riders in France next season. He has received an offer from George Walker, who for a number of years trained the horses of John W. Schorr, and who next season will train for a prominent stable in France.

TURN DOWN "PITTSBURG PHIL."

Jockey Club Stewards Table His Appeal for Reinstatement—Bennings Tangle Is Straightened Out.

New York, Dec. 22.—George E. Smith's ("Pittsburg Phil") request for a rehearing of his case, whereby his entries are refused, was laid upon the table by the stewards of the Jockey club at their regular meeting tonight. It was in May last that the stewards refused to receive any further ent

MARKET DULL, NOT WEAK

CASE OF HOLIDAY STAGNATION IN ALL THE GRAIN PITS.

Wheat Only an Eighth Lower in Spite of Heavy Primary Receipts and Recovery in British Consols, Selling Pressure Being Light—Corn Holds Firm in the Pit, but Cash Prices Are Decidedly Lower—Little Doing in Oats—Provisions Easier.

In sharp contrast to the activity of the wheat market on Saturday and Monday, a settled holiday dullness settled down upon the pit yesterday. Trade was extremely light, the covering of shorts so noticeable for several days being on a much smaller scale, and the entire range of prices only 1/8c.

While the market was dull it showed little weakness, closing prices being unchanged to 1/8c lower, the only decline in the May delivery. The May range was from 83c to 83 1/8c, with the close at 82 7/8c bid. While there was a break of 3/8c at the low point, the price for most of the session held within 1/4c of the previous close, and on the break to 82 3/8c, which was near the end of the session, little wheat came out, and there were enough orders enough at that figure to cause a quick reaction. There was a suspicion of commission selling at 83c, the top price of the day, but that interest was an open buyer in a moderate way at 82 7/8@c, and was presumed to have had resting orders in the market under 82 3/8c. There were some excuses for lower prices, the Liverpool market corresponding to the reaction here the day before with a decline of 1/4d. English consols recovered 3-16c, an indication of less tension over the Russo-Japanese situation, northwest receipts being larger than a year ago, and the southwestern movement so much greater that the total at primary points was 1,000 bu larger than for the corresponding day last year, 1,077,000 bu, compared with 1,076,000 bu. But there was a noticeable lack of selling pressure. There has not been much profit of late in selling wheat on 1c breaks, and the local trade was not inclined to fight the market, the business partly of an evening up character over the holidays.

Minneapolis Prices Easier.

There were 424 cars northwest, compared with 321 a year ago, but nearly a third of the receipts at Minneapolis were winter wheat. Kansas City receipts were heavy, 1,000 bu, compared with 124,000 bu. Cash prices at Minneapolis were easier, millers getting out of the market there in the hope, it was alleged, of bringing about a break. There was a decline of 3/8c in the May price here and at St. Louis, where the December was 1 1/8c. Other domestic markets were dull. Clearances were 481,000 bu, including 327,000 bu wheat, of which 232,000 bu went from New Orleans, the first shipments presumably on recent export sales. Export clearances at the seaboard of 176,000 bu were reported. Duluth advices told of a good demand from Manitoba and of difficulty in obtaining them.

It was clear over the winter wheat belt, with clear weather predicted, and the official snow map showed no protection south of northern Iowa, Nebraska, and Illinois. Local contract stocks increased 96,000 bu to 1,100,000 bu. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 700,000 bu in world's stocks for the week, compared with a decrease of 900,000 bu in the corresponding week last year. Liverpool was 1/4d to 1/2d lower and Antwerp unchanged. There was a further advance in the December at Paris. There was some selling of May by Brousseau and Richardson, some buying by Wrenn, which was considered with the big short line supposed to be in existence for the Loyal Smith coterie of New York, a line some pit statisticians figure as high as 15,000,000 bu.

Corn Dull but Firm.

Extreme dullness marked the speculative trade in corn, the entire May range only 1/8c or less out of the session, and while it sold off from 41 1/4c, it closed unchanged at 43 3/8c bid, other deliveries losing 1/4c. The speculative pit was not affected much by the prospective weakness in cash corn, the yellow grades being 1 1/2c lower on the sample table. The shipping demand was dull, but of 25,000 bu were reported. The pit was featureless, except for some covering in May by Updike. Contract stocks increased 184,000 bu and are now 1,809,000 bu. There were 475 cars in, with only 3 contract. It is more and 21,000 bu out of private elevators. Clearances were 187,000 bu and exceed 160,000 bu. Estimated carlots for tomorrow 180 cars. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 696,000 bu east of the rockies. Severe cold weather induced some local buying. The Liverpool market was weaker, closing 1/4 to 3/4 lower, and spot 1/4d lower.

Narrow Market in Oats.

The same story of marked dullness could be told of oats as of corn, the outside range only 1/4c, the close 1/4c to 1/4c lower. Cash prices were 1/4c to 1/4c lower, the shipping demand dull except for December loading, for which brokers had trouble in securing cars. There were 277 cars inspected in, with 9 rejected, and 146 estimated for today. Local contract stocks increased 40,000 bu to 2,100 bu. Clearances were 18,000 bu. Trade was continued selling of May by Bartlett-Frazier on a moderate scale, the buying mostly local.

Heavy Selling Weakens Provisions.

The quantity of realizing sales was too much for provision prices to withstand. Lard lost 15@17 1/2c, lard 7 1/2@10c, and ribs 12 1/2c. In all cases the outside losses were the earlier deliveries. English houses sold product steadily, and considerable came from small local longs. The foreign trade was represented by White and Wells. The buying was done by Steever, Booth, Wolff, and Fyfe. Hog receipts were 25,000, with 30,000 estimated today. Western packing was reported 62,500, compared with 87,000 head ago and 67,000 last year. Shipments were larger, 3,104,200 lbs of cut meats, against 2,307,400 lbs a year ago, and of lard 1,230,000 lbs, compared with 1,231,900 lbs last year.

Cash was dull and neglected, cash in store being 3@3 1/2c and fresh arrivals, free for 2@2 1/2c. There was no trade in January, 56@56 1/2c. December 52c bid, 52 1/2c asked, and May 56 1/8c bid and 56c asked. Inspection was 92,000 bu, New York withdrawals 5,100 bu. New York local freight room engaged for 16,000 bu. No changes of consequence were reported in barley. Inspection was larger, 103 cars. There was a fair to good screenings sold at 25@37c for poor, quotable over a range of 25@37c for poor to choice. Sales of feed and mixing were reported—outside prices paid early for several cars; closed slow and heavy. Low malting ranged at 37@42c. Fair to good kind stained, at 43@46c, and high grades at 48c. Choice, good color, quotable at 47c. Fancy, bright, plump, clean, possibly up to 48@50c.

Seeds were slow and about unchanged, Prime timothy nominally $2.05. For January $2.05 was bid and for March $3.10. Clover remained nominally $11.25 contract. Flax seed was quiet. No. 1 northwestern was quoted $1.00 and southwestern 93c. May flax opened at 98 1/4c, July was called nominally $1.00, and September $1.00. Receipts were 19 cars, 19 at Minneapolis, and 112 at Duluth.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

Closed Dec. 21	Range— High.	Low.	Closed yes- terday.	Closed Dec. 23, 1902.
[illegible]	80 1/4	79 1/2	80 1/8	74 1/8
[illegible]	83	82 1/2	82 3/4	77 1/4
77 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4–3/8	74

CORN.

41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/4	41 3/8	45 1/4
43 1/4	43 1/4	43 3/8	43 3/8	44 7/8
43 3/4	43 1/4	43 3/8–7/8	43 3/4	

OATS.

35	34 1/2	34 3/8	34 3/8	31 1/8
31 1/8	30 1/4	30 1/4	27	29 1/4
34 1/4	34	34	34	32 3/4

MESS PORK.

11.77 1/2	11.62 1/2	11.62 1/2	11.60	16.60
11.90	12.05	12.05	12.05	16.20

LARD.

6.55	6.45	6.45	6.45	9.80
6.77 1/2	6.65	6.67 1/2	6.67 1/2	9.42 1/2

SHORT RIBS.

6.25	6.12 1/2	6.12 1/2	6.12 1/2	8.45
6.50	6.37 1/2	6.40	6.40	8.60

GRAIN INSPECTION.

Wheat.	No. 1 hard.	No. 1 northern.	No. 2 northern.	No. 3.	Stand- grade.	Low grade.	Total.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	68	[illegible]	55	123
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10	48	[illegible]	67
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	99	173	[illegible]	475
[illegible]	[illegible]	6	112	153	173	[illegible]	277
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	9
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	101	[illegible]	103
9	[illegible]	6	298	730	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,054

Wheat, 18,000 bu No. 1 northern, 1,100 bu No. 2 northern, 7,100 bu No. 4 white, Rye, 100 bu No. 2. Loaded from unlicensed elevators—Wheat—Winter, 4 cars No. 3 hard, 18 cars No. 2 red; spring, 30 cars No. 1 northern. Corn—38 cars No. 3 yellow, 3 cars No. 2 white, 14 cars No. 3 white, 21 cars and 20,800 bu No. 2, 5 cars No. 3, 18 cars No. 4. Oats—2 cars standard, 6 cars No. 3 white, 18 cars No. 2, 3 cars No. 3. Rye—8,000 bu No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady. Hard spring patents [favorite brands], $5.00; hard patent [in wood], $4.10@4.30; straight [export bags], $3.70@3.80; clear [export bags], $2.80@3.30; soft winter patent [in wood], $4.00@4.10; straight, $3.80@3.90; clear, $3.20@3.40; hard winter [export bags], $3.50@3.60; clear [export bags], $2.80@3.00; rye, bris, $2.85@3.05; sacks, $2.60@2.80.

BRAN—Steady. Sales free on board, $15.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Easy and 1@2c lower. Sales free on board: No. 3 red, 87c; No. 2 red, 88 1/2c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, at river, 61@63c; No. 3 hard, at river, 65@74c; No. 2 hard, at river, 75 1/2@76c.

SPRING WHEAT—Easier. Sales free on board: No. 4, 54@76c; No. 3, 80c. Billed through: No. 4, at river, 60@70c; No. 3, at river, 74c; No. 2, at river, 77c.

CORN—Unsettled and 1 1/2c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 new, 38@41 1/2c; no grade, new, 33c; No. 3, 25,000 bu for shipment on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 32@33 1/2c; No. 4, 37@43c; No. 3, 39 1/2@44c; No. 3 yellow, 42@45c; No. 3 white, 39 1/2@40c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 38 1/2@41c; No. 3, 35c for white; No. 3 white, 38@41c.

OATS—Slow, 1/4@1/2c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 34c; No. 3 white, 35 1/2@36c; standard, 37c; white clipped, 50,000 bu on p. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 33@34 1/2c; No. 4 white, 33 1/2@36c; No. 3, 35c for white; No. 3 white, 34 1/2@37 1/2c; standard, 37 1/2c; No. 2, 35c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 34 1/2@35c; No. 3 white, 35 1/2@36 1/2c. At the river: No. 4, 32 1/2c; No. 4 white, 32@34c; No. 3, 33c; No. 3 white, 33@35 1/2c; standard, 36c.

RYE—Slow. Sales on track: No. 2, 56 1/2c; No. 4, part car, 50c. Free on board: No. 2, 56c. Billed through: No. 2, river, 53 1/2c.

PROVISIONS—Weak. Cash lots mess pork, $11.75@11.87 1/2; lard, $6.45@6.50; ribs, $6.00@6.25.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Quiet and steady. Beef hams, $17.50@18.00; extra mess beef, $7.75@8.00; plate beef, $8.00@8.25; extra plate beef, $8.50@8.75. Tallow steady at 5@5 1/4c for edible, 4 1/4@4 1/2c for prime packers, 4 1/2@4 1/2c for No. 1 do, and 3 1/2@4c for No. 2 do, 4 1/2@4 1/2c for city renderers, 4 1/2@4 1/2c for prime country, and 3 1/2@3 1/2c for No. 2 do. Oleostearine in fair supply and quotably steady at 6 1/2@6 1/2c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 3 1/2@3 1/2c for brown, 3 1/2@3 1/2c for yellow, 4 1/2@4 1/2c for B white, and 4 1/2@4 1/2c for A white.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash pork bris, $1.27 1/2@1.30; oak, $1.30@1.32 1/2; lard tcs, $1.55@1.60.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished goods, $1.27.

HAY—Dull. Receipts, 749 tons; shipments, 16 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $9.50@11.00; not graded prairie, Kansas, $10.00@11.00.

STRAW—Rye straw, $8.00@9.00; wheat straw, $6.00@6.50; oat straw, $6.50@7.00. Sales on track: Tangled rye, $8.25.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Wheat—Receipts, 35,100 bu; exports, 108,782 bu; spot, easy; No. 2 red, 92 3/4c, elevator, and 93 3/4c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 95 1/4c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, nominal f. o. b. afloat; May, 85 11-16@86 1-16c, closed 85 3/4c; July, 81 1/4@82 3-16c, closed 82c; December, 92 3/4@92 7/8c, closed 92 3/4c.

Corn—Receipts, 40,950 bu; exports, 60 bu; spot, quiet; No. 2, 53c, elevator, and 53c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 57 1/2c; No. 2 white, 53c; May, 49 3/4@49 7/8c, closed 49 3/4c; December, 51 1/4@51 1/2c, closing 51 1/2c.

Oats—Receipts, 31,500 bu; exports, 21 bu; spot, steady; No. 2, 42 1/4c; standard white, 42 3/4c; No. 3, 40 1/2c; No. 2 white, 42 3/4c; No. 3 white, 42 1/4@42 1/2c; track, white, 42@45 1/2c.

Cotton seed oil—Firm.

Sugar—Raw, nominal; refined, quiet.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 30 points higher; middling uplands, 13.30c; middling gulf, 13.55c; sales, none; futures closed strong: December, 13.13c; January, 13.31c; February, 13.31c; March, 13.45c; April, 13.48c; May, 13.58c; June, 13.67c; July, 13.59c; August, 13.16c.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 22.—Close: Wheat—Lower; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, nominal; track, 92@92 1/2c; December, 91 1/4c; May, 81 3/4c; July, 76c; No. 2 hard, 76@77c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 43c; track, 43 1/2c; December, 43 1/4c; May, 42@42 1/4c; July, 41 7/8c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 36c; track, 37c; December, 36c; May, 37 1/4c; No. 2 white, 39c. Lead—Firm, $4.17 1/2. Spelter—Higher, $4.70.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 22.—Close: Wheat—December, 68 1/4c; May, 69 1/4c; cash, No. 2 hard, 69 1/4@72c; No. 3, 66 1/4@69c; No. 4, 61@65c; rejected, 57@60c; No. 2 red, 82@83c; No. 3, 78@81c. Corn—December, 37 1/4c; May, 37 1/4c. Cash, No. 2 mixed, 37c; No. 2 white, 37@37 1/2c; No. 3, 36@37c.

DULUTH, Minn., Dec. 22.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 81 1/4c; No. 1 northern, 80 1/4c; No. 2 northern, 77 1/4c; on track, No. 1 northern, 80 1/4c; No. 2 northern, 77 1/4c; No. 3 spring, 74 1/4c; December, 79 1/4c; May, 81 1/4c. Receipts—Wheat, 31,108 bu; shipments, wheat, none.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 22.—Wheat—December closed at 79 1/4c; May, 81 1/4c; July, 81 1/4c. In cash wheat No. 1 hard on track closed 82 1/4c; No. 2 northern, 81 1/4c; to arrive, 81 1/4c; No. 2 northern and to arrive, 79 1/4c; No. 3 wheat, 72@76c. Bran—In bulk, $13.75@14.00.

TOLEDO, O., Dec. 22.—Clover seed—Closed: Cash and December, $7.05; January, $7.02 1/2; February, $7.05; March, $7.10. Prime timothy—$1.40. Prime alsike—$6.65.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 22.—Wheat—Steady; No. 1 northern, 84@85c; No. 2 northern, 80@82 1/2c; May, 82 1/4c bid. Corn—Steady; No. 3, 40@43c; May, 42 1/2c.

PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 22.—Corn—Lower; No. 3, 41 1/2c; new No. 3, 38c; new No. 4, 37c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.27 for finished goods.

Foreign Produce Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 22.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 3d. Futures quiet; December nominal; March, 6s 4 1/2d; May, 6s 3 3/4d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, 4s 2d. Futures quiet; January, 4s 1/2d; March, 3s 11 1/2d. Cotton—Spot in limited demand; prices 8 points lower. Futures opened steady and closed quiet.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—The dry goods market does not respond as rapidly as it did when on a lower basis to the radical changes of the raw cotton market, yet the advances registered give added strength to sellers' position and make them more independent regarding any attempts to secure concessions. The market is not active and is not expected to be until after the holidays. Jobbers are doing an indifferent business, except in local demand for holiday goods.

METALS—Tin in London, spot £129, futures £130; in New York, spot $28.50. Copper, in London, £56 15s spot and £56 7s 6d futures; locally, lake, $12.37 1/2@12.50; electrolytic, $12.25@12.50; casting, $12.12 1/2@12.37 1/2. Lead, in London, £11 8s 9d; here, $4.37 1/2. Spelter, £21 7s 6d in London; $5.00 in local market. Iron, 49s in Glasgow, 42s 1 1/2d in Middlesboro; locally, No. 1 foundry northern, $15.00@16.00; No. 2 foundry northern, $14.00@15.00; No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern soft, $13.50@14.00.

COFFEE—Firm; No. 7 Rio, 7c. Coffee futures opened steady at a decline of 10@20 points, closing at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points.

POULTRY—Alive firm; western chickens, 10@ 12c; fowls, 11 1/2c; turkeys, 14@15c; dressed easy; western chickens, 11 1/2@12c; fowls, 11 1/2@12c; turkeys, 16@18c.

BUTTER—Receipts, 6,273 packages; steady; extra creamery, 23c; creamery, common to choice, 15@22c; state dairy, 14@20c; held creamery, 15@20c.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—There was an increased demand for money in the market today, owing to the holiday requirements, the payment of $7,500,000 of call loans, and the outflow of cash to the provinces. Discounts fluctuated. Business on the stock exchange was depressed and there was no prospect of any real improvement for the present. The tension caused by the far eastern outlook abated a little, through the latest news being regarded as rather more favorable. Consols sustained a loss at the opening, but this was subsequently recovered. Americans, which were the least affected, opened dull and irregular, recovered, relapsed, were practically neglected, and closed steady. Foreigners suffered from the war scare. Japanese and Russians were particularly sensitive, but closed with a slightly better tone.

Closing stocks:

Consols for money	88 1/16	N. Y. Central	122 1/4
Consols for account	88 1/16	Norfolk & West	59 1/4
Anaconda	3 1/4	Do pfd	90
Atchison	69 1/4	Ontario & West	22 3/8
Do pfd	98	Pennsylvania	60 3/8
Balto. & Ohio	81 1/4	Rand Mines	9 1/4
Canadian Pacific	122 1/4	Reading	23 1/4
Ches. & Ohio	34 1/4	Do 1st pfd	40
Chi. Gt. Western	16 1/4	Do 2d pfd	31
C., M. & St. P.	147	Southern Railway	22 3/4
De Beers	20 1/4	Do pfd	80
D. & Rio Grande	21 1/8	Southern Pacific	49 1/4
Do pfd	74 1/4	Union Pacific	80 7/8
Erie	30 1/4	Do pfd	91
Do 1st pfd	70	U. S. Steel	11 1/4
Do 2d pfd	52	Do pfd	58 1/4
Illinois Central	133 1/4	Wabash	21
Louis. & Nash.	109 1/4	Do pfd	38
M., K. & T.	18 1/4		

Bar silver, firm, 25 11-16d per oz. Money, 3 1/4@4 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3 5/8@3 3/4 per cent; three months bills, 3 5/8@3 13-16 per cent.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Trading on the bourse today opened hesitatingly on the contradictory reports from the far east. Later prices strengthened on the news of the negotiations continuing, and they closed firm. Rio Tintos gained 6 points. The private rate of discount was 2 15-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—Prices on the boerse today were firm and trading was quiet.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Cattle Prices Rule Steady, Sheep Show Strength, and Good Hogs Sell a Shade Higher.

The receipts of live stock at the yards yesterday included 4,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, and 14,000 sheep. The markets were featureless so far as cattle and sheep were concerned, prices ruling steady on cattle and strong in spots on sheep. Hogs were a shade higher for the good quality of strong weights, but lightweights were slow and barely more than steady. The three road car report for today indicates a lighter run than has been coming for this day of the week, the roads reporting 602 cars, which is nearly 300 cars less than reported for any Wednesday in the last month. The receipts should be not far from 15,000 cattle, 35,000 hogs, and 15,000 sheep.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Tuesday, Dec. 15	7,109	735	37,491	19,881
Wednesday, Dec. 16	23,634	888	47,291	15,733
Thursday, Dec. 17	2,207	500	36,206	17,668
Friday, Dec. 18	1,122	340	26,406	1,208
Saturday, Dec. 19	427	69	20,515	1,217
Monday, Dec. 21	17,218	832	38,408	24,761
Tuesday, Dec. 22	4,000	700	25,000	14,000
This week	21,218	1,532	73,405	38,761
Last week	38,953	1,769	79,902	40,729
Last year	18,068	1,009	60,717	22,077
Official last week	69,405	3,283	225,570	61,574
Official year ago	58,080	2,044	182,883	103,570
Shipments—				
Week ago	2,806	141	2,253	2,172
Monday	1,034	134	2,544	2,067
Yesterday	3,000	100	3,000	2,000
This week	5,054	250	5,544	4,692
Last week	7,009	141	8,504	5,902
Last year	3,720	15	5,514	8,925
Official last week	26,751	585	23,560	21,217
Official year ago	19,361	775	25,173	15,712

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year ending Nov. 30, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1903	3,359,961	7,117,336	4,490,542	90,850	296,845
1902	2,867,257	7,675,980	4,413,858	100,911	270,810
Inc	492,704		76,684		25,035
Dec		558,557		1,061	

TUESDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	7,500	Swift	5,500
Anglo-Am	3,000	S. & S.	1,500
Boyd & L.	1,500	Butchers	2,000
Continental	700	Shippers	2,500
Hammond	800		
Morris	2,100	Total	27,900
Boore & Co.	800	Unsold	8,000

Cattle.

Scarcely enough cattle arrived to establish a market. Conditions of the trade, however, are much better than they were a short time ago, and buying interests show more of a desire to get cattle. No strictly prime beeves were offered, the best being a load of 1,400 lb averages that sold at $5.50. The bulk of dressed beef and shipping steers went at $4.25 to $4.75. Exporters were riding the yards looking for good cattle weighing 1,350 to 1,500 lbs, but they could find few that would suit their orders. The market for butcher stock was active and steady to the extent of supply. Good veal calves were firm and the stocker trade was without quotable change. Supplies of stockers are large and the outside demand is of a limited character. Quotations:

Good to prime steers	$4.90@5.75
Poor to medium	3.25@4.90
Stockers and feeders	1.75@4.00
Cows	1.50@4.00
Heifers	1.75@4.50
Canners	1.50@2.30
Bulls	1.75@4.25
Calves	2.00@5.75

Hogs.

The significant dropping off in weight and quality of hogs coming to market has resulted in a spreading tendency in the range of prices, with heavyweights of smooth quality commanding a premium of 30@40c. Only a few weeks ago the bacon hog of 175 lbs average sold 50c higher than the best quality weighing more than 300 lbs. A good quality weighing 240 and up met a good, active demand yesterday, and prices ruled 5@10c higher. For lightweights the market ruled slow, with prices no more than steady on the good bacons, and for underweights declines of 5c had to be accepted. The unusually large supply of "thrashy" light stuff was taken by some to indicate that the supplies of mature hogs in the country have been well marketed. Quotations:

Mixed and butchers	$4.40@4.65
Good to choice heavy	4.45@4.67 1/2
Rough heavy	4.30@4.45
Light	4.15@4.45
Bulk of sales	4.35@4.50

Sheep.

The market for sheep was active and strong, while lambs ruled steady. Good fat yearlings met an active demand and sold 10@15c higher, with tops making $4.65 for fed western. The best native lambs sold at $5.70, but were not as good as the small lots that sold at $5.85 on the previous day. Quotations:

Good to prime lambs	$5.25@5.75
Common to medium	4.00@5.25
Native ewes	2.75@3.25
Western ewes	2.85@3.15
Native wethers	3.75@4.00
Western wethers	3.50@4.00

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Beeves—Receipts, 217, mainly consigned direct; no sales reported. Cables quoted American steers at 12c to 13 1/4c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, top price, 10c a lb. Exports today, 1,124 beeves, 1,676 sheep, about 4,400 qrs of beef. Calves—Receipts, 515; market rated slow. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2,336; sheep, dull and weak; lambs, slow and lower. Hogs—Receipts, 5,021; about steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 700 southerns; market, 10c higher. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market, 5c to 10c higher; top, 4.55; bulk of sales, $4.35@4.47 1/2. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market strong.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 22.—Cattle — Receipts, 3,500, including 1,400 Texans; market steady. Hogs—Receipts, 4,500; market firm, 5c to 10c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market, steady.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,200; active, 10c higher. Hogs—Receipts, 7,500; market active, 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market, steady.

ORDERS THE STOCK ASSESSED.

Shareholders in National Asphalt Company Will Be Required to Pay Sum of $24,000,000.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 22.—Judge Kirkpatrick in the United States Circuit court today signed an order permitting Henry Tatnall, receiver of the National Asphalt company, to issue a call assessing the shareholders of the Asphalt Company of America, of which he is also receiver, in the sum of $24,000,000. This sum represents the unpaid portion of the latter company's capital stock. The application for the order was opposed by lawyers representing different stockholders. The suit was instituted by the Land Title and Trust company of Philadelphia, trustees for the holders of the company's outstanding bonds.

Our Great Cash Offer

Pay cash for any Diamond in our half-million dollar stock and ask for a bill of sale with return option. If at any time within one year you would rather have money than the Diamond, bring the Diamond and the bill of sale back to us, and we will give you the full price paid, in spot cash — less ten per cent. Under this offer you might buy a fifty dollar Diamond and wear it a whole year, then bring it back to us and get forty-five dollars. The prestige and pleasure of wearing the Diamond would cost you less than ten cents per week.

An Easy Payment Account

Your account, payable weekly or monthly, is very welcome with us. We have built up the largest Diamond business in the world through our faith in the people. We make the payments so moderate and convenient that any one earning money—no matter how little—can be accommodated. Our enormous sales enable us to buy Diamonds direct from the cutters and to make prices from ten to twenty per cent lower than any other house, large or small. We give a Guarantee Certificate with every Diamond sold, and take back Diamonds at the full price paid in exchange for other goods.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL MIDNIGHT. OPEN ALL DAY CHRISTMAS.

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LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.

SECOND FLOOR, STEWART BLDG., 92 TO 98 STATE STREET, N. W. COR. WASHINGTON STREET.

OPPOSES A NEW FRANCHISE AND ASKS CITY OWNERSHIP.

Western Starr, Before Council Committee, Declares Passage of Ordinance Would Be Legislative Tragedy.

Andrew B. Adair, Western Starr, Peter Sissman, and August Gans were the speakers before the local transportation committee yesterday. All opposed the passage of the Chicago City railway ordinance, under discussion, advocating municipal ownership in its stead.

Western Starr foresaw in the passage of the ordinance a "legislative tragedy."

"For twenty years," he said, "the people of this city have been tied hand and foot by the traction companies. These corporations have dominated the entire city and sometimes the entire state. They have elected aldermen, mayors, and even governors. This ordinance would bring forth bitterness, which would increase until it reached a great and terrible crisis before the end of the twentieth year."

Starr declared if the aldermen really wanted municipal ownership they could find a way to get it at once, under the Mueller law.

Mr. Adair, who spoke for the typographical union, asserted there would be no trouble in securing the money for buying the property, as the owners of street car securities would be glad to exchange them for city certificates.

Mr. Sissman was candidate for city treasurer on the socialistic ticket last spring. He took the ground that private property of any kind is wrong.

August Gans said the only objection to municipal ownership was the fact the civil service commission could not be trusted.

Cotton Again Goes Up.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—The cotton market took another skyward sail today about noon and closed within a point or two of the top and steady at a net advance of 45@55 points, these prices being new high records for the season. Sales were estimated at 1,200,000 bales. The advance was accompanied by rumors of advance information on the census bureau report, which is expected around the first of the year and is expected to show the amount of cotton ginned up to Dec. 14. According to rumors current on the floor this report would show that 2,000,000 bales of cotton have been ginned to Dec. 14 and point to a crop of 9,300,000 bales. The rumor was that the amount of cotton remaining to be ginned would approximate 7 per cent.

J. H. Strong Sues Insurance Company.

An accounting with the General Accident Assurance corporation, limited, of Perth, Scotland, is asked for in a bill filed in court yesterday by Joseph H. Strong. The complainant says that from March 1, 1901, to Dec. 31, 1902, he acted as general agent in Illinois for the concern. From time to time since he severed his connection with the corporation Strong says he has received sums of money, but no final settlement has been made.

CHARGES WIFE OF SLOCUM WITH HELPING IN THEFT.

Justice Dooley Continues Case Against Man Acused of Attempting to Take Diamonds.

Testimony at the hearing of Hugh Slocum yesterday led Justice Dooley to charge Mrs. Madge Slocum with being implicated in the attempted theft of diamonds valued at $2,200 from Mrs. Marian Dunlevy. He continued the hearing to Saturday, to allow the police time to arrest Mrs. Slocum.

R. A. Burke was released in the early part of the hearing upon the request of the prosecuting attorney. Strong pleas also were made for the release of Slocum.

While the husband was being arraigned, Mrs. Slocum prompted him in his answers, and finally was ordered to the rear of the courtroom. When told to sit down she burst into tears. Later it was necessary to take her to Inspector Wheeler's private office to quiet her.

Embezzlement Charge Dismissed.

The charge of embezzlement brought against Edythe Tierney, daughter of former Lieut. Tierney, a Haymarket veteran, was dismissed in the court of Justice Prindiville yesterday. It was shown that Miss Tierney had lost the money she was said to have embezzled from the Lakota cafe.

How Nature Lends

Every one knows that Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. Hence the housewife uses it with implicit confidence and without question, and she is justified in so doing.

But how few realize that Royal Baking Powder in its chief ingredient is a direct product of the healthful and delicious grape! This constituent of the grape, crystallized and ground to an impalpable powder, is the cream of tartar which forms the active principle of every pound of Royal Baking Powder.

Fruit properties are indispensable to the healthfulness of the body, and those of the grape as used in the "Royal" are the most valuable and healthful of all.

Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder produces food remarkable both in flavor and wholesomeness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

BANK TO BEGIN DIVIDENDS

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY STOCK ON 4 PER CENT BASIS.

Bankers' National Raises Its Rate of Distribution from 6 to 8 Per Cent—Institution Has Had Successful Career—Gossip That the South Side "L" Is Making Progress with Its Plans for Financing Extensions—General Financial News.

Directors of the Central Trust company of Illinois yesterday declared an initial quarterly dividend of 1 per cent out of earnings of the last seventeen and a half months, the period elapsed since the bank began business. The declaration places the stock on a 4 per cent basis, and the dividend is payable Jan. 2 to stock of record Dec. 28.

The Central Trust began business July 8, 1902, with a capital of $4,000,000. The bank has had no losses, and its earnings up to Dec. 22, 1903, were $369,904, including $68,734 paid out of earnings for the business of the Siegel, Cooper & Co. and Rothschild & Co. banks and for furniture and fixtures. The earnings, including these expenditures, have been at the rate of 6.34 per cent on the capital stock. The items mentioned have been charged off.

For the current calendar year earnings, with an estimate for the remaining days of December, figure as follows:

Jan. 1, 1903, undivided profits	$101,228
Dec. 22, 1903, undivided profits	301,170
Profits 1903 to Dec. 22	$199,942
Add expenditure for Siegel and Rothschild banks, furniture, and fixtures	68,734
Total	$268,676
Profits remainder of year (estimated)	12,000
Profits calendar year 1903	$280,676
Deduct estimated taxes	38,000
Leaving net for stock	$242,576

Being at the rate of 6.06 per cent on the $4,000,000 capital.

After deducting the payment of 1 per cent, or $40,000, the bank will begin the new year with undivided profits of $273,170. Without allowing for any increase in business next year, the bank should be able to pay its 4 per cent dividend and add between $80,000 and $100,000 to undivided profits.

Beginning on a 4 per cent basis was considered conservative by the management, Charles G. Dawes, former controller of the currency, is president of the bank.

Bankers' National Increases Rate.

Directors of the Bankers' National bank yesterday increased the dividend rate from 6 per cent to 8 per cent per annum by declaring a quarterly distribution of 2 per cent. It is payable Dec. 31. Books close Dec. 29.

The directors have had the matter of an increase in mind for some time. Earnings have steadily grown and deposits increased, and yesterday it was the opinion of the board that the new rate was fully justified. President Lacey said of the board's action:

"We have been fortunate in our loans this year, and earnings have been about 15 per cent. We canvassed the prospects of the future, and we could not see any probable condition for a period of years which would leave us unable to earn 8 per cent. Our deposits and earning power have grown with the growth in public confidence which the institution has enjoyed."

The Bankers' National was organized in 1892 with $1,000,000 capital, and Edward S. Lacey, a former controller of the currency, as president. The last statement of the bank's condition rendered to the controller showed $2,000,000 capital, deposits of $12,698,202, and surplus and undivided profits of $1,023,470. Mr. Lacey said that after the payment of the quarterly dividend just declared by the board the surplus and undivided profits would be in excess of $1,000,000.

South Side L Affairs.

It was gossip in La Salle street yesterday that the South Side "L" people had made some progress in plans for financing the proposed extensions. It will require an eventual issue of $6,000,000 or $7,000,000 stock, and there is understood to have been tentative consideration of a plan to declare something out of the treasury to stockholders, which would make the underwriting price of the new stock below par. The shares are now selling between 95 and 96.

General Financial News.

H. C. Frick is understood to be behind the Pittsburg Reduction company, which manufactures nearly 80 per cent of all the aluminium made in this country. Estimates are that about 10,000,000 pounds of aluminium was manufactured last year at a cost of 10 cents a pound, although it sells above 20 cents a pound.

It is officially announced that the Marsden company, which held a majority of the stock of the International Smokeless Powder and Chemical company, has sold its entire interest in that company to the powder trust, known as the Dupont International Powder company.

The treasury department will shortly begin mailing checks in payment of interest on outstanding bonds which falls due Jan. 1, on the 4 per cent bonds, $1,908,149, and on account of the 2 per cent bonds, $2,710,744, making a total of $4,318,893.

The Central Pacific railway company has applied to the New York stock exchange to list $2,027,000 additional first refunding mortgage 4 per cent guaranteed bonds of 1949.

The Illinois Brick company is said to have had a poor year, sales having been nearly one-third less than the previous year, and prices having been much lower.

With respect to the report that the Southern railway company is considering an issue of bonds to refund the present outstanding obligations, the statement is made on authority that something of this kind has been under consideration in a general way for some time, but that the matter has never been formally discussed by the board. It is denied that the issue is contemplated in the near future.

The New York subtreasury yesterday transferred $450,000 to New Orleans.

The annual retirement of bonds of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool company by the operation of the sinking fund has been completed, $50,000 being purchased and canceled by the company. This is the second redemption of bonds under the sinking fund, and $100,000 has been retired. The semi-annual interest on the bonds has been sent to New York and is ready for payment on Jan. 1.

There is gossip that the Great Western Cereal company will begin to pay dividends in January, and that the Metropolitan West Side Elevated will pay a small dividend on the preferred stock in February.

Dividends Declared.

Directors of the American Trust and Savings bank yesterday declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable Jan. 2, 1904, to stock of record Dec. 29.

A dividend of 1½ per cent will be paid on the stock of the Consolidated Traction company of New Jersey Jan. 15. Books close Dec. 31, reopen Jan. 16.

A dividend of 3 per cent on the capital stock of the Temple Iron company will be paid Jan. 1 to holders of certificates of beneficial interest of record of Dec. 31.

The American Locomotive company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Jan. 21. Books close Dec. 29 and reopen Jan. 21.

The Distillers Securities corporation has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent payable Jan. 28. Books close Jan. 15 and reopen Jan. 27.

The Dominion Coal company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent payable Jan. 1. Final arrangements for separating the coal company from the Dominion Iron and Steel company were completed.

The directors of the Central and South American Telegraph company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable Jan. 7. Transfer books close Dec. 31 and reopen Jan. 8.

Railway Earnings.

PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

	Earnings	Increase.
November—Gross	$ 1,821,725	$ 150,165
Operating expenses	1,015,545	146,449
Net	264,180	3,714
From Jan. 1—Gross	22,727,666	2,119,683
Operating expenses	17,048,163	1,933,697
Net	5,679,503	185,986

ELGIN, AURORA AND SOUTHERN.

November—Gross	84,616	1,151
Operating expenses	22,207	1,579
Net earnings	12,319	*725
From July 1—Gross	206,075	17,781
Operating expenses	116,857	13,048
Net	89,291	4,733

TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO.

Fourth week November	13,082	2,252
Month	45,850	5,444
From July 1	265,126	63,512

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb for the securities named:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	3⅝	3¾
Do pfd	31½	31¾
Con. Ry. Light & Ref.	3⅝	4
Electric Boat	17	20
Do pfd	45	54
Electric Vehicle	5¼	5⅝
Do pfd	8	10
Havana Tobacco	23⅝	...
Do pfd	30	32
Int'l Mercantile Marine, com	4⅝	5¼
Do pfd	19½	19⅝
Manhattan Transit	1⅛	1⅜
Montreal & Boston	11-16	¾
N. Y. Electric Vehicle Trans	5⅜	5⅝
Northern Securities	89⅝	89¼
Otis Elevator	24	26
Do pfd	78	82
Royal Baking Powder pfd	99	100
Seaboard Air Line	13⅝	14
Do pfd	23⅝	24
Standard Oil	665	670
St. Louis Transit	11¼	12¾
Do pfd	54	55
Am. Light & Traction, com	38	43
Do pfd	82	87

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed steady in Chicago yesterday at the following quotations:

SELLING.

Cables	485¾
Checks, London	484⅞
Checks, Paris	518¾
Checks, Berlin	94 15-16

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	481½
60 days, documentary	481¼
3 days, Hamburg	94⅜
3 days, Antwerp	5221½
60 days, France	5227½
60 days, Holland	39⅜
3 days, Holland	40 1-16

Commission House View.

In their closing letter yesterday Edward L. Brewster & Co. had the following from New York:

"The tendency of prices was towards a lower level, not because of any unfavorable news, but more as a result of taking profits wherever possible before the holidays. Trading continued narrow and almost wholly professional, just about such a market as usually prevails at this time of year. Stocks, however, are not forced on the market. There is no liquidation and prices continue low, while at the same time money rates are easy and will be for some time at least. Bearing these facts in mind, we consider it advisable to take moderate profits on rallies and are inclined to look for a more active market. An exception to the general sentiment to let the market rest was pressure brought to bear on Rock Island. The selling of this stock is on the prospect of a bond issue by that company, which the stockholders will be asked to authorize at a special meeting in January. It had but little effect, however, on the general list, and the closing was weak and unsatisfactory."

Expenditures for Panama Machinery.

It is figured that the commencement of work on the Panama canal will mean the placing of large orders with American machinery manufacturers. Accepting the estimate of $140,000,000 to complete the work, it is figured that 10 per cent, or $14,000,000 of this will go into machinery. In this connection New York contractors are of the opinion that there is now at Panama unboxed machinery that has been there for ten years. But it is said to have been of the highest class when purchased, including electric and pneumatic tools. Since that time pneumatic tools have been greatly improved.

Bell Telephone Competition.

The consolidation of 4,000 independent telephone companies in the middle west, and the connecting up of the toll line system, will be, according to eastern ideas, the first real competition that the Bell company has had in the long distance service, although the independents have done a large short service business within their respective territories. The weakness of the various independent systems has been in the fact that they had no connection with the most important center in the west, Chicago. This established, their position will be greatly strengthened.

An authority on the telephone business says that profits on long distance, excluding that between New York and Boston, is meager for a distance in excess of 150 miles. As to the service between New York and Chicago, it is figured that for the five minutes' service for which the telephone company gets $9, $20 worth of telegraphic messages could be sent at a much less cost for maintenance.

Germany Buys American Securities.

Concerning the foreign buying of American securities the London Statist in its issue of Dec. 12 says:

"We understand that German buying of American railway shares has been on an exceptionally large scale. Not only have the shares of the good companies been bought outright, but there has likewise been large purchasing of options as an improvement in the American railway market early in the new year is looked for in Germany. French investors have not bought American shares, they never, indeed, do so. But they have bought American bonds freely, not only here in London, but also in New York. There has been some buying likewise by Holland. But just now the financial condition of Holland is far from satisfactory, owing partly to the failure of the crops in the Dutch East Indies, partly to the bad harvest at home, owing to the heavy and continuous rains, and partly to losses occasioned by unwise speculation in American securities. Consequently Amsterdam has not been able to do much just now in the buying of American securities, whereas Germany has bought on a large scale."

Chicago Stocks.

In the local stock market there was moderate activity in American Can and Swift & Co. shares. Activity in the latter was probably stimulated by the talk of formation of a pool in the shares.

Biscuit preferred touched par for a small lot. The remainder of the market was without feature, except the firmness of Northwestern L bonds.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

Stock	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	20	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
Do pfd	210	31½	31¼	31¼
Chicago City railway	100	162	162	162
Chicago Title and Trust	30	89	88¾	89
Chicago Union Traction	50	6¼	6¼	6¼
Do pfd	5	25½	25½	25½
Diamond Match	115	128½	128½	128½
National Biscuit	70	97	95¾	96
Do pfd	50	100	99⅞	99⅞
Quaker Oats pfd	53	78	75	76
Swift & Co	210	101½	101¼	101¾

BONDS.

$ 2000	Con Gas 5s	103⅜	
5000	Met L gold 4s	95½	
6000	N W El 4s	88	
$ 6000	N W El 4s	88¼	
10000	Un Loop 5s	105½	

Clearings in Chicago yesterday were $20,763,617 and a week ago $27,265,165.

New York exchange sold yesterday in Chicago at 20c premium before clearings and 10c premium after.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Holiday dullness prevailed on the local exchange. Copper Range was fairly active, but Amalgamated was dull and neglected. Miscellaneous issues were quiet. Call loans, 5@6 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 5½@6 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent. Clearing house loans, 5½@6 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	2,468	48	48½	47⅜	47⅜
Allouez	100	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¼
Arcadian	80	80	80	80	80
Atlantic	8	8	8	8	8
Amer. Tel.	369	126½	126½	125¾	125¾
Atchison	200	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼
Do pfd	92	92	92	92	92
Amer. Sugar	100	123⅝	123⅝	123⅜	123⅝
Amer. Pneumatic	375	4	4	3¾	4
Do pfd	100	18¼	19¼	18¼	19¼
Amer. Woolen	50	84	84	82	82
Do pfd	250	97¾	97¾	97¼	97¼
Bingham	200	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼
Copper Range	3,350	45¼	46½	45	45¾
Calumet	435	485	485	435	435
Cons. Mercur	1,000	85	85	80	80
Centennial	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Dom. Steel	350	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
Dom. Coal	50	77	77	77	77
Edison Elec.	78	223½	223½	223	223½
Franklin	35	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Granby	900	4	4	4	4
Gen. Elec.	121	165¼	166	164¾	164¾
Mohawk	20	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
Michigan	6	6	6	6	6
Mass. Elec. pfd	11	76	76	76	76
Mass. Gas	283	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
Do pfd	258	78¾	79	78¾	79
N. Eng. Tel.	10	121	122	121	122
Osceola	15	58	58	58	58
Old. Dom.	15	8	8	8	8
Phoenix	25	3	3	3	3
Rhode Island	5	1	1	1	1
Shannon	900	8	8	7⅞	8
Santa Fé	50	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Swift & Co.	35	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
Trinity	155	4¾	5	4¾	5
Tamarack	10	89½	89½	89½	89½
U. Shoe Mchy. pfd.	147	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¾
Utah	618	20½	20	20½	20
U. S. Mining	220	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Un. Fruit	250	100	100	100	100
U. S. Coal & Oil	170	8¼	8¼	...	...
Un. Shoe	100	78	78¼	78	78¼
Do pfd	4	89½	89½	89½	89½
Victoria	305	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Winona	7	1	1	1	1
Wyandot	350	100	100	90	90
Western Tel.	2	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾

BONDS.

$1000	West. Tel. 4s	93¾	1000	N. E. Tel. 6s	...
1000	Atch. 4s	96¾	1902		103
1000	do adj.	86¾	1000	N. Y. N. E. 6s	101¼
1000	C. B. & Q. Ia. div. 5s	107	1000	Un. Pac. 4s	102¾
1000	do joint	90	1000	West. Tel. 5s	99¼

STOCKS TAKE A HOLIDAY.

MARKET IN WALL STREET NOTABLE FOR SMALL FLUCTUATIONS.

Prices Opened and Closed Close to Mark at the End of Business on the Day Previous — Consolidated Gas and Local Tractions the Only Issues That Did Anything to Distinguish Them from Rest of the List—Rock Island Scheme May Go Through.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Market values at the close of business on the stock exchange today were about where they were at the day's beginning and where they left off yesterday afternoon. The market was, in other words, almost entirely featureless and stagnant. Consolidated Gas and local traction issues were notably strong, if any movement in such a dull market could be said to be notable at all. On the other hand, all the Rock Island issues inclined toward weakness. A good share of this dullness doubtless is caused by the reasons usually operative when the holiday season of the year approaches, but diplomatic negotiations now pending between Russia and Japan are still more or less a damper upon activity in this market as in every other great financial capital of the world.

Foreign houses received dispatches during the afternoon from correspondents abroad stating the feeling is much more optimistic there today than it has been concerning the probabilities of a peaceable outcome.

London is still a small seller on balance in this market. Prices here rose slowly during the forenoon and fell as slowly during the afternoon, the entire range of fluctuations covering hardly three-quarters of a point. Foreign exchange was weak, the demand for Christmas remittance having fallen off so that the weight of cotton bills and the sterling market again begins to exercise its legitimate and inevitable influence.

Call money was offered today in abundance below 4 per cent, while the demand for time money seems to be small.

From a purely speculative point of view, the matter chiefly to be regarded is, perhaps, the fact that in spite of the dullness of the market there is well nigh a total dearth of offerings of stocks. That is to say, using Wall street phraseology, "stocks are scarce." The buying power of the market is a considerable force, and there also exists a large short interest. In two or three stocks this short interest undoubtedly is of large dimensions.

Much curiosity, not to say wonderment, was excited last summer by the announcement that stockholders of the old Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway company were to be called together for the purpose of authorizing a unified mortgage upon their property of $250,000,000. The meeting of stockholders thus called was postponed to Jan. 7 of next year, and now it seems probable that at this meeting the new bond issue as planned will be created.

Close: Money on call easy, 3@4 per cent, closing bid 3½, offered at 4. Time loans easy: 60 days, 6 per cent; 90 days, 5@5½; 6 months, 5@5½.

Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 484.50@484.55 for demand and at 481.15@481.20 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, 482 and 485½. Commercial bills, 480¾@480⅝. Bar silver, 55⅝. Mexican dollars, 42⅜. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High	Low.	Closing Dec. 20.	Closing Dec. 21.
Amn. Sugar	1,000	123¾	122¾	123	123¼
Amn. Locomotive	5,900	18¾	18	18¾	18
Do pfd	400	78¾	78¼	78¾	77¾
Amn. Smelting	900	49¾	49	49¾	49¾
Do pfd	2,800	93¼	92¾	93	92¾
Amn. Snuff	100	110	110	110	...
Amn. Car Found	200	99	99¼	99¼	98¾
Amn. Ice	1,000	8	7¾	8	8
Do pfd	200	28¼	28	28¼	28¼
Atchison	6,900	67¾	67	67¾	67¾
Do pfd	200	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
Amal. Copper	16,300	48¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Bkln. Rap. T.	26,800	51¾	47¾	51¼	50¾
Balt. & Ohio	3,200	78¾	78¼	78¾	78¾
Bkln. Un. Gas	400	207	210	210	...
Chi. & N. W.	600	167	166¼	166¾	166¾
Chi. & Alton	100	35	35	35	35¼
C., M. & St. P.	2,100	142¾	142¼	142¾	142¾
Do pfd	200	172	172	172	171¾
Chi. Ter. pfd	200	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¾
Ches. & Ohio	200	33	32¾	32¾	33
Chi. R. I. & P.	100	160	160	160	160¼
Contl. Tob. pfd	100	104	104	104	104¼
Canadian Pac.	500	118¾	118¼	118¾	118¾
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	2,800	192¼	191	192¾	192¾
Colo. & Southern	1,000	14¾	13¾	14	14¾
Do 1st pfd	100	51¾	51¾	51½	51¾
Colo. F. & Iron	100	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
C. & H. C. & I.	700	15	14¾	14¾	14¾
Chi. Un. Trac.	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Corn Products	600	17¾	17	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	200	67	66¼	66¾	...
C. St. P. M. & O.	20	141	141	141	...
D., L. & W.	400	280	280	280	281
Del. & Hudson	300	164¾	164	164¾	163¾
Det. City Gas	200	75	74½	75	74
D., R. G. pfd	100	77	71	71	72¾
Det. South. pfd	100	16¾	16¾	16¾	...
Det. Un. Ry	100	68	68	68	68¼
Dist. Sec. Corp	2,400	25¾	24¼	25¾	24¾
Erie	5,000	29¾	28¾	29¾	29¾
Do 1st pfd	100	66	66	66	65¾
Do 2d pfd	200	50½	50½	50¾	50¼
Gen. Electric	300	164¾	...	164¾	165
Gen. Chemical	700	51	51	51	52¼
Illinois Cent.	800	130	129¾	129¾	129¾
Intern. Paper	200	11	10¾	11¼	11¼
K.C.Ft.S.& M.pfd.	100	67	67	67	68¼
Louis. & Nash.	800	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾
Long Island	20	50	50	50	...
Met. Securities	800	88¾	88¼	88¼	89¼
Manhattan	4,300	142¾	141¾	142	141¾
Met. St. Ry	1,200	123½	122¾	123	123
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	800	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Missouri Pac.	8,900	94	93¾	93¾	93¾
Nat. Biscuit pfd.	100	99¼	99¼	99¼	...
Nat. R.R.Mex. pfd	500	36¾	36¾	36¾	...
National Lead	90	15	14¾	14¾	...
N. Y. Cent.	700	119	118¾	118¾	118¾
Nor. & W.	1,200	57¼	57	57	57¼
N. Y., Ont. & W.	1,600	22¾	22	22	22¾
N. Y. N. H. & H.	22	195	195	195	195
Phoenix	4,200	17	13	13	16
People's Gas	600	97¾	97¼	97¼	97¼
Penna. R. R.	16,900	118¾	117¾	118¾	118¾
Pressed Steel C.	700	28¾	28	28¾	28
Reading	9,800	46	45	45¾	45¾
Rubber Goods	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Ry. Steel Spring	200	18	17	17	...
Rock Island	31,000	24¾	23	23	24¾
Do pfd	1,700	60¼	59¾	59¾	60¾
Southern Ry	700	20¾	20¼	20¼	21¼
Southern Pac.	4,700	45¾	44¾	44¾	45½
St. L. & S. W.	100	13½	13½	13½	...
St.L.& S.F. 2d pfd.	700	41	40¾	41	42¼
Texas Pac.	200	24½	24¼	24¼	25
Tenn. C. & I.	1,300	33¾	33	33	33¼
T., St. L. & W.	800	22	22	22	22
Do pfd	100	34½	34½	34½	32
Third Av.	100	120	120	120	...
Union Pac.	6,100	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
Un. Bag. & Inv. Co.	200	9	9	9	9
Do pfd	100	44¼	44¼	44¼	...
U. S. Realty pfd.	100	85½	85½	85½	84¾
U. S. Rubber	100	10¼	10¼	10¼	...
U. S. Leather	100	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Do pfd	100	76	76	76	75½
U. S. Steel	5,100	10⅝	10¼	10¼	10⅜
Do pfd	27,400	55½	54½	54½	54⅝
U. S. Cast I. P.	200	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Do pfd	40	90	90	90	88
Va. Caro. Chem.	600	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¾
Wabash	600	19¾	19¾	19¾	20
Do pfd	200	37	37	37	37
Wis. Cent.	500	16¾	16¾	16¾	17¼
Westinghouse	800	158	157¾	157¾	...

Total sales of bonds, $1,782,000.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	223	United States	161¼
American	183	Fargo	208

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg	106	Do coup	133¼
Do coup	106¼	U. S. old 4s, reg	106½
U. S. 3s, reg	107¾	Do coup	110¼
Do coup	107¾	U. S. 5s, reg	101½
U. S. new 4s, reg	133¼	Do coup	101¼

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

22000	Atch gen 4s	99¼@99⅝	
4000	do adj	86¾	
5000	do stamped	86¾	
5000	Adams Ex 4s	101¾	
2000	A I & S 5s	105¾	
1000	A C 4½s	95	
1000	Am. Dock 5s	112¾	
1000	BCR&N 1sts	101¾	
1000	B & O 5½s	05¾	
8000	do 4s	101	
78000	do SW 3½s	89¾	
19000	Bk. El 4s	99½@100¼	
1000	Can So 1sts	103¾	
8000	C Ga con 5s	103¼@104	
60000	do 2d inc.	28¼@29¼	
58000	do 3d inc.	19@20	
2000	C D & I 1sts	113	
6000	C N J gm 5s reg	128	
7000	C & O 4½s	102¾	
3000	do con 5s	114¾	
4000	do R&A 2d 4s	95	
99000	C B & Q joint	92¼@92¾	
8000	C & A 3½s	82	
5000	do 3s	82	
1000	C & N W deb 1921	110	
1000	do 3½s	99	
8000	C M & St P So Minn	113¾	
11000	C R I & P gen 4s	103¾@103¾	
64000	do 4s new	97¾@98¼	
131000	do Coll 5s	73¾@74¼	
10000	Colo Mid 4s	54@56	
9000	Colo So 4s	85½@86	
3000	Cort Tob 4s	58½@59	
6000	D&RG en 4s	90¼@90¾	
1000	Den Ry Gas 5s	103	
94000	Dis Sec 5s	61½@62¼	
5000	E T V & G 1sts	111¾	
19000	do con 5s	116¾@117¾	
14000	Erie gen lien	86¼@86¾	
2000	Ft W & D C 1sts	102¾	
2000	H & T C 5s	112¾	
5000	I & G N 2ds	86¾	
2000	Int Paper 6s	106	
3000	I C Lv 3½s	94½	
3000	K C Ft S & M 4s	79	
8000	Lac Steel 5s	93	
2000	L & N unf 4s	100¾	
14000	do Sn Ry 4s	80½	
2000	L & W 1st 6s	61¼	
54000	do deb B	61¼	
3000	W U 5s	103	
2000	do 4½s	107¾	
3000	W S gld 4s	105¾	

Total sales of stocks, 231,000 shares.

EGGS AGAIN MAKE DECLINE.

Loss of 1 Cent Sends Extras to 32 Cents—Butter Without Change—Turkeys Remain 15 Cents.

The produce market was without much change in quotations yesterday, eggs being about the only line to show weakness. Extras declined to 32c and were weak at this reduced price. There was a good supply of dressed turkeys, but the demand was not at all equal to the offerings. Potatoes showed a little more strength and best grades sold as high as 63c. Veal was steadier and gained ½c on the day. Vegetables were abundant and fully equal to the demand of retailers, as was fruit of all kinds. Holiday produce is selling at reasonable figures, and the trade while not abnormally large is satisfactory to dealers.

Quotations were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, extra, 80 per cent fresh	32c
Do prime firsts	30c
Do at mark, general receipts, cases included	27½c
Do shipping cases	25@27c
Butter, creamery, extras	28c
Firsts	26@27c
Seconds	16@17c
Dairies, Cooley's	21c
Do firsts	19@17c
Packing stock	7@13c
Cheese, twins	10c

FRUIT.

Oranges, California, new navels	$2.50@3.00
Do Floridas, choice	$2.25
Bananas, bch.	50c@$1.75
Apples, good to choice	$1.75@2.05
Do fair	$1.50@2.00
Cranberries, brl.	...
Cape Cod	$5.00@8.00
Cranberries, Early Jerseys	$6.75@10.00
Grapes, 4 lb baskets, Catawbs and Concords	45c
Pears, brl. Keiffers	$3.00

POULTRY.

Live turkeys	10@14c
Live chickens, hens	9c
Spring chickens, lb	9½c
Do geese, doz.	$6.00@9.00
Fresh dressed turkeys	15c
Dressed geese	11@12½c
Iced turkeys	10@12c
Dressed chickens, hens	9½@10c
Do spring	9½@10c
Pigeons, alive, doz	75@90c
Squabs, dressed	$1.50@2.00

VEAL.

50@60 lbs	4@4¼c
80@125 lbs	5½@6c
85@110 lbs	7c
150@200 lbs	4@5c
150@220 lbs	5@4c

GAME.

Snipe, jack, doz	$1.00
Plover, doz	$1.00
Rabbits, doz	60@75c
Opossum, each	30@50c
Raccoon, each, dressed	25@60c

VEGETABLES.

Beets, brls.	$1.15@1.25
Do sacks, 1½ bu	65c
Beans, navy, hand picked	$1.85
Do medium	$1.83
Cauliflower, Long Island, brls	$2.65
Potatoes, per bu	52@65c
Do sweet, brl.	$1.75@3.00
Radishes, per 100 bunches	$1.00@1.25
Onions, sacks, 70 lbs	50c@$1.00
Do boxes, 1 bu.	75c@$1.00
Popcorn	$1.00@1.60
Carrots, brls, old	90c@$1.00
Cabbages, per ton	$25.00@30.00
Lettuce, heads, tubs	30@50c
Do endive, boxes	50c
Tomatoes, California, 4-bskt cases	$1.00@1.25
Turnips, 1½ bu	40@60c
Cucumbers, home grown, doz	50@60c
String beans, hamper baskets	$1.00@2.50
Egg plant, doz.	50c@$1.00

FEATHERS.

Prime, live geese, white	57@60c
Do all gray	38@45c
Mixed, geese and duck	28@30c
Duck, white	45@45c
Chicken, body, dry picked	16@18c
Turkey, body, dry	25@26c
Do tail, choice	22@25c
Pointers	5c

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts		Shipments	
Articles.	1903.	1902.	1903.	1902.
Apples, brls	430	1,711	269	220
Beans, bu	...	2,000	...	...
B. corn, lbs	62,900	123,700	47,800

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald, if left at any of its branch offices before 10 o'clock the same day, or sent by mail or telegraph addressed regarding them in: "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

IN MEMORIAM.

MILLS—John, in remembrance of our husband and father, who died Dec. 22, 1902.

SCHUTZ—Margaret. Anniversary mass will be said at St. Michael's church, Dec. 23, 8 o'clock.

Anderson, August. Arentsen, Clarence. Bailey, Medora A. Barnes, Lola. Brown, Rev. Hugh W. Brutzow, Joachim. Carlsen, Hans P. Carlson, Emil. Carlsen, Hans P. Chesley, Margaret. Dick, Salome. Ekeyes, William. Fairchild, Malinda. Fairchild, Leander. Hanton, Ellen. Hartmann, William. Hastings, Charles C. Henning, Charles A. Hoeft, Baldwin. Jones, Mary E. King, Henry. Kramer, Jacob. La Point, Anthony. Lawrence, Hattie M. Leist, John.

Lindenmeyer, Marie K. Lockey, Jonathon R. Lowry, Mrs. Jennie. Massey, James B. Mackey, B. Palmer. Mooney, Michael. Nelson, Harry F. Nelson, Sidney. Newman, Terence R. Nitschke, Alfred. Noble, R. A. Nolan, John. O'Connor, Edward. O'Connor, Jerome L. O'Connor, Capt. Patrick. O'Shaughnessy, Mich'l. Perkins, Mrs. Alice R. Quinn, Barney. Robertson, Caroline. Sass, Mary. Seymour, James. Sullivan, James. Sweeney, Thomas. Taaffe, William. Williams, Ernestina. Wunderle, John.

ANDERSON—August, Dec. 20, age 61 years, husband of Eline Anderson. Funeral Dec. 23 at 1 o'clock p. m. from 783 N. Campbell-av., thence to Mount Olivet.

ARENTSEN—Clarence, son of William and Hilda Arentsen, Dec. 20, aged 3 years. Funeral Dec. 23 at 2 o'clock from 776 N. Crawford-av. Burial at Mount Emblem.

BAILEY—Medora A., Dec. 21, at Austin. Funeral Dec. 23 from 217 S. Prairie-av. Burial at Shiff Day, Ill.

BARNES—Lola, wife of P. R. Barnes, Monday, 2 a. m. Funeral services Thursday, Dec. 24, at 2 p. m. from late residence, 3176 Catalpa-av. Interment Glenn. Interment at Rosehill. Friends from city take 1:25 St. Paul train from Union depot.

BROWN—Dec. 21, the Rev. Hugh W. Brown, aged 69 years, at Parsons, Kas. Interment at Mount Hope. Notice later.

BUTZOW—Dec. 21, Joachim Butzow, aged 76. Funeral 12 o'clock Wednesday, Dec. 23, from his late residence in La Grange. Services at cemetery chapel, Forest Home cemetery, 1:30 o'clock.

CARLSEN—Hans P., Dec. 19, aged 49 years, husband of Henriette Carlsen. Funeral notice hereafter.

CARLSON—Christ, husband of Mary Carlson. Funeral Thursday, 1 o'clock, from 278 W. Ohio-st., to Mount Olive.

COX—Elisa H. Cox, on Dec. 22, 1903, aged 84 years. Funeral services Thursday, Dec. 24, 1903, at 2 p. m., from late residence, 1228 Sheridan-road. Burial at Graceland. Zanesville (O.) papers please copy.

DORSET—Margaret, wife of the late George W. Dorset. Funeral Dec. 23 at 10 a. m. from 491 28th-st. by cars to Mount Greenwood.

ECK—Salome, Dec. 22, 379 E. 24th-st., aged 67 years. Funeral notice hereafter.

EGGERS—William, 562 26th-st., Dec. 22, 4 p. m. Funeral Wednesday, 1 p. m.

ENDERS—Emma, Dec. 22, aged 19 years, wife of Emil Enders. Funeral notice later.

FAIRCHILD—Malinda, Dec. 20, wife of James A. Fairchild, aged 59 years. Funeral Dec. 22 from 3 Archer-av.

FILETTI—Lenardo, at 140 N. Sangamon-st., aged 71 years. Funeral notice hereafter.

FISCHER—Charles W. Fischer, suddenly, at Philadelphia, Dec. 21, 1903. Burial in Graceland. Funeral services at Graceland chapel at 10:30 Dec. 23.

HANTON—Ellen, Dec. 22, infant daughter of James and Susan Hanton. Funeral Dec. 23, at 11 a. m. from 8328 Bishop-st.; cars to Mount Olivet.

HARTMANN—William, Dec. 21, aged 58, beloved husband of Emma Hartmann, nee Daum, father of Alma, Clara, and William H. Hartmann. Funeral from late residence, 6200 Green-st., Thursday, 10 a. m., Oakwoods.

HASTINGS—Charles C. Hastings, on Dec. 21, aged 57 years. Funeral services Wednesday, Dec. 23, at Rosehill chapel, 2:30 p. m. Friends 1 p. m. train, Chicago and Northwestern Ry.

HENNING—Charles A. Henning, aged 59 years, Dec. 21, 1319 W. 22d-st. Interment Dec. 23 at 12:30 p. m. Concordia.

HOEFEL—Baldwin, Dec. 19, 1903, aged 59 years 6 months. Burial to take place from Mrs. A. Sass's, 363 W. Division-st., Wednesday, Dec. 23, at Graceland cemetery.

KING—Henry, husband of the late Mary King, at 77 Gault-ct. Funeral notice later.

KEATING—Mary E. Keating, suddenly, Dec. 21. Funeral services at Sheldon's undertaking rooms, 39 E. Madison-st., Wednesday, at noon. Interment at Oakwoods cemetery by way of I. C., 2 p. m. train.

KRAMER—Jacob Kramer, beloved father of George Furst, nee Kramer, Mrs. William Sass, Lydia Kramer, Jacob Kramer, and Adolf Kramer, Dec. 22, at residence, 200 S. Robey-st. Burial Thursday, 1 p. m. Funeral private.

KRAUSE—Anthony, husband of Anastasia Krause. Funeral Dec. 22 from 5341½ Ogden-av. Burial at Mount Carmel.

LAWRENCE—Dec. 21, at the residence of her son, Preston K. Lawrence, 1626 Cornelia-av., Mrs. Lawrence of Ogdensburg, N. Y. Interment at Ogdensburg.

LEIST—John Leist, 167 Schiller-st. Notice later.

LINDENMEYER—Maria Katherine, aged 73 years, wife of John Lindenmeyer. Funeral Dec. 23 from 289 E. 21st-st., to Waldheim.

LOCKEY—Dec. 21, Jonathan R., husband of Ida Lockey. Funeral Dec. 24 from 1015 Nelson-st. St. Alphonsus' church, thence to St. Boniface.

LOWRY—Mrs. Jennie Lowry, aged 62 years.

MOONEY—Michael, husband of Mary Mooney, at 3 Hannan-ct. Funeral Wednesday, 10 a. m., to Holy Family church, thence to Calvary.

MACKEY—B. Palmer, Dec. 22, 2 a. m., aged 6 years, at residence, 5200 S. Park-av., beloved husband of Agnes Peirce and father of Mrs. Lupher and Clark, Miss Ella M., Mrs. Lydia R. Livingston, Mr. Leslie F. McKeand, W. Irving, and William Mackey. Funeral notice hereafter.

MASSEY—James B., aged 66 years, at Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 16. Father of Chas. R. Massey. Services and interment at Mount Greenwood cemetery, Thursday, Dec. 25, 1 p. m.

NELSON—Harry F., aged 8382 Kerfoot-av., Dec. 20, son of Charles P. and Lucy Nelson, aged 14 years. Funeral Dec. 23, at 2 p. m., by street cars to Mount Greenwood.

NELSON—Sidney, Dec. 21, aged 10 years, son of C. A. Nelson and Alma Nelson. Funeral from residence, 1015 Lincoln-st., Dec. 23, to Mount Olive.

NEWMAN—Dec. 21, Terence R., at his residence, 3554 Lowe-av., aged 67 years, beloved husband of Ellen Newman, and father of Mary Newman, and T. G. Connors, wife of 724 Ill. infantry, Co. C., and Custer Post No. 43, G. A. R. Funeral from late residence, Wednesday, 10 a. m., to Calvary from Union depot.

NITSCHKE—Alfred, 575 26th-st., Monday. Funeral Wednesday, 1 p. m.

NOBLE—R. A. Noble, Dec. 20, husband of Josie Noble and Wesley Noble, aged 1 p. m., from 167 Constance-st. Interment Forest Home.

NOLAN—John, aged 32 years. Funeral today at 8 a. m. from 9354 Lyons-av. to Mount Olivet.

O'CONNOR—Edward O'Connor, beloved son of Jerry O'Connor, and brother of John, Michael, Mary, and Lizzie, at his home, 803 W. 22d-st., Wednesday, Dec. 22. Funeral notice later.

O'CONNOR—Capt. Patrick O'Connor, Dec. 22, at his son's residence, 5317 Wentworth-av., husband of the late Mary O'Connor, nee Sullivan, father of Michael F. and John J. O'Connor. Funeral notice later.

O'SHAUGHNESSY—Michael, at his residence, Roseland-av., Tuesday morning, Dec. 22, 1903. Funeral notice later. Member of Thirty-second Regiment infantry, company E; Washington-post, G. A. R.

PERKINS—Mrs. Alice R. Perkins, Dec. 21, 1903, after illness, aged 49 years. Funeral from the residence of her uncle, A. C. Bartlett, 2720 Prairie-av., Wednesday at 11 a. m. Private burial at Rosehill.

QUINN—Barney, Monday, Dec. 21, aged 45 years, native of County Tyrone, Ireland, beloved husband of Elizabeth Quinn, nee Dolan, and father of T. G. and B. A. Quinn, member of St. Patrick's Co. No. 21. Funeral from his late residence, 3042 Michigan-av., Thursday, Dec. 24, at 9 a. m., to St. Patrick's church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

ROBERTSON—Caroline, beloved wife of R. M. Robertson, Dec. 21, at 4 p. m., aged 49 years. Late of Mrs. Tega McCluskey, John J., and W. Vandegrift. Funeral from her late residence, Wednesday, Dec. 23, at 2 o'clock, from residence, 1067 Herndon-st., to Graceland. Burial private.

SALE—Mary, aged 28 years, wife of William Sale. Funeral Dec. 23, at 1 o'clock, from 861 S. Ashland-av.

SCHUTZ—Dec. 21, at 718 W. 47th-st., James, beloved son of Mary A. Seymour. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m., to St. Gabriel's church. Interment at Calvary.

SULLIVAN—James, Dec. 20, aged 48 years. Funeral Dec. 23 from 239 W. Madison-st. to Mount Olivet.

SWEENEY—Thomas, beloved husband of Bridget Sweeney, nee Sheridan, at residence, 548 Winthrop-av., Tuesday, Dec. 22, 1903. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m., to St. Ita's church, where solemn high mass will be celebrated, thence to Mount Olivet.

TAAFFE—William, 1207 47th-pl., husband of Mary Taaffe. Funeral Thursday, 10 a. m., to Church of Our Lady of Lima, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

WILLIAMS—Ernestina, aged 75 years. Burial at 10 a. m., from St. Aloysius' church, to Mount Olivet.

WUNDERLE—John, husband of Elizabeth Wunderle. Funeral Wednesday, 1 p. m., from 341 N. Lotus-av.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Dec. 22.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

For Illinois—Fair Wednesday, warmer in north and central portions, Thursday fair, fresh west winds, becoming variable.

For Ohio—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh south winds, becoming variable.

For upper Michigan—Cloudy Wednesday, with snow in north portion, Thursday partly cloudy, brisk west winds.

For lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday except snow in northeast portion, Thursday partly cloudy, fresh to brisk west winds.

For Indiana—Fair, warmer Wednesday, Thursday fair, fresh west winds, becoming variable.

For North Dakota—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

For South Dakota—Fair Wednesday, warmer in east portion, Thursday fair.

For Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

For Missouri—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

For Wisconsin—Fair Wednesday, warmer in east portion, Thursday fair, fresh west winds.

For Iowa—Fair Wednesday, warmer in east portion, Thursday fair.

For Minnesota—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh west winds.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation	State of weather.
Time taken:					
Dec. 22, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	60	62	S.E.		Fair
Albany	26	36	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Alpena	22	36	N.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Atlanta	46	52	N.W.		Clear
Amarillo	42	52	S.E.		Fair
Battleford	42	52	S.E.		Fair
Bismarck	26	30	N.W.		Clear
Buffalo	26	30	N.W.		Clear
Boston	22	34	W.	.02	Cl'dy
Cairo	42	46	W.	.02	Clear
Calgary	42	46	W.		Cl'dy
Charlotte	30	36	W.		Clear
Cheyenne	46	50	W.		Clear
Chicago	26	40	S.W.		Clear
Cincinnati	30	40	S.W.		Clear
Cleveland	26	34	S.W.		Clear
Concordia	38	54	S.	.02	Cl'dy
Davenport	28	38	S.W.		Clear
Denver	36	44	S.E.		Clear
Des Moines	32	36	S.W.		Clear
Detroit	24	32	W.		Clear
Dodge	38	52	S.E.	.01	Cl'dy
Dubuque	24	28	S.		Clear
Duluth	20	30	S.W.		Cl'dy
El Paso	60	70	S.W.		Cl'dy
Edmonton	28	34	N.		Cl'dy
Escanaba	22	32	S.W.		Cl'dy
Galveston	58	60	S.E.		Clear
Grand Rapids	22	26	S.W.	.01	Fair
Green Bay	18	28	S.W.		Clear
Havre	36	38	S.W.		Cl'dy
Helena	32	34	N.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Huron	20	30	S.W.		Clear
Indianapolis	30	36	S.W.		Clear
Jacksonville	52	64	S.E.		Clear
Kansas City	40	46	S.		Clear
Lander	30	34	W.		Clear
Little Rock	54	58	E.		Clear
Los Angeles	52	68	S.W.		Clear
Marquette	20	22	S.W.	.04	Cl'dy
Memphis	52	56	N.E.		Clear
Medicine Hat	30	38	Calm		Cl'dy
Milwaukee	18	30	S.		Clear
Minnedosa	18	28	N.W.		Clear
Montgomery	54	60	N.		Clear
Montreal	4	28	W.	.04	Clear
Moorhead	28	34	S.W.		Clear
Nashville	42	48	N.W.		Clear
New Orleans	56	62	S.E.		Clear
New York City	30	40	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
North Platte	38	52	E.		Clear
Oklahoma	50	60	S.E.		Clear
Omaha	40	46	S.		Clear
Oswego	22	26	S.W.	.02	Cl'dy
Palestine	60	66	S.		Clear
Parkersburg	30	34	N.W.	.02	Clear
Philadelphia	32	34	N.W.	.02	Clear
Pittsburg	28	34	N.W.	Tr.	Snow
Pueblo	40	48	S.E.		Clear
Qu'Appelle	20	24	N.W.		Clear
Rapid City	30	44	W.		Clear
San Francisco	56	68	N.		Clear
St. Louis	36	42	S.E.		Fair
Salt Lake City	34	38	N.E.		Cl'dy
San Antonio	64	68	S.		Cl'dy
Ste. Marie	24	34	S.W.	.06	Cl'dy
Springfield, Ill.	30	32	S.		Cl'dy
Springfield, Mo.	48	52	E.		Cl'dy
Vicksburg	56	62	E.		Cl'dy
Washington	36	44	N.W.		Clear
White River	26	30	S.	.02	Snow
Wichita	50	58	S.E.		Clear
Williston	28	30	S.W.		Clear
Winnipeg	16	24	N.W.		Cl'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Managet, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 17 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 17; 10 a. m., 18; 11 a. m., 19; 12 m., 21; 1 p. m., 23; 2 p. m., 24; 3 p. m., 25. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.60; 6 p. m., 29.60.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Thomas McCarthy, Nancy Grant	51—45
John R. Miller, St. Louis, Mo., Helena Peterson	25—21
Martin B. Hoffman, Denver, Colo., Bessie Maude Buttercup	27—21
William L. Blain, Ethel Miller	44—44
Harold T. Marshment, Edith Henry	22—21
Will H. Dice, May Brown Williams	26—27
John Jenicek, Rose Kolar	24—20
Henry Schroeder, Hulda Wihrmann	21—16
Charles Westerberg, Pauline Hofmann	39—31
Walter Johnson, Birmingham, Ala., Agnes L. Foll	30—29
Samuel Despress, Hattie Ruboirts	21—18
Walter L. Campbell, Alice C. Robertson	23—21
Frank Rogers, Lafayette, Agnes Kaska	29—21
Charles Cervenka, Mary Stehlek	22—20
Clare Lamken, Windsor, Ill., Blanche Ashbrook	21—20
Price Howard, Nellie Smith	21—19
William Engler, Bluffton, Ind., Effie Arnold, same	31—21
Emil Daunhauser, Rose Van Straaten	56—33
Henry Lespenaske, Orange City, Ia., Elisabeth E. Morton, New Germany, Canada	29—25
Frank Natonske, Rozalia Rumszkonna	33—20
Charles L. Hoffman, Ellen Dorothy McNulty	25—25
Milton C. Simchombh, Goldie F. Towers	26—20
Ernest F. Maurer, Minneapolis, Minn., Angeline Fox, New York	24—24
Helenus H. Hewins, Lake Geneva, Wis., Ida Skeels, Whitehall, Mich.	71—55
John A. Ockervail, Malthilda Paulson	43—32
Philip R. Sears, Kenilworth, Ill., Clara M. Cheney, same	29—25
Matyo Halyko, Mary Macey	26—20
Moulton E. Norton, Eva Blanche Wright	29—22
William Powell, Gertrude Jones	20—20
George Ruszal, Mary Rudszal	20—27
Charles Nielaus, Leona Bates	31—29
John Sielaf, Marie Wasek	41—35
Gus Holmes, Hanna Lindberg	21—20
George Harris, Lillian Weaven	28—22
Sam Curtis, Anna Schrogen	23—20
Charles Frank, Abigail Shield	23—20
Abram Gideon, Henrietta Shoninger	36—36
James Crnich, Bertha Quasnicka	21—20
Alfred J. Winden, Euphrosyne P. Erlandson	32—30
Joseph B. Hunt, Louise Richmond	29—19
Henry Kerausch, Mary Krupsa	24—19
Henry F. Williams, Emma Green	25—19
Carle C. Quale, Lillian A. Wright, Laporte, Ind.	28—20
Andro Cukas, Epenges Maniza	26—18
Herman Groth, Bertha Luepke	24—22
Max Papke, Martha Minnich	25—22
E. S. Douglas, Mabel Ashton, Cañon, Colo.	23—22
Elwell G. Bunley, Birmingham, Ala., Theda Plemptor	31—26
Albert A. Hill, Indianapolis, Ind., Marguerite M. Mines, same	34—23
Henry H. Schueler, Martha W. Gunsalus	24—24
Charles Bruse, Lena Kuhn	22—21
George Chaffin, Grace Parker	25—18
Alfred R. Williams, Maywood, Ill., Edna Bryan, same	23—20
August Luedke, Harlem, Ill., Abbie Tedro, Lexington, Ill.	23—19
Herman Eichman, Minnie Schenk, Oak Park, Ill.	23—23
John Gallagher, Lizzie Stevens	35—22
Wilbur Rawlins, Rockford, Ill., Pearle Martin, same	21—21
Thomas C. Stabbs, Harvey, Ill., Maude C. Green, same	25—22
Henning B. Westman, Mabel Emburg	34—33
John R. Johnson, Minnie Axelson	34—33
William D. Fox, Amy J. Sauthoff	24—19
Andrew Jansen, Ida Swendsen	24—19
Fred Cartier, Mamie Neeham	21—17
A. E. Dade, Glencoe, Ill., Kittie Stewart	30—32
Herbert Lamport, Lucile J. Strayer	21—21
Harry Gordon, Ruble Hayden, Lowell, Ind.	20—20
David Shea, Katherine Leahsy	36—28
Richard Frank, Mathilda Bauer	20—20
Patrick Smith, Mary Evenson, Racine, Wis.	21—22
Joseph Ogert, Eva Coxhead	34—30
Louis Kunstman, Mary Slauf	43—34
Eugene H. Orr, Jeanette M. Davis	25—21
Isidore J. Bloum, Flora Davidson	25—21

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Bartodze, Mary, 52; 317 Cherry-st., Dec. 17.
Butler, Steve, 65; 4007 Wallace-st., Dec. 17.
Beere, Archibald, 18; 113 E. Madison-st., Dec. 21.
Butterfield, Frank, 25; 6936 Laflin-st., Dec. 19.
Bloom, Jacob, 37; 627 W. Madison-st., Dec. 20.
Bullock, George, 28; 1027 Congress-st., Dec. 19.
Barnes, Lola, 35; 1776 Catalpa-av., Dec. 21.
Carlson, Hans, 49; 1512 Drake-av., Dec. 19.
Colton, Daniel, 60; 408 W. Taylor-st., Dec. 20.
Christen, Alvena, 70; 1097 N. Western-av., Dec. 19.
Curry, John, 36; 224 De Koven-st., Dec. 19.
Carlson, Annie, 26; 65 Mc'on-av., Dec. 20.
Dexter, Charles, 71; 336 Warren-av., Dec. 20.
Doney, Margaret, 57; 491 28th-st., Dec. 21.
Dunn, Rose, 14; 219 N. Troy-st., Dec. 20.
Delwar, Elle, 35; 2409 50th-pl., Dec. 21.
Edwards, Adelia, 84; 764 W. 63d-st., Dec. 20.
Fitzgerald, Mary, 33; 4336 Ashland-av., Dec. 19.
Fairchild, Melinda, 59; 614 Austin-av., Dec. 20.
Fahrenkron, Hans, 74; 266 Higgins-st., Dec. 21.
Hoffman, Henry, 39; 44 Alexander-st., Dec. 20.
Harris, James, 61; 2426 Cottage Grove-av., Dec. 21.
Haine, William, 54; 634 W. 45th-st., Dec. 20.
Heick, Charles, 72; 622 Fisk-st., Dec. 21.
Hemming, Charles, 59; 1319 W. 22d-st., Dec. 21.
Hoba, Zuzanna, 76; 3323 Fisk-st., Dec. 21.
Kolar, Anton, 65; 22 Fisk-st., Dec. 20.
Lawrence, Hattie, 22; 1458 Cornelia-st., Dec. 19.
Lutz, Anton, 63; 560 W. 25th-st.
Mallen, Herman, 72; 3447 Wentworth-av., Dec. 20.
McCormick, Michael, 44; 302 W. 15th-st., Dec. 20.
McCormick, Mary, 60; 167 S. Desplaines-st., Dec. 20.
Nielson, Petrea, 13; 3527 Jackson-av., Dec. 20.
Nelson, Sidney, 10; 1590 N. Lincoln-st., Dec. 21.
Oleonino, Timothy, 60; 7223 Greenwood-av., Dec. 20.
Olson, Olaf, 51; 500 Blue Island-av., Dec. 19.
Park, Thomas, 7; 321 W. 59th-pl., Dec. 20.
Poss, Frank, 42; 994 S. Western-av., Dec. 21.
Rasevelis, Rosa, 97; 319 W. Huron-st., Dec. 20.
Rourke, Thomas, 33; 222 Marshfield-av., Dec. 20.
Ringe, Henry, 55; 827 W. 65th-st., Dec. 21.
Sullivan, James, 48; 376 W. Monroe-st., Dec. 20.
Schmitt, August, 44; 128 Perry-st., Dec. 19.
Sobboda, Alous, 40; 198 W. 20th-st., Dec. 21.
Smallridge, Annie, 53; 4828 Langley-av., Dec. 21.
Scott, Britha, 67; 264 Thomas-st., Dec. 20.
Stahl, William, 15; 1822 38th-pl., Dec. 20.
Tanber, Josie, 73; 9038 Vincennes-av., Dec. 21.
Urbanowski, Leo, 3; 236 N. Sangamon-st., Dec. 21.
Urbahn, John, 69; 5824 Cedar-st., Dec. 20.
Wilker, Henry, 46; 2820 Groveland-av., Dec. 19.
Wagner, William, 19; 226 Vine-st., Dec. 20.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Leonhard, Brefeld & Sauter Hardware company, Trenton; capital, $10,000; general hardwares and house furnishing business; incorporators, Adolph Leonhard, Anton C. Brefeld, Julius M. Sauter.

Wade Iron Sanitary Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing plumbing and sewerage supplies; incorporators, Edward T. Wade, Daniel V. Harelin, D. Herman Berger.

National Washboard company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; manufacturing washboards and woodenware; incorporators, E. A. Hebbard, S. C. Bennett, Arthur W. Underwood.

Hardwood Mills Lumber company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing and sale of lumber and forest products; incorporators, E. A. Hebbard, S. C. Bennett, Arthur W. Underwood.

Quadrangle Press, Chicago; capital, $2,500; printing, publishing, and binding; incorporators, E. W. Mitchell, F. H. Leinard, R. L. Reid.

Not for profit:

Royal Pleasure and Athletic club, Chicago; social and athletic; incorporators, Frank Cresgarek, Louis Trask, Willie Slapinski.

Towarzystow Rzcikowi Grozernikow W Dzielnicy, Bridgeport; benevolent; incorporators, Josef Szyderski, Itanisław Parnszkowicks, Valerian Pomierski.

Red Rose Pleasure and Athletic club, Chicago; social and athletic; incorporators, Leo Bonk, Ben Drewicz, Frank Zbiewski.

Electric Workers' Social club, Chicago; social; incorporators, Lawrence Whaley, H. E. Chapman, Dan Kilroy.

Puma club, Chicago; social; incorporators, William B. Isaacs, George E. Clark, Mitchell Kramer.

Foreign corporations:

Charles Hellmuth, New York, N. Y.; capital, $25,000; capital in Illinois, $5,000.

Thompson-Starrett company, New York, N. Y.; capital, $1,000,000; capital in Illinois, $5,000.

Vesta Storage Battery company, Portland, Me.; capital, $1,000,000; capital in Illinois, $2,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Tuesday, Dec. 22, 1903:

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Calumet-av., 524 n of 35th-st., e f, 29x124, Dec. 4 [Abigail M. Long to Theo. Chapman] ..... $ 8,573

Michigan-av., 1604, 21 ft 2 in x 168.91, Nov. 23 [Henry L. Frank et al., executor est of Elise Frank, quitclaims to Adrian C. Honore] 15,000

Wabash-av., 2045 and 2045, w f, 48x193½, being 340 n of 30th-st., incumb. $15,000, Nov. 27 [Michael Cudahy to George C. Watts] 50,000

Wabash-av., 2047 to 2051, w f, 72x193½, being 268 n of 30th-st., Nov. 27 [same to same] 110,000

HYDE PARK.

Bowen-av., 47 s of Ellis, s f, 16x66, Dec. 14 [Chas. M. Hall to Mary Eubach] 5,500

Same ppty., Dec. 14 [J. N. Dubach to Chas. S. Frank] 5,500

40th-st., 67 w of Vernon-av., s f, 16.81x80½, incumb. $2,000, Dec. 18 [R. Barrett to Ernst R. Dahnel] 2,700

44th-st., between Greenwood and Lake-avs., s f, 18 ft 8 in x 128, Dec. 21 [Thos. G. Vent to Emily G. Vent] 5,500

Forrestville-av., 140 s of 49th-st., w f, 20x125, incumb. $6,000, Dec. 4 [Chas. Frank to John N. Dubach] 9,500

Jackson-av., 2266 n of 66th-st., w f, 19x125, incumb. $2,500, Dec. 22 [J. C. Anderson to Fred G. Gustafson] 4,000

Madison-av., N. cor. 62d-pl., w f, 125x125, incumb. $47,000, Nov. 27 [Geo. C. Watts to Michael Cudahy] 100,000

Prairie-av., 1 n of 83d-st., w f, 20x160, Prairie-av., 260 n of 83d-st., e f, 20x160, Nov. 25 [Michael Cudahy to Geo. C. Watts] 6,250

Wabash-av., 276 n of 46th-st., w f, 25x161, incumb. $6,500, Dec. 21 [Frank H. Morgan to Wm. Burbach] 10,625

Washington-pl., 221 s of 49th-st., e f, 264x97, incumb. $5,500, Dec. 4 [John N. Dubach to Chas. M. Faye] 11,500

LAKE VIEW.

Carmen-av., 197 s of N. Clark-st., n f, 50x180, Dec. 17 [T. C. Restorick to Ludwig C. Ewertsen] ..... No consideration given

Foster-av., 121 w of Paulina-st., n f, 29x125, Dec. 19 [E. F. Heidemann to Adolph Undem] 1

Newport-av., 241 w of Halsted, n f, 25x125, March 12 [N. Casey to Mina A. Johnson] 1,800

Ravenswood Park, E., 32 n of Summerdale-av., s f, 25x127, Dec. 5 [L. A. Matteson to Gustaf E. Ekstrom] 2,400

Thome-av., 141 e of N. Clark-st., s f, 50x 198½, Dec. 10 [M. Thome to Michael Fries] 2,000

JEFFERSON.

Cook-st., 309 s of Carroll, e f, 25x125, incumb. $3,500, Dec. 21 [F. Krazaninski to M. Tyrakouski] 300

Courtland-st., 216 e of Campbell-av., n f, 24x134 1-3, Dec. 21 [Margt. Freese to Bertha Aubach] 2,400

Dawson-st., 175 w of Leaden-av., s f, 25x122, incumb. $1,000, Dec. 10 [F. F. Kellogg to Annie Engleson] 1,950

Evergreen-av., 291 n w of Kinzie, s w f, 33 1-3x125, incumb. $1,400, Dec. 17 [G. W. Downs to Sarah M. Downs] 3,000

Fuller-st., 95 e of Sawyer, n f, 45x150, Dec. 17 [L. G. Kirkland to Johanna Rossow] 1,500

Wabash-av., n w cor. Monticello, s f, 183½x125 and o. p., incumb. $3,000, Nov. 28 [A. L. Reid to A. Hickman] 1

Same ppty., Dec. 10 [A. Hickman to Albert Leubeke] 1

NORTH CHICAGO.

Hoyne-av., n w cor. Coblentz-st., e f, 96x100, June 24 [E. W. Diehl et al. to Andrew W. McKinnon] 3,500

WEST CHICAGO.

Albany-av., 125 n of Kinzie, e f, 25x126, incumb. $1,200, Dec. 2 [Est. of B. A. Baldwin to Anna A. Flenchaus] 2,550

Bickerdike-st., 99 s of Grand-av., w f, 25x182, Dec. 21 [M. J. Leister to Anton Fredrikson] 1,800

Clifton Park-av., 96 n of 15th-st., e f, 25x125, Nov. 19, 1902 [O. J. Schultz to Mary Fendi] 6,000

Congress-st., 175 w of Albany-av, s f, 25x125, incumb. $2,250, Dec. 21 [J. Windelschafer to Joseph L. Fischart] 4,000

Division-st., 74 e of Cleaver, n f, 80x125, Dec. 15 [P. Wodeiechowski to Andrew Kierna] 7,000

Ewing-st., 133 e of Clinton, n f, 70x118, incumb. $6,000, Dec. 21 [Alex. S. Johnston to Thomas H. Willis] 1,600

45th-ct., S., 142 s of Colorado-av., w f, 50 x125 and o. p., Dec. 19 [J. J. Comley to Fred Heal] 1,500

Flournoy-st., 253 w of Western-av., s f, 20x125, Dec. 19 [C. O. Worley to Delilha M. Pelleller] 2,750

Harrison-st., W. No. 597, 25x134, Dec. 21 [J. Sears Jacob Kohl, Agent] 4,100

Jackson-st., W. Nos. 165-167, s f, 50x165, Nov. 18 [Charles K. Hewitt to H. B. Loan Co. company] 24,000

Hermitage-av., 116 n of 12th-st., w f, 24x125, and o. p., Nov. 24 [F. Kleinhammer to Friederike Kleinhammer] 1

Huron-st., 191 e of Robey, s f, 24x123, Dec. 8 [F. A. Camp to Louisa A. Anderson] 2,500

Lexington-st., s w cor. St. Louis-av., s f, 52.87x124, Dec. 4 [E. B. Harris et al. to Andrew Brisch] 2,000

Park-av., 250 e of S. 44th, s f, 25x180, incumb. $3,000, Dec. 5 [John M. Hoffman to Frances Krause] 5,800

17th-av., 165 w of Laflin, n f, 25x124, Nov. 10 [J. Picalek et al., by M., in C., to Merchants' L. and T. Co.] 7,518

Sheldon-st., 126 e of Dutton, s f, 25x125, Oct. 8 [C. Rahmanop to Lehman M. Groves] 3,500

Taylor-st., 125 w of Desplaines, n f, 25x119, Nov. 24 [E. Emmo quitclaims to Rosa Emmo] 1

Taylor-st., 24 e of Lincoln, n f, 24x100, incumb. $1,600, Dec. 18 [J. Riordan to Annie Sevin] 3,000

13th-pl., 284 w of Waller-st., n f, 24x100, Dec. 14 [A. C. Donnellan et al., by spec. com. to Joseph Miller et al.] 5,350

26th-st., 28 w of S. 40th-av., n f, 48x125, Dec. 6 [G. G. Williams to Emil M. Weber] 1,000

LAKE.

Bishop-st., 75 n of 56th, w f, 25x124, Dec. 30, 1901 [F. W. Clucas to Eliza B. Cole] 1

45th-st., 191 e of Laflin, n f, 25x100½, Dec. 21 [V. Vondrak et al., by M. in C., to Kasper Bembenek] 1,508

53d-av., 72 e of Sangamon, s f, 24x125, Dec. 19 [E. Barrett to John Barrett] 1

Green-st., 6819, 25x125, Oct. 19 [G. Stocker et al. to Andrew J. Smith et al.] 2,500

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the building department:

Fortune Bros., 1 story and basement brick front addition, 280 W. Harrison-st. ..... $ 900

James Stahl, 2 story brick basement, 116 Forquer-st. 500

J. Kortohrys, 2 story and basement frame dwelling additions, 3062 W. 25th-st. 500

F. Kinberg, 1½ story and basement brick cottage, 2231 W. Van Buren-st. .....

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—THE ALCAZAR BLDG.
4200- TO 17 BERKELEY-AV.
Two minutes' walk to 43d-st. L. C. station.
NEW 6 room apartment.
RENT $25.
Sunlight in every room; finished in mahogany, enamel, and oak; consoles, hall trees, tile bathrooms, refrigerators; dining rooms paneled; electric lighting, massive sideboards, etc.; private telephone; finest building on the South Side. L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947-51 Cottage Grove-av., cor. Drexel-blvd. Also agent at the building.

TO RENT—"THE ARAPAHOE," 4150-52 VINCENNES-AV., 2d and 3d flats, 6 and 7 rooms, finest buildings in elevated district.
TROTTER & KIMBALL, 38 E. 63d-st.
Downtown office, 123 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STRICTLY MODERN 4 ROOM FLAT, very light and cozy; near L station; only $27.50. 5050 Forrestville-av. Tel. 5142 Central.

TO RENT—$15—2 ROOM FLAT; STEAM HEAT-ed, hot water, private bath; range. 348 40th-st., corner Vincennes-av.

TO RENT— IN KENWOOD, CHOICE 4 R. FUR. flat, light and cozy; only $30. Second floor, 4521 Lake-av.

TO RENT—4456 COTTAGE GROVE. 5-6 ROOM flats, $24-$30; all rooms light.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, 4530 LAKE-AV., from Jan. 3 to April 3; $65 a month; no children.

West Side.

TO RENT—ELEGANT, NEW, UPPER 6 ROOM flat, in two story building, strictly modern; hot water heat; electric light; rent, $25; only occupied four months; part owner in city; inquire any time on premises. RICHARD C. POHL, 3406 W. Monroe-st., corner Willow-av., Austin, Ill.

TO RENT—743 ADAMS-ST., 7TH MONROE, AND 135 Robey; 3 and 4 room flats; good condition; $30 to $40. GEO. K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—3D FLAT 1988 WASHINGTON-blvd.; all modern conveniences. H. A. PADDOCK & CO., Agents, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FUR. FLAT, 3 ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping. 159 Loomis-st.

North Side.

TO RENT.....IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Modern 7, 8, and 9 room apartments
NOW IN
THE PATTINGTON
[Hireproof.]
Overlooking the lake and 17 minutes' ride to city on Northwestern Elevated express service. All rooms have outside light.
Prices range from $70 to $125.
Illustrated booklet sent on application.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., Agents,
115 Dearborn-st., or The Pattington Bldg., 1632-1634 Irving Park-blvd., between Clarendon-av. and lake shore. Telephones—Main office, Central 4694, at the Pattington, Lake View 90.

TO RENT—
Apartments in Lake View, Buena, and Sheridan Parks.
W. MERIGOLD & CO., 138-140 La Salle-st.
Branch office, 1904 Evanston-av.,
and 1205 Sheridan-av.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED, BEAUTIFULLY furnished seven room apartment; choice neighborhood; North Side.
J. H. STEARNS, 414 Monadnock Bldg.

TO RENT—2 ELEGANT, MODERN 1ST FLOOR apartments; 6 rooms; splendid place for doctor; best location; cor. of Melrose-st. and Evanston-av.

TO RENT—VERY FINE FIRST CLASS 6 ROOM flat in new 1904 KENMORE; 1 block from Wilson. See janitor or R. M. CONGER & CO., Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—774 SEDGWICK-ST., NEAR BELL-mont, overlooking Lincoln Park, beautiful 8 room flat in good condition; reasonable rent.

TO RENT—8 ROOM APARTMENT, STEAM, PRIVate bath, elevator. 1888 Diversey-blvd.

TO RENT—MODERN 5 ROOM FLAT, ELEVATor, steam. WILSON, 71 Rush-st.

TO RENT — FLATS, FURNISHED, HOUSEkeeping; $20. 290 Garfield-av.; N., W. "L."

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—HOUSES, FLATS, AND STORES.
CALLAN & VARTY,
145 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT — WE HAVE AN EXCEPTIONALLY good corner store and flat for sale, facing two streets, suitable for saloon; also have 7,000 square feet for light manufacturing purposes, second or third floors; downtown.
CALLAN & VARTY
Renting Agents, 145 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE—FROM JAN. 1ST. 1904. 1 Lees Bldg., 151-153 Fifth-av. [Fireproof.] Fine light, every modern convenience.
M. 4162. H. G. YOUNG & CO., 170 La Salle-st.

TO RENT— STORES.
1 MICHIGAN-AV. NEAR 14TH-ST.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

TO RENT—STATE-ST. STORE NEAR RANdolph. Present tenant will sacrifice lease.
ROBINS & CLOUGH, 177 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 152 DEARBORN-ST., NEXT corner Madison, most central business location in city. GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—273 E. MADISON-ST., STORE; RENT cheap. Apply Room 200.

North Side.

TO RENT—92 AND 97 KINZIE-ST., STORE AND floors; fine location for business.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—
Offices in Adams Express Building,
188 to 192 Dearborn-st.
Choice location; rapid elevator service; light offices and reasonable rent.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT — CHEAP — OLD INTER OCEAN Building, corner Madison and Dearborn-sts., first-class location for doctors, dentists, opticians, chiropodists, etc.; offices, single or en suite. $15 per month. Janitor service. 2d floor, Columbus Memorial Bldg.

TO RENT—OFFICE SPACE—1,300 SQ. FEET; best location on La Salle-st.; present occupants removing to Philadelphia; will release at a sacrifice if taken before Jan. 1st. Call 1124, 159 La Salle-st.

TO RENT — SMALL OFFICES FOR MPRS., agts. Lees Bldg. [fireproof], 5th-av., s. of Mad. Fine light, convenient.
M. 4162. H. G. YOUNG & CO., 170 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICE OR DESK ROOM IN WELL located La Salle-st. office, near the Board of Trade. Apply Room 515, 218 La Salle-st.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, ABOUT 13,000 SQ. feet, corner; 2 floors; 100 feet on Fifth-av. and Washington-st.; or will divide in three separate lofts; space heretofore occupied by Barnes-Crosby Co.
GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—FLOORS—POSSESSION AT ONCE. 40x71, Fifth-av., 113 to 117.
Fine convenient light. Extra fine light.
M. 4162. H. G. YOUNG & CO., 170 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—2D FLOOR—JAN. 1. 80X112. Lees Bldg. [fireproof], 151-153 Fifth-av.
Light on 3 sides; every modern convenience.
M. 4162. H. G. YOUNG & CO., 170 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FLOOR, 50X100, LIGHT ON 4 SIDES, with power, for woodworking tenant; immediate possession. Sidney Ladder Co., 72 Ogden-pl., between Wood and Paulina-sts.

TO RENT—2 FLOORS, 12 ROOMS.
Hotel or roomers. 10 S. Clark-st.
M. 4162. H. G. YOUNG & CO., 170 La Salle-st.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—THESE FINE MFG. BUILDINGS: ONTARIO, n. of Indiana, 4 sty. and base, 44x90. CLINTON, nr. Monroe, 4 sty. and base, 50x90. MONROE, nr. Canal, 5 sty. and base, 40x190. 4 SHIPPING LOFTS COMPLETE LIST.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 90 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—WABASH-AV., CORNER BUILDING; fine location; 20,000 to 60,000 sq. ft.; with passenger and freight elev.; from May 1; will divide.
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TO RENT—MODERN ROOM FLAT, ELEVATor, steam. WILSON, 71 Rush-st.

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BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on boulevards and avenues.
WILLIAM H. WONNEBERG, 1008, 142 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—17 FLATS, CORNER; RENT, $4,200; price, $29,000.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY MATSON HILL, R. 414, 205 La Salle-st. Tel. Central 2337.

DREXEL-BLVD.—Rare bargain, large, fine residence, with very large grounds; $50,000; would submit offer of $45,000.

KENWOOD—Delightful modern house, in best part of Kenwood; perfect interior plan and finish; completed two years ago; lot 105 ft.; $65,000.

FOR SALE— SPECIAL BARGAIN—
A big high grade 6 flat bldg.
Prairie-av., near 37th-st., station Alley L. This property cost present owner, who constructed it, $55,000, but circumstances we cannot mention here causes it to be sacrificed at $22,000.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—
DEARBORN-ST., between 28th and 29th, two story frame, two 6 room flats; MUST BE SOLD BEFORE JANUARY 1ST. BIGGEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED FOR $1,750.
W. H. BOWERS & CO., 239 31st-st.

FOR SALE—JACKSON-AV. NEAR 67TH-ST.; 8 story brick 2 flat bldg.; 14, 5 and 6 rooms.
ONLY $3,950.
If you are alive to the building situation and want to invest you will buy this quick.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MICH.-BLVD., NEAR 14TH-ST., $0 2170 ft., with two stone houses, rented for $1,200; this property is in center of automobile and furniture exhibit district; $50,000. MATSON HILL, 414, 205 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—29TH-ST., E. OF WALLACE, PAYing 12% while rented at present; fine 8 story stone front store and flat, best building in the neighborhood, for $6,000; actual value, $10,000. Address Z B 213, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF KENwood, beautiful home; good barn and large lot. Address Z H 531, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GRAND-BLVD.—HANDSOME DEtached Bedford stone front residence at a special low price. HART & FRANE, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—I WILL SELL MY BEAUTIFUL detached residence on Grand-blvd. cheap for cash. Address X W 181, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE near 71st-st. and C. V. value; snap; only $300 cash required. Address Z H 229, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—IF YOU WANT TO BUY, sell, or rent & Side houses or flats, call on E. E. BALDWIN & Co., 82d-st. and Indiana-av.

FOR SALE—IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR SNAPS in South Side real estate, improved or vacant, call on W. H. BOWERS & CO., 3507 Indiana-av.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—527 W. 65TH, 8 ROOMS, 80 FEET, $5,500. L. M. COY, Unity Bldg.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., NR. OAKLEY-BLVD.; greatest bargain ever offered on this street; 3 story modern 10 room residence, brick, stone trim, oak trim, all hard floors; reduced from $18,000 WORTH $15,000. Our price for quick sale $12,000; terms, $5,000 cash.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—————BARGAIN IN VACANT.
ADAMS-ST., 50x180; s. f., nr. HOMAN-AV.
Exceptionally located for either residences or flats. Worth $120 a ft.
For quick sale would consider $60 a ft.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 La SALLE-ST.

FOR SALES, EXCHANGES, LOANS, ETC.
WASHINGTON-BLVD. AND HOMAN-AV.
BRANCH, HARRISON-ST. AND 40TH-AV.
BRANCH, WESTERN AND NORTH-AVS.

FOR SALE—521 CARROLL-AV., 3 FLAT BUILDing with large brick barn; rent $37; price $4,700. LE ROY J. ZORN & CO., 10 S. Kedzie-av.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MY HOUSE IN SHERIDAN PARK, 9 rooms, 2 bathrooms, modern in every way, built in two years; lot 50x125; large lot; elevated express station; need $1,000 cash, balance payable $50 every three months.
W. H. B. BOWLER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—$5,500—11 ROOM Sheridan Park residence, lot 50x150, for cash or flat bldg. south of North-av. and east of Clark. Address R 79, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CORNER CLEVELAND AND Blackhawk, 3 story brick flats; must sell at once. Make offer.
LOEBTER & ZANDER, 69 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE HOME; LOTS OF ROOM; modern; on easy payments; only two blocks from elevated; will take a lot or cottage as part payment. MOREY, 1908 Evanston-av., cor. Wilson.

FOR SALE — NEW, SUBSTANTIAL HOMES, $2,500 to $3,000; Call 9354, 9364, and 9368 Hollywood-av. HANSON, Owner, 804, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BUENA PARK, 50X150, $50 PER FT. Sheridan-rd., 79 ft. front, with 6 room house, $7,000. THEODORE W. BUHMANN, 1281 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—BUENA PARK HOUSES; $5,000 TO $17,000. S. M. GOBLE, 184 La Salle-st.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—HAENTZE & WHEELER, TRIBUNE Bldg., hdqrs. for Northwest Side lots and acres. Branch office, cor. Milwaukee and Belmont-ave.

MANUFACTURING PROPERTIES.

FOR SALE—A SUBSTANTIAL STONE FACtory building on railroad switch in Joliet, Illinois; building 50x100, two stories, two inch floors, extra heavy timbers, slate roof; new; $25; only occupied four months; part owner in city; inquire any time on premises. RICHARD C. POHL, 3406 W. Monroe-st., corner Willow-av., Austin, Ill.

FOR SALE—$47 ACRES CHOICE LAND, PARTly cultivated and improved, 5 miles from Watertown, Coddington Co., S. D.; also some excellent Minnesota propositions. Call on Lund's Land Agency, 1st Floor Reaper Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE — GREAT BARGAINS IN UNIMproved and partly improved plantations in the famous Yazoo delta of Mississippi. Fithian Land Co., 115 Dearborn-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—ONE ACRE ON SISTER LAKES, 16 rods of beautiful shore; 3 cottages, bathhouse; all timbered; fine bathing, boating, fishing; beautiful spot for summer. Address E. E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

FOR SALE—1 ACRE ON SISTER LAKES; FINE frontage, 3 cottages, bathhouse, beautiful summer home. E. E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—WILL PAY $22,000 CASH FOR SIX flat building in good location; must be a bargain; full particulars; owners or authorized agents. Address N 307, Tribune office.

WANTED — RAVENSWOOD HOUSES; FOR spring list. Owners wanting to sell, consult us.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—9 ROOM HOUSE FOR CASH; SOUTH of 43d, north of 51st, s. of Grand-blvd.
E. H. KINKAID & CO.,
107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A RESIDENCE IN KENWOOD where owner will take well located clear residence in part exchange.
CHAS. A. V. STANDISH, 107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—RESIDENCE, 10 OR 12 ROOMS, ANYwhere between Michigan-av., east to Ill. Cent. R. R., 43d to 51st-st.; will pay from $10,000 to $12,000. Address Z E 510, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED — WELL LOCATED VACANT OR FARM FOR $14,000 EQUITY IN MODERN 6 FLAT BLDG.; HIGH LOCATION ON SO. SIDE; MTGE. $12,500, 7%; RENTS, $1,000; WILL NET 10%. H. H. KOHLSAAT & CO., 1st floor.

FOR EXCHANGE—$200,000 WORTH OF CLEAR Chicago property for fine Texas ranch. Address N 236, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE — CLEAR VACANT CORNERS, with street improvements, for clear 6 flat bldg. HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

DOCTOR HAS $12,000 TO $110,000 EQU.; RENTS, 10%; want outside. Address R 249, Tribune.

WANTED—DR. WANTS CLEAR OUTSIDE; give $12,000 to $110,000 city equit. K 250, Tribune.

2 OR 3 FLATS, SOUTH SIDE, CLOSE TO PARK; great Chicago sacrifice. Address K 550, Tribune.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

FOR LEASE—99 YEARS, OR WILL IMPROVE to suit tenant, 50 ft. or 100x100.
PLYMOUTH-PL., NEAR HARRISON-ST.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.

JOHN P. MARSH & COMPANY,
1020 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

WE FIGURE CLOSE.
Real estate loans. Loans for building purposes. Loans with prepayment privileges. We will examine your property and tell you the exact cost.
WE FIGURE CLOSE.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates.
Liberal repayment privileges.
THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK,
(Formerly Rose & Co.),
N. W. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

CHICAGO MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. Loans, $2,000 to $6,000 at
FIVE PER CENT.
No commissions. No attorney's fees.
HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN, 88 La SALLE-ST.

BUILDING AND PARTIAL PAYMENT LOANS. Mortgages bought and sold.
FIRST MORTGAGE BOND AND TRUST CO.,
179-181 La Salle-st. Capital $250,000, fully paid.
Phone Central 4553.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On improved city property,
from 4 to 6 per cent.
according to security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

QUINLAN & TYSON,
Successors to
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.
Money to loan on Chicago and suburban real estate at lowest rates; building loans made.

MONEY TO LOAN
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 70 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED AND VACant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; permanent privileges.
W. M. B. BOWLER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 122 La Salle-st.

SPECIAL GUARDIAN FUND OF $100,000 TO loan in amounts of $1,000 to $5,000 on Chicago real estate at very liberal terms; also building loans made. W. F. STEELE & CO., 114 La Salle.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
52 AND 55 DEARBORN-ST.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
LOWEST RATES.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH LOAN, plans, and put up two 4 room frame flat bldgs. for $1,900; all others in proportion.
R. A. PADDOCK & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate at 6% per cent; no prepayment; $5,000 cash given large interest. $5,000 to $4,000 salary 5 years. Address Z E 215, Tribune office.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST.—MAKE loans on city and suburban real estate; lowest rates; quick action.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN CHIcago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 102 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
BUILDING LOANS.
KNOTT, CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; prepayment monthly.
OGDEN SPEELMAN & CO., 24 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO property; sums, $5,000 to $100,000; lowest rates. Address X W 419, Tribune office.

2D MTG. LOANS UP TO $500 ON INCOME PPTY. made in 24 hours.
U. S. INVESTMENT CO., 1424 Unity Bldg.

NO COMMISSION. NO DELAY; LOANS ON CHIcago and suburban real estate, improved and vacant. Tel. M. 339. H. O. Stone & Co., 206 La Salle.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED BUELL, s. e. cor. 8th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

FOR LOW RATES ON REAL ESTATE LOANS call at the Western Trust and Savings Bank, 157-59 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate at current rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

REYNOLDS & ROSE,
822 TRIBUNE BUILDING.
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

TO LOAN—$1,000-$2,500 ON IMPROVED REAL estate.
WALTER H. BROWNE, 714, 105 Washington-st.

$200 TO $50,000 FOR REAL ESTATE LOANS.
E. J. SEDGWICK, MONADNOCK BLOCK.

4% paid on savings. 145 La Salle-st., Chicago.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON BRICK IMproved, in amounts from $1,000 to $4,000.
O. F. GIBBS & SON, 125 La Salle-st.

BUILDING LOAN AND PLANS FREE BY A REliable contractor. This is the time for your building business. Address Z C 390, Tribune office.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security before buying; building loans a specialty.

5% LOANS ON VAC. OR IMP. CHICAGO OR suburb property; small cost; money on hand.
ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — AI FIRST MORTGAGES WITH guarantee title; $1,500, $2,000, $2,500.
WALTER T. DWIGHT, 171 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—S. S., $1,200 AND $600 6% SHORT time mtges., well secured, 10% disct. Address W F 381, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN—AT LOWEST RATE ON CHIcago real estate. GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., 86 Washington-st.

GEORGE W. COBB & CO., 107 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

WE LOAN ON
FURNITURE,
PIANOS,
HORSES,
WAGONS, etc.

WE OFFER
UNEQUALED RATES,
BEST TERMS,
QUICKEST SERVICE,
ABSOLUTE PRIVACY.

ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS.
Deal with an old reliable company, and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.

FIDELITY LOAN COMPANY,
134 MONROE-ST. SUITE 506.
CORNER CLARK.
PHONE CENTRAL 2539.
AND
301 W. 63D-ST. CORNER WENTWORTH-AV.
PHONE WENTWORTH 587.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

IF YOU
WANT A LOAN CALL AT
ROOM 306, 167 DEARBORN-ST.
MONEY ADVANCED ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES,
WAGONS, FIXTURES, ETC.
Quick service, the amount required, as long time as needed, and the best and fairest terms ever offered are a few of the advantages of dealing with us.
CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST.,
Corner Monroe.
ROOM 306.

A. FRENCH & CO., 66 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 45. Money to loan on furniture, pianos, etc. Lowest rates. Easiest terms. We do not belong to the trust, so you will receive the full amount of your loan in cash. Loans from $20 to $500 our specialty. A guarantee will be given not to take your furniture. Extension of time granted in case you are sick or get out of work. Honorable treatment. Do your business with us. We are responsible people. Bank references given on application.

WE WILL LOAN YOU MONEY ON YOUR FURniture or piano; everything private.
$50 only $1.50; $60 only $1.75;
$80 only $2.00; $75 only $2.50.
NO CHARGE FOR PAPERS.
The Mutual Company [unine.],
209 Dearborn-st., Room 406, near Van Buren-st.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on us. Live and let live is our motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
MUTUAL MORTGAGE LOAN CO., [unine.],
69 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

FURNITURE & PIANO LOANS; PAPERS FREE $20 only $1.50; $30 only $2.00; $ 75 only $2.50. $40 only $2.75; $50 only $3.25; $100 only $5.00. PLEASE CALL. 70 LA SALLE-ST., SUITE 94.

$25 TO $500 LOANED ON FURNITURE WITHout delay or advantage taken; honest people will consult their own interest if they borrow from S. RICHARDSON, 154 La Salle-st., Room 16.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND jewelry at lowest rates. SLATTS & POE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST. LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY.....MONEY.....MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $1,000, ON THE PIANO, OR FURNITURE YOU HAVE PAID FOR AND WISH TO LEAVE WITH US HERE IN COOK COUNTY. OR
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY. THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. CALL AND GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION, AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOANS CAN BE PAID IN FULL AT ANY TIME, OR PARTIAL PAYMENTS MADE, AT WHICH TIME THE BORROWER AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THESE ARE SOME OF THE REASONS FOR YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE. YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.

SOUTH SIDE OFFICE,
3141 S. Halsted-st., 47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE,
507 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in the city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

FINANCIAL.

BANKS LEND OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY. WHY WE LEND OUR OWN. That's why merchants manufacturers, employes, and others can obtain loans from us without security at rates but slightly in excess of legal interest. We also furnish private loans to ladies on their simple promise to repay. All business strictly confidential. Appointments by telephone. Central 4353. When leaving elevator turn to your left for our eight private offices.
MERCHANTS' CREDIT CO. Partners,
Section 1501 Masonic Temple Bldg.

HEADQUARTERS FOR LOANS TO SALARIED people, ladies or gentlemen; no publicity.
If you borrow $20 you pay back $1.34 a week.
If you borrow $25 you pay back $1.67 a week.
If you borrow $30 you pay back $2.00 a week.
If you borrow $35 you pay back $2.34 a week.
If you borrow $50 you pay back $3.33 a week.
Small loans to property owners; no mortgage. Low rates and easy payments on large amounts. Call or address "Tribune" Branch, 1st floor, 86 Washington-st. Open evenings until 7 o'clock.

JUST AS ONE WOULD AT A BANK, YOU CAN borrow money of me, only in the smaller sums, also, as well as the large, to just suit your needs. Merchants, business men, and others employed—I will give you the lowest rate in Chicago. Ladies of reputable family may easily borrow on their own name and salary. Tel. Harrison 3171, or call, private offices, at 801, 215 Dearborn-st. F. N. PECK.

SALARY LOANS WITHOUT AN INDORSER. Every man or woman in Chicago getting a salary kindly call and get all the money they want on your plain note; no mortgage or security required. Call and get our rates whether you borrow or not. No one refused. Money ready. Room 1134 Monroe, Room 802, s. w. cor. Clark. Tel. 3516 Cent. PRESENT THIS AD. IT IS GOOD FOR MONEY.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE ON THEIR OWN NOTE AT TIME TO SUIT THEIR CONVENIENCE; THE SMALL, EASY PAYMENTS WILL SURPRISE YOU; NO MORTGAGE OR INDORSER. NATIONAL SALARY LOAN CO., ROOM 1, PEOPLE'S LOAN AND TRUST CO. [UNINC.] 185 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 619, SIXTH FLOOR.

$10 UP LOANED SALARIED PEAPLE; NO SECurity; everything private; easy payments.
THE NATIONAL LOAN COMPANY,
218 LA SALLE-ST., R. 306.
TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 6:30 P. M.
South Chicago Branch, 9218 Commercial-av.

"SALARY LOANS"
OUR SPECIALTY.
PENN TRUST CO. [not inc.],
614-616 Unity Bldg.,
79 Dearborn-st.
OPEN EVERY EVENING TILL 9 P. M.

MANY WOMEN HAVE SMALL SUMS OF MONEY to invest; we are perfectly reliable; our preferred stock bears 8 per cent dividends, payable June and Jan.; is secured by railroad, Cook County, or government bonds; only limited amount on sale. Address N 392, Tribune office.

SALARIED LOANS AT REDUCED RATES. ANY amount; will take up other obligations and give benefit of low rates. Call or address Standard Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 206, 305 Dearborn-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED. Loans on same, 6 per cent; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6 per cent; give highest cash and loan values than companies. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cent. 1121.

ACTIVE, ESTABLISHED, PROSPEROUS, DIGnified business, Washington, D. C., netting $30,000 yearly; accepts $15,000 cash; $5,000 to $12,000 cash given large interest. $5,000 to $4,000 salary 5 years. Address Z E 215, Tribune office.

I MAKE LOANS FROM $15 UPWARD TO

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

WANTED—2D HAND GOVERNESS CART IN good condition, for small shetland pony. Address, giving price and location; advertiser must be used Thursday. Address Z H 448, Tribune office.

HORSES WINTERED—STILES' STOCK FARM; best of care; large box stalls, finest grain feed; $5 per month. Called for and delivered free. MRS. GILES-BROCKMAN, Tel. 612, Wheaton, Ill.

HORSES WINTERED, STABLED, GRAINED, $5 month; called for, delivered free. RHODES, 31 Wabash-av. Tel. Har. 857.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A FINE RUBBER TIRED runabout. Stable, 4357 Calumet-av.

FOR SALE—BROUGHAM; STONE MAKE; first class order. N 246, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—2D HAND STATION WAGON, EX-London brougham. 707 E. 47th-st.

FOR SALE—1 HORSE WAGON, HARNESS, cheap; in good condition. Call 3446 Cottage Grove.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS OBTAINED IN ALL COUNTRIES; reasonable rates; reliable service; no misrepresentations; free search; expert consultation free. Call Mondays, 6:30 to 8 p. m. R. WM. LOTZ, 163 Randolph-st., 3d floor.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS; NO AL-lowance; no charge for consultation free; established 1856. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 163 Randolph-st. Tel. Franklin 481. Main office, Washington, D. C.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS OBTAINED; caveats, drawings; machinery designed; inventions perfected. BLOMSTROM & CO., Patent solicitors, 809 Chicago Opera House Bldg.

PATENTS. FENWICK & LAWRENCE, PATENT attorneys and solicitors, Washington, D. C.; established 1861. Guide book free. G. F. WISSLER, resident representative, 410, 115 Dearborn-st.

PATENTED AND UNPATENTED INVENTIONS bought and sold for the highest cash price. See Arbor's patent exhibition, 148 State-st., Chicago.

SAFES.

FULL LINE OF SAFES, BOTH NEW AND SEC-ond hand, $18 up. Safes taken in exchange and bought. Telephone Harrison 4446. Chicago Safe & Lock Co., 255-257-259 Clark-st., near Jackson.

LARGEST STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND hand safes in the city. 52 Wabash-av.

LARGEST DEALERS OF NEW AND SECOND hand fireproof safes of reliability. SABATH SAFE CO., 158 5th-av.

TALKING MACHINES.

THE WORLD'S HEADQUARTERS FOR TALK-ing machines. Cylinder and disc. Records and supplies. The Columbia Phonograph Co., gen'l., 93 Wabash-av.

EVERYTHING IN TALKING MACHINES AND records; wholesale and retail; largest assortment in Chicago. JAMES I. LYONS, 73 5th-av.

EDISON & HEAD'S VICTOR TALKING MA-chines; the nearest and most musical; all the new records; easy terms. Wabash-av. and Adams.

AUTOMOBILES.

WITH US FOR PRICES ON GASOLINE EN-gines, 1½ to 20 h. p., horizontal or vertical type. Perfect runabout, used for demonstrating less than 500 miles; called for, delivered free. RHODES, 31 Wabash-av. Tel. Har. 857.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A FINE RUBBER TIRED runabout. Stable, 4357 Calumet-av.

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STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
Kronprinz...Jan. 6, 7 am | Kaiser...Mar. 2, 10 am
K. Wm. II...Jan. 26, 7 am | K. Wm. II...Mar. 15, 5 am
Kronprinz...Mar. 1, 6 am | Kronprinz...Mar. 22, 1 pm
Kaiser...Mar. 9, 10 am | Kaiser...Apr. 5, 10 am
THE NEW TWIN SCREW EXPRESS
S. S. "KAISER WILHELM II."
707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE POWER.
SAILS JAN. 26, MAR. 16.
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
BREMEN DIRECT.
Main.....Dec. 29, 1 pm | Rhein...Feb. 16, 10 am
Neckar...Jan. 12, 7 pm | K. Luise...Feb. 23, 10 am
Hanover...Jan. 26, 11 am | Bremen...Mar. 8, 10 am
Main.....Feb. 2, 10 am | Main.....Mar. 10, 10 am
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Hohenstn...Jan. 5, 11 am | Lahn...Feb. 20, 11 am
F. Irene...Jan. 27, 11 am | F. Irene...Feb. 27, 11 am
Neckar...Jan. 30, 11 am | Neckar...Mar. 5, 11 am
Hohenstn...Feb. 13, 11 am | K. Albert...Mar. 12, 11 am
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 95 Dearborn-st.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP SERVICE.
MONTREAL—LIVERPOOL.
Weekly sailings. New steamships.
Best accommodations at lowest rates.
C. F. WENHAM, 259 Clark-st. Harrison 4446.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS—FOUR SAILINGS per week. Cairo to First and Second Cataracts. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 South Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—
$1.00 to Milwaukee and Racine; 8 p. m. daily.
Docks foot Michigan-av. Phone Cent. 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. †Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday. ¶Saturday only.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.
Ticket offices, 212 Clark St. Telephone Central 7211, Oakley Av. and Wells St. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Overland Limited"—Vestibule, first-class Sleeping Car passengers only	* 8.00 pm	* 9.00 am
Denver, Salt Lake, San Fran., Los Ang.	*11.35 pm	* 7.30 am
Salt Lake and Portland	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Portland, Los Angeles, San Francisco		* 9.55 pm
Denver, Omaha, Des Moines	*10.15 am	* 4.00 pm
Omaha, Sioux City, Cedar Rapids	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Des Moines, Sioux City, Omaha	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Omaha, Des Moines, Sioux City	*11.55 pm	* 6.45 am
Mason City, Fairmont, Parkersburg	*10.30 pm	* 9.55 pm
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	*10.15 pm	* 8.56 am
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids	*12.10 pm	* 7.50 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
St. Paul, Minpls., Duluth, Madison	*10.00 pm	* 7.00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Hudson, Eau Claire, Madison, Janesville	* 9.00 am	*11.45 am
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato	* 6.30 pm	* 8.56 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Mankato and Western Minnesota and Dakotas	* 9.00 am	* 9.55 pm
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay	*11.30 am	* 7.00 am
Oshkosh, Appleton and most musical; all the new records; easy terms. Wabash-av. and Adams.	* 8.00 pm	*11.10 am
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee	* 8.00 pm	* 9.50 am
Green Bay and Menominee	* 4.30 pm	* 4.00 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Iron Wood and Rhinelander	* 9.00 pm	* 9.45 am
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior	* 8.00 pm	* 7.30 am
Manistique, Sault Ste. Marie	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Green Bay, Florence, Crystal Falls	*10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Rockford and Freeport	* 8.00 am	*10.10 am
6.45 pm, 7.00 pm.	Rockford—Lv. *8.00 am, *6.30 pm	
Beloit, Janesville, Madison—Lv.	* 9.00 am	* 9.00 am
4.25 pm, 4.40 pm, 6.00 pm.		
Milwaukee—Lv. *8.00 am, 7.00 am, *9.00 am, *11.30 am, 12.00 pm, *2.00 pm, *3.00 pm, *5.00 pm, *6.00 pm, *10.30 pm.		
a Dly Menominee and Rhinelander. k Dly Green Bay.		

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3117 CENTRAL. Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator, & La Salle	† 8.20 am	† 6.10 pm
Rochelle, Rock'd, Forreston	† 8.20 am	† 2.20 pm
Mendota, Galesburg	† 8.20 am	† 6.10 pm
Galesburg, Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 9.15 am	* 8.20 pm
Dead'd, Hot Springs, S. D.	* 9.15 am	* 7.20 am
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland	* 9.15 am	* 9.00 am
Illinois and Iowa Local	*11.30 am	* 6.30 pm
Galesb'g, Quincy, Hannibal	*11.30 am	* 8.20 pm
R'k Falls, Sterling, Rockf'd	† 4.30 pm	†10.35 am
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator	† 4.30 pm	†10.35 am
Denver, Utah, California	* 5.00 pm	* 8.20 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 5.00 pm	* 8.20 pm
Ft. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 6.00 pm	* 9.08 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison, & Leavenworth	* 6.10 pm	* 8.55 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	* 6.30 pm	* 9.00 am
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona	* 6.30 pm	* 9.00 am
Quincy, Hannibal, Kansas City, St. Joseph	*10.30 pm	* 7.00 am
Denver, Utah, California	*10.35 pm	* 7.20 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	*10.35 pm	* 7.20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S.D.	*10.35 pm	* 7.20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*10.35 pm	* 7.00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph	*10.35 pm	* 7.00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	*10.50 pm	* 9.35 pm
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona	*10.50 pm	* 9.35 pm

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM—LA SALLE-ST. STATION, La Salle and Van Buren-sts. City ticket office cor. Adams & Dearborn.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Illinois & Rock Island Local	* 8:00 am	* 1:15 pm
Peoria & East Express	*10:00 am	†10:45 pm
Illinois & Davenport Exp	*10:00 am	* 7:50 pm
Des Moines Iowa Mail	†10:00 am	† 7:50 pm
Peoria, Rl. Island, Davenport	† 1:00 pm	† 5:40 pm
Wash'n, Oskaloosa, D. Moines	†10:00 am	† 5:30 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	* 8:44 pm
Joliet Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	* 8:30 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	* 4:15 pm	* 1:15 pm
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:15 pm	* 8:30 am
Joliet Express	* 5:10 pm	* 9:10 am
Peru Accommodation	† 5:10 pm	† 9:10 am
Rocky Mt. Lim. to Omaha, Colo. Springs and Denver	* 5:45 pm	* 5:30 pm
K. City, St. Jos., Leavenw'th, Atc., Col. & Ft. W. Tex. Ex.	* 6:05 pm	* 9:40 am
Peoria Express	* 6:05 pm	* 8:30 pm
Golden State Limited, Los Angeles & San Francisco	* 7:00 pm	*10:30 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah and California, via Omaha	*10:00 pm	* 8:30 am
C. Rapids, St. Paul & Minn.	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 am
Peoria & Davenport	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 am
Atchison, St. Joseph, Des Moines, Omaha	*11:30 pm	† 7:25 am
Kan. City, Tex., Cal. & Mex., via El Paso Short Line	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 am
Omaha, Des Moines & Illinois		*10:30 pm

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park-row. Trains marked "Ex" run south (except Sun.) as taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city office, 99 Adams-st., and at the Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special	* 8:30 am	*10:00 pm
The Limited, Memphis, N. Orleans, Ft. Worth & Dallas, Ark., Nashville, & Jacksonville	* 6:20 pm	*10:50 am
St. Louis and Springfield, Diamond Special	*10:15 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield, Daylight Spec., Decatur, Cairo Local	*11:32 am	* 7:45 pm
	† 8:35 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Mail, Jackson, Tenn., Holly Springs, N. Orleans	† 2:50 am	
Southern Express		* 6:00 am
Champaign, Mattoon Exp.	* 5:25 pm	* 1:20 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth	* 8:35 am	†10:00 pm
Bloomington Junction, Decatur, and Pana	† 5:25 pm	† 1:20 pm
Evansville Express	* 9:00 pm	† 6:00 pm
Evansville, Cairo, and South	* 9:00 pm	* 6:00 am
Kankakee and Gilman	* 4:15 pm	*10:00 am
Minneapolis and St. Paul	* 6:00 pm	* 9:35 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 6:00 pm	* 9:35 am
Dubuque, S. City, Sioux Falls	* 6:00 pm	* 9:35 am
Omaha Day Express	* 8:45 am	* 9:55 pm
Omaha, S. City Fast Mail	* 2:55 am	* 7:30 am
Rockford Passenger	* 2:10 pm	*10:05 am
Rockford, Freeport, Dubuque	† 3:45 pm	†12:55 pm

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER station, Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Harrison 4470. Branch 211 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2357. Depot, 12th-st.

TRAINS DEPART. THE ONLY LINE WITH
8:45 am Dwight and Peoria. Sunday only.
† 9:00 am Bloomington, Peoria, Sp'field, St. Louis.
† 9:25 am Joliet accommodation.
*11:25 am Alton lim'd for Springfield & St. Louis.
†11:25 am Jacksonville and Roodhouse.
* 2:30 pm Bloomington and Springfield.
* 5:10 pm Lemont, Lockport, Joliet, and Dwight.
† 5:35 pm Joliet accommodation.
* 6:00 pm Kansas City limited.
† 6:00 pm Peoria limited.
* 9:00 pm Bloomington, Springfield, and St. Louis.
*11:40 pm Midnight Special, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Kansas City, Peoria.

Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *8:35 am; †1:15 pm; Springfield, Bloomington, *1:15 pm, †8:15 pm; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:15 pm, *8:15 pm; Dwight, Joliet, *10:30 am; Joliet Locals, 18:45 am, 14:45 pm; Dwight and Joliet, Sunday accommodation, 7:30 pm.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office (except Sunday), Cent. 3046. Depot, Ex. 753.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Peoria & Springfield Express	† 2:30 pm	† 12:45 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:17 pm	* 7:30 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express	*11:30 pm	* 8:02 am
Peoria & Texas Limited	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Forrest Accommodation	* 4:35 pm	* 9:47 am
Comt. Lim., N. Y., Boston	*11:00 am	* 3:50 pm
Detroit, N. Falls, N. Y.	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm
Montpelier Accommodation	*10:00 am	*10:50 am
Detroit, N. Falls & Bost. Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex.	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket office, 91 Adams-st. (Telephone Central 555). Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute, Evansville	† 7:28 am	† 8:25 pm
Southern Illinois & Marion	† 7:28 am	† 8:25 pm
Mudjavis Spgs. & Brazil	†10:20 am	† 1:43 pm
New Orleans Special	D* 1:30 pm	D* 4:10 pm
Mudjavis Spgs. & Vincennes	* 1:45 pm	* 5:48 pm
Danville Express	* 5:05 pm	*10:03 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim.	* 7:00 pm	D* 9:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am
Arkansas & Texas	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am

D—Dining car on the trains.

PERE MARQUETTE—GRAND CENTRAL STATION, Harrison-st. and 5th-av. City Office, 115 Adams and 15 Congress.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Detroit, Saginaw, Bay City	‖†12:05nn	†* 7:05am
Lansing, Alma, St. Louis & Northern Michigan	‖†11:45pm	†* 7:05am
	† 7:10am	†* 7:05am
G'd Rapids, Muskegon, G'd Haven, and intermediate stations	‖†12:05nn	† 1:30pm
	† 4:50pm	† 5:00pm
	‖*11:45pm	‖*11:10pm
Petoskey, Trav. City, Ludington	† 7:10am	† 7:05am
	‖†12:05nn	† 5:00pm
Manistee & Northern Mich.	‖*11:45pm	‖*11:10pm

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Depot, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 209 Adams. Phone Central 2037.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.	† 7:58 am	† 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin	*11:00 pm	* 1:00 pm
Streator, Jol., Lockp., Lemont		* 9:25 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Texas	* 6:00 pm	* 9:45 am
K. City, Cal., and Mexico	*10:00 pm	* 7:50 am
K. City, Texas & Nor. Cal.		* 8:47 pm

The California Limited, to Los Angeles, San Francisco. * 8:00 pm * 2:15 pm
After Jan. 3 the Limited will leave at 7:30 p. m.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central Station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 3503 Cent.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, Kansas City St. Joseph, Des Moines, Marshalltown	* 8:45 am	* 9:30 pm
	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
	*11:00 pm	* 1:40 pm
Sycamore and Byron	* 3:10 pm	*10:40 am
St. Charles, Sycamore, and De Kalb	† 5:35 pm	†7:45 am

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2357. Depot, 12th-st. and Park-row.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Ashland, Duluth, Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Eau Claire Local	*2:45 am	* 9:40 am
	* 4:15 pm	*10:50 pm
	† 8:35 am	† 1:05 pm
	† 11:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
	†3:35 am	† 6:15 pm
Waukesha Local	*4:00 pm	*10:20 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RR.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 3180 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts. Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Janesville, Madison	† 7:45 am	† 5:00 pm
Mineral Point Division	† 7:45 am	† 5:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 8:20 am	† 6:00 pm
St. Paul—Mpls. Day Exp.	* 9:00 am	* 9:25 pm
Wausau, Merrill	† 9:00 am	† 9:25 pm
St. Paul and Minneapolis		*11:50 am
Madison & Prairie Du Chien	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Denver, Des Moines, Omaha	* 9:45 am	* 8:35 am
Delavan-Beloit	*11:30 am	† 4:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 1:30 pm	† 4:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, Dubuque	† 1:30 pm	† 1:45 pm
Delavan-Beloit, Oshkosh, Ripon	† 1:50 pm	† 6:25 pm
Delavan-Beloit	† 3:00 pm	*10:10 am
Green Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Janesville, Madison	† 4:00 pm	†10:15 am
Mineral Point Division	† 5:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Rockford	† 4:05 pm	†10:25 am
Madison, Prairie Du Chien	† 5:00 pm	†10:10 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	† 5:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
The Southwest Limited, St. City, Muscatine, R. Island, Davenport, Rock'd	* 6:00 pm	* 8:55 am
The Overland Limited, San Francisco, Portland, Salt Lake, Omaha	* 6:20 pm	* 9:25 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, K. City, Des Moines, & Falls	* 6:20 pm	* 9:25 am
Janesville, Madison	* 6:05 pm	* 1:05 pm
The Pioneer Limited, St. Paul to First and Second Cataracts	† 6:30 pm	† 9:00 am
Cedar Rapids, Dubuque	†10:25 pm	† 8:35 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	†10:25 pm	† 7:55 am
K. City, Rock'd I., Davenport	†10:25 pm	† 8:35 am
San Francisco, Portland, Denver, Omaha, S. Lake, Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'nton, Calumet, Marq., The Copper Country Lim.	*10:20 pm	* 9:55 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Wausau, Minocqua, Star Lake	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am

For Milwaukee—Depart: *7:10, *8:00, *11:30 a. m.; †1:30, *3:00, *5:00, *6:30, *10:30 p. m.

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. and B. & A. Rys.—The Niagara Falls Route. Ticket offices, 119 Adams St., Auditorium and Grand Pacific Hotels, Jackson Park, 63d St., Hyde Park and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St.

(Dec. 15, 1903.)

	Lv. Chicago	Ar. Chicago
Kalamazoo, Battle Creek	ex 10.30 pm	ex 9.00 am
Jackson, Ann Arbor, Detroit, St. Thomas, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, New York, Boston, and Eastern points	ex 5.00 pm	ex 5.00 am
	* 5.30 pm	* 11.50 am
	ex12.00nt	* 3.55 pm
		ex 6.55 pm
		* 9.00 pm

(Trains marked "x" pass Niagara Falls.)

Detroit Night Express	* 10.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Kalamazoo and Intermediate	* 8.00 am	* 9.55 pm
Detroit and Main Line points	† 6.45 am	† 3.40 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 4.30 pm	† 10.30 am
Lansing, Owosso, Saginaw, and Bay City, and Saginaw Division points	† 10.30 am	† 7.30 pm
	† 10.00 pm	† 6.40 pm
Cassopolis, Three Rivers, and Air Line Division points	† 6.45 am	† 11.10 am
	† 5.00 pm	† 6.40 pm

Pio Grand Rapids and Indiana to Grand Rapids, Traverse City. † 6.45 am * 7.50 am
Petoskey, Harbor Springs, and Mackinaw. † 5.00 pm † 12.55 pm
Gr. Rapids and Traverse City. † 12.55 pm † 4.55 pm

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE.—CHICAGO UNION passenger station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and Auditorium hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	*10:00 am	*7:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Columbus, Galion, and Mansfield	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
The Manhattan Limited	* 1:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Pittsburg and Washington	* 1:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 1:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Pittsburg, Balt. and Wash.	* 3:00 pm	* 8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	* 8:45 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 6:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 6:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 6:00 pm	* 8:20 am
Fort Wayne and Alliance	* 10:00 am	* 7:35 pm

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels. Phone Central 1207.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 12:00 n'n	† 9:00 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*12:00 n'n	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette accommodation	* 3:20 pm	*10:35 am
Lafayette and Louisville	*12:30 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
French Lick & W. B. Spgs.	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
French Lick & W. B. Spgs.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT GRAND CENTRAL passenger station, Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local Express	† 7:15 am	†5:15 pm
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited	* 4:10 pm	* 9:00 am
N. Y. Wash., & Phila. Express	* 3:30 pm	*9:00 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Exp.	* 8:00 pm	*6:50 am
Columbus & Wheeling Exp.	* 7:00 pm	*6:50 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R.—La Salle-st. station, Van Buren and La Salle-sts. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	*10:35 am	* 9:15 pm
New York Express	* 3:30 pm	* 5:25 pm
New York and Boston Express	* 9:15 pm	* 7:40 am

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. Phone Central 2067.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STATION, 12th-st. and Park-row, and 22d, 39th, 53d, 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 238 Clark and Auditorium.

	Leave.	Arrive.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.		
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Louisville	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington	† 1:00 pm	† 8:40 pm
Columbus and Louisville	*5:30 pm	*7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*5:30 pm	*7:10 am

BANK IN RECEIVER'S HANDS: ITS OFFICERS ARE ACCUSED.

Roster of Windham County National of Danielson, Conn., Charged with Forming Pool to Speculate in Stocks.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 22.—On petition of Mrs. Ella S. Russell of Killingly, widow of former Congressman Charles Russell, Attorney Tuttle of Hartford was appointed today temporary receiver for the Windham County National bank of Danielson. The complaint alleged that the president of the bank and certain directors have been using the funds of the bank for stock speculation to such an extent that it is doubtful if the capital stock of the bank is equal to the outstanding indebtedness.

By the court's order, the bank was closed until Jan. 14. According to a recent statement the bank had on deposit $259,000. The capital stock is $50,000.

Comfort Starr Buckingame of Brooklyn, Conn., the bank president, Charles P. Backus, the cashier, and James Perkins, John A. Payne, and Albert D. Putnam, directors, all of Killingly, are named as the defendants by Mrs. Russell, who alleges that they formed a syndicate for speculation in stocks on borrowed money. She charges that Burlingame spent a large part of his time in New York directing the speculation, which was on the whole unsuccessful. To meet the calls for margins, Mrs. Russell asserts, the directors and officials conspired together to borrow of the bank money to meet the necessities of arranging notes with different makers. To avoid difficulty with the bank examiner, it is alleged they voted to loan funds on notes signed by outside persons whom they knew to be without pecuniary responsibility, knowing that these funds were to be used by speculative partnerships.

SARATOGA EMPLOYES ON TRIAL.

After Testimony Is Heard in the Ganka Suicide Case Hearing Is Continued Until Dec. 29.

After hearing evidence yesterday in the case of the manager and employes of the Saratoga hotel, 155 Dearborn street, who were arrested on complaint of Dr. O. Heckard of the health department for smuggling a suicide's body from the hotel, Justice Sheldon continued the case until Dec. 29.

Fred J. Ganka, husband of the woman whose body was taken from the hotel on the morning of Dec. 6, testified that S. S. Hicks, a clerk, and S. S. Cayson conveyed the body to a waiting cab. Mrs. Ella Tolman, aunt of the dead woman, also accused the two men.

Paschel Hicks, manager of the hotel, tried to show that on the morning of Dec. 6 he did not reach the hotel until after 6 a. m., and that he did not have anything to do with the moving of the body.

Cayson, who is night watchman at the hotel, stated that he helped take the body from the hotel, but that he was ignorant of any wrongdoing.

The prosecuting attorney asked Cayson if he worked without orders, and the latter said no.

"Then why did you carry this body out of the building that morning, were you ordered to do so?" asked City Attorney O'Donoghue.

"I guess I just volunteered," said Cayson.

Office Calendars.

A very serviceable calendar has been issued by the Chicago and Northwestern Ry. for the year 1904. Send 4 cents in postage to W. B. Kniskern, Passenger Traffic Manager, Chicago, or apply ticket offices, 212 Clark street, or Wells Street Station.

JACKSON TICKET MADE UP

MEN NOMINATED FOR BOARD OF TRADE COMMITTEES.

Incident of the Day the Issuing of a Circular in Reply to That of W. S. Crosby—Latter Accused of Being a Friend of the Bucket Shops—The Campaign Against Them Is Declared to Be More than Paying for Itself.

The Jackson ticket for officers of the board of trade for 1904 was completed yesterday. The candidates for president and first and second vice presidents—Mr. Jackson, Mr. McReynolds, and Mr. Field—conferred with a committee of members and announced the following ticket:

Directors, for three years—A. S. White, J. Herbert Ware, James Crighton, John T. Sickel, George W. Stone. For one year to fill a vacancy, Hiram N. Sager.

Committee of appeals—Frederick H. Babcock, James E. Bennett, E. S. Skillen, L. H. Freeman, A. R. Warner.

Committee of arbitration—William G. Husband, E. R. Shaw, John M. Schaack, George G. Williams, Richard T. Sylvester.

Reply to Crosby Circular.

One of the day's incidents was the circulation of a letter to the members, a reply by the market report committee to the pamphlet of W. S. Crosby, which attacked the policy of the board. The circular, which is signed by William S. Warren, F. W. Smith, and Robert Bines, impugns Mr. Crosby's motives, declares he is a friend of the bucket shops, and insists the results of the campaign against them have been profitable.

Referring to what has been accomplished since Mr. Warren was first elected president in 1900, the circular says:

"The first year witnessed the closing of the contract between the board and the telegraph companies, and the organization of the department for the care of applications for quotations, etc. At the time the contract was closed it was generally understood and acquiesced in that the income therefrom was to be dedicated to the bucket shop fight as long as necessary. The gross income derived by the board from the quotations is now close to $40,000 a year, and will increase from year to year if the board continues its present policy."

Making Money by the Fight.

"The present legal fight is to establish the board's property right in its quotations, to prevent the theft of the quotations by bucket-shops. It is a national fight, and consequently expensive, but it is self-sustaining, as the income derived from the quotations, not assessments on the members, has been providing the 'sinews of war' since April 15, 1901, and

DUPED BY PLEA FOR HENS

SCHOOL BOARD ORDERS POULTRY HOUSE, BUT HAS NO FOWLS.

Trustee Makes Request for Birds Supposed to Be Freezing at Parental Institution, and Officials Authorize Expenditure of $150 for Coop—Supt. MacQueary Then Says He Has No Feathered Stock, but Is Going to Get Some—Protest Follows.

The board of education is not heartless.

This decision was reached by members of the Teachers' federation yesterday, when they learned that the trustees had decided to provide shelter for the chickens at the parental school.

Supt. MacQueary sent a plea to the buildings and grounds committee four weeks ago. He said the poultry house, if equipped with all modern conveniences, would cost from $300 to $500. The school board decided it could not afford to build a palace for the parental school chickens and returned the recommendation to the committee.

Another plea, more urgent than the first, was received on Friday. The chicken house was declared indispensable to the administration of the north side institution for truants and delinquents.

With his voice quivering with emotion one of the trustees championed the cause of the chickens.

"Winter is here," he said, "and those poor chickens have no home, no place to escape the fury of the snow laden north wind."

A heartrending picture came before the seven trustees. They saw chickens shivering in the snow.

"Where are they now?" asked a trustee.

"They're huddled together under the barn," answered their champion, "and the four winds can get after them whenever they please."

That settled the question. The committee ordered the architect to proceed at once to erect a poultry house at the parental school at an expense not to exceed $150.

"I'm not in favor of spending so much for a chicken coop," declared Trustee James F. Chvatal, "but, then, the chickens should not freeze to death."

The finance committee yesterday approved the action.

No Chickens at the School.

Supt. MacQueary was told that he could have a $150 henhouse.

"Good," he cried. "Now, just as soon as the coop is built I'll get a nice sitting hen and the boys will have fresh eggs all next summer."

"But haven't you got any chickens now?"

"Why, no. What would I do with chickens until I had a coop? The coop is the first thing to get and the chickens the next," declared the superintendent.

"We've been duped," cried Trustee Chvatal, angrily.

"I voted for the coop because I understood the chickens would freeze to death if we didn't build a house for them," he said. "This is an outrage. Supt. MacQueary will not get his coop. I know the board will vote against it. That place out there is a regular ranch. There is too much stock and too much military tactics to suit me. Supt. MacQueary has got to be checked."

More Animals than Employes.

The inventory of the school shows the following items:

Animals.		Staff.	
Cows	16	Employés (not including teachers)	20
Pigs	11	Teachers	10
Horses	4	Superintendent	1
Cats	2		
Dog	0	Total	31
Chickens	84		
Total	84		

"That's fine," commented Trustee Chvatal, "thirty-four animals, and thirty-one employés to attend to the needs of 200 boys. The chicken coop resolution must be killed by the board."

Wants Rehearing of Tax Case.

It was announced by Trustee Rowland, chairman of the finance committee, that the school board probably would immediately ask the Supreme court to give a new hearing in the tax assessment case between the city and the board. The court recently decided in favor of the city, when the board contended that its property belonged to the state and should not be assessed for improvements. The ground is that no reasons were given.

Open Hospital for Children.

A children's department has been established by the Provident hospital at Thirty-sixth and Dearborn streets. The patients will be cared for by the colored nurses which that institution is training. In connection with this department a new clinic has been instituted on Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 p. m. when children are prescribed for without charge.

LINCOLN'S LAW PARTNER DIES IN A HOSPITAL.

HIRAM W. BECKWITH.

Hiram W. Beckwith, from 1856 to 1861 a partner of Abraham Lincoln, died at St. Luke's hospital yesterday, aged 72. He was brought to the hospital, from his home at Danville, on Oct. 15.

Mr. Beckwith's father was one of the pioneers of Illinois, having helped to found the town of Danville in 1819. Young Beckwith studied law under Ward H. Lamon, who was marshal of the District of Columbia during Lincoln's administration. He was a close friend of Lincoln and later became his resident partner at Danville, while Lincoln was a circuit lawyer.

From 1897 to 1902 Mr. Beckwith was president of the State Historical society. He was compelled to resign in the latter year on account of illness. He left a widow and two sons, Clarence and William.

MAKE RAID ON INSTRUCTORS IN SCHOOL OF DISTILLERS.

United States Deputy Marshals Arrest Five Men on Charge of Making Mash for Whisky in Columbus Laboratories

United States deputy marshals raided the First Academy of Compounders and Distillers yesterday and arrested five persons, officers and instructors in the Columbus laboratories, as the institution in the Columbus Memorial building generally is known. The charge is displaying the sign of a distiller and making a mash fit for distillation in a place other than a duly authorized distillery.

Those arrested were:

W. A. Evans, M. S., M. D.
A. Gehrmann, M. D., bacteriologist.
Charles Norton, distiller and rectifier.
A. D. Salomon, United States commissioner for the Northern district lecturer.
J. A. Wesener, Ph. C., M. D., chemist.

The warrants were secured by Revenue Agent Levi G. Nutt, and when the marshals entered the rooms, on the fourteenth floor of the building, they found all the men at work with the students. The instructors appeared dazed when the officials read the warrants, but those working in the laboratories slowly removed their aprons and returned the delicate apparatus to the cases.

The party went to the office of Commissioner Foote, where they recovered from their anxiety. They discussed the situation freely and took their arrest as a joke. The commissioner continued the hearing to Dec. 30, and the instructors, giving bonds, returned to the Columbus Memorial building and to the branch laboratories at 113 Adams street.

It is said the attention of revenue officials was directed to the schools because, as stated in its catalogue, the students were taught "how to imitate imported liquors and straight whiskies and how to give new whiskies artificial age."

Judge Kohlsaat in the afternoon heard the plea of the Ferne Branca corporation of Italy, which charged the Columbus laboratories with infringing its trademark, and asked a permanent injunction. The judge placed the plaintiff under bonds during the continuance of a restraining order, as the motion for injunction could not be heard until after the holidays.

Justified in Ejecting Collector.

After ejecting F. W. Jinn, a collector, Attorney James R. Ward, 841 Reaper block, was arrested for assault and battery. He alleged that the collector used loud and improper language in the presence of a woman in the attorney's office and made forcible ejection necessary, and Justice Richardson dismissed the charge.

KILLS WOMAN IN STREET.

JEALOUS MAN THEN ENDS HIS OWN LIFE WITH REVOLVER.

Albert Altenhofen, Who Gave Up Wife, Family, and Business to Elope from Milwaukee with Gladys Asch, Meets Her Walking with His Successful Rival and Commits Double Crime—Unknown Escort Kisses Dead Woman's Lips and Flees.

Insanely jealous of the woman for whom he had abandoned his wife, family, and business, Albert Altenhofen killed her and then himself yesterday afternoon, when he met the woman, Gladys Asch, walking with his successful rival. The woman died instantly and the man lived only a few moments.

As she lay on the sidewalk in front of 154 Kinzie street, where the shooting occurred, the man with whom she had been walking lifted her body in his arms, kissed her twice on the lips, and then hurried away before his name could be learned by the police.

The affray was the last act in a tragedy that began six years ago in Milwaukee, where Altenhofen, then a prosperous business man, met Miss Asch. They fled to Chicago, where he started in business as a saloonkeeper at 77 North Clark street. He sold the place last August and spent the money on the woman. When it was gone they quarreled and she left him.

Fatal Affray in the Street.

The woman had been downtown with her father and sister and had gone with them to the Chicago and Northwestern railroad depot, where they boarded a train for Milwaukee, and was walking with a man at the time. A number of persons saw Altenhofen meet the couple, but paid no attention to them until the woman cried: "O, Al, what are you doing?" Altenhofen had drawn a revolver and almost instantly shot her twice. Then he killed himself.

In the man's pockets and in his room at the Revere house the police found several letters that explained the case. One read:

"The cause of my downfall and behavior of late is due to one only—and that is Gladys. My honor, respectability, above all, my reason, has left me, entirely through my infatuation. Notify my brother, J. J. Altenhofen, or my mother, 424 National avenue, Milwaukee, whatever happens. My prospects for the future were as bright as any young man's until Gladys appeared."

Blames Woman for His Fall.

In another letter he wrote: "Woman has been the cause of my act. I am about at the end of my rope and I shall do something desperate. I sold everything so that she might have all the luxuries of this world, but she has not treated me right."

The police took the bodies to Gavin's undertaking establishment, 226 North Clark street.

The woman was 28 years old and of attractive appearance. She lived with a sister at the Dye hotel, 13 North Clark street. Altenhofen, who was 38 years old, at one time held a minor state office in Wisconsin. His brother, J. J. Altenhofen, is a stockholder in a Milwaukee brewery.

ARRESTED ON MURDER CHARGE.

Albert McNamara, Theater Guard, Held on Special Detective's Complaint.

Though exonerated by a coroner's jury, Albert McNamara, a special detective, was arrested yesterday on a charge of murder growing out of the shooting of a negro whom he ejected from the Great Northern theater on Dec. 2.

The complaint was signed by Louis P. Levin, also a special detective, whose name was connected with recent reform movements in the "red light district." Levin alleges he has discovered new evidence against McNamara.

McNamara was admitted to $5,000 bail, furnished by his brother, N. E. McNamara, and by Adolph C. Marks.

CANTATA IN DOWNTOWN CHURCH

First Methodist Sunday School Will Give an Entertainment in Song This Evening.

A Christmas cantata will be given this evening by th Sunday school of the First Methodist Episcopal church in the auditorium at Clark and Washington streets. Bert Martin will appear as Santa Claus, and Supt. George W. Dixon will take the part of Mr. Vim. Twelve young women will sing, and six men will complete the cast. Vesta Blodgett will appear as the Frost Queen, and recitations, solos, and dialogues will make up the entertainment.

Merchandise and glove certificates issued for any amount and good until used.

Mandel Brothers

Final clearance of holiday goods

Gifts for Men — Gifts for Women — Gifts for Boys — Gifts for Girls

ALL holiday stocks have been subjected to a thorough examination. Where quantities were too large, where odds and ends or broken lines were found, prices have been reduced regardless of cost or value. It is not possible to give more than a hint of the many reductions we have made, yet those we mention furnish a fair idea of the way the prices run, and show conclusively the special advantage of buying holiday goods here and now.

7.50 bronze figures, in various subjects, $5

3.50 art figures, groups, busts, at $2.
1.50 busts and figures, in bronze, $1.
2.50 bisque figures and busts, $1.
Children's 2.50 toy tea sets, cobalt blue, 1.75.
$2 French, English, Austrian plates, $1.
12.50 nickel chafing dish, lamp, 7.50.

2.25 thread silk hosiery reduced to low price of 1.50

$2 and 1.50 fancy lisle hosiery, $1.
$4 and 3.50 emb. silk hosiery, 2.25.
$1 and 75c lisle thread hosiery, 50c.

75c royal stationery cabinets, in fancy boxes, 55c

$1 library cabinets, 3 quires paper, 75c.
1.25 ebonoid inkstands, silver trim, 75c.
$2 desk pads, with silver corners, 1.50.
75c silver seals, erasers, desk fittings, 25c.
75c paper knives, pearl blades, 25c.
48c books, Painting Plays, at 28c.

75c and 50c ribbon hair bows, many designs, 25c

35c women's emb. linen handkerchiefs, 21c.
15c women's linen hemstitched hdkfs., 10c.
25c men's linen hemstitched hdkfs., 15c.

$35 embroid'd silk pongee robes, various colors, $12

$20 emb. silk pongee robes, choice patterns, $10.
$1.50 foreign fancy velvets, at 68c.
$1 novelty velveteens, blk., white, 50c.
$1 panne velvets, pink, turquoise, lavender, 50c.
75c crepe de chine, white and black, 55c.
75c colored taffeta, light & dark, 45c.

Ladies' 1.50 kid gloves, in the newest shades, $1.

$3 genuine seal slippers for men, 2.50.
$3 alligator slippers, 2.50.
Men's 2.50 Romeo cut slippers, $2.
3.50 slippers, several styles, 1.50.
1.48 men's slippers, tan and black, $1.
Women's 1.25 slippers, fur trim., 98c.

$7 Colmont opera glasses, white pearl mounted, 5.75

9.25 Audenaire fine opera glasses, 7.50.
$11 folding opera glasses, 8.25.
1.50 silk opera bags, new colors, 1.05.

$1 gold-filled brooches, in a number of patterns, 53c

$1.50 cut glass pungents, silver tops, 75c.
$3 leather writing pads, glove boxes, 95c.
$2 fancy leather work boxes at 95c.
$2 imp. novelty brooches, many patterns, 95c.
$2 real ebony fancy chains, novelties, 95c.
$2 Roman pearl neck chains, new, 1.50.

$10 sofa cushions, in all colors, 24x24, 2.98.

$2.90 head rests, made of fancy silk, 95c.
$1.45 satin pillow covers, all colors, 90c.
50c pieces fancy goods, baskets, etc., 10c.

$35 black marten long scarf, shaped neck, $25

$15 dark natural mink 2-skin scarfs, $10.
$35 chinchilla neck scarfs at 26.50.
$20 sable fox boas, tails and claws, $15.
17.50 gray squirrel scarf, special, $12.
$30 sable or Isabella fox scarfs, $20.
$30 long, straight black marten boas, $20.

50c colored neckwear, men's, all shapes, reduced, 25c

Men's $2 & 1.50 suspenders, boxed, $1.
$2 sateen night shirts, in colors, $1.
Men's $8 blanket bath robes, 5.75.
Men's $1 oxford mufflers, in colors, 50c.
Men's $6.75 terry bath robes, at 4.75.
Men's $4 and $3.50 sweaters at 2.50.

Men's and women's $5 fine silk umbrellas, $3.

Men's and women's $5 silk umbrellas, $3.
Men's and women's $2 umbrellas at $1.
Children's 85c mercerized umb., 65c.

Men's $5 and $6 smoking jackets, special, at $3.

Men's $8 and $10 smoking jackets, special, $5.
Men's $10 lounging robes, all wool, 5.95.
Boys' $12 sailor suits, silk trim'd, $5.
Boys' $12 overcoats, 3 to 8 year sizes, $5.
Boys' $5 reefers and suits, 3 to 16 yrs., 2.45.
Boys' $3 suits and reefers, 3 to 16, 1.65

$3 hair and military brushes and mirrors at 1.50

$2 automobile smokers' sets for 95c.
$1 and 75c men's fancy half hose, 50c.
$2 fancy novelty hand mirrors, 95c.

$75 silk rugs, made in Turkey, at 37.50

$25 Daghestan rugs reduced to $15.
$3 deodorized Japanese fur rugs, $2.
$10 genuine Turkish Bagdads, 6.50.
$12 and $8 mounted animal rugs at 7.50 & 4.50.
$8 domestic Wilton rugs, 36x63, $5.
$10 French Wilton rugs, 36x63, 7.50.

When men buy Christmas presents, this is the store. We offer them every advantage known to modern business methods, and insure prompt service, enabling them to buy quickly and depart quickly. All departments of the store are readily accessible, and the selection of goods in any section is made as easy as possible. Our floor managers will gladly give any desired help or information. Merchandise and glove certificates may be purchased for any amount, permitting the recipient to make his or her own selection.

Bishop's Popular Priced Seasonable Suggestions in Fine Furs & Hats

A Bishop Special Hat Certificate (Soft or Stiff) Costs $3.

$3.50 buys the following beautiful Sets of Furs for Children: Gray Fox, Iceland Lamb, Natural Water Mink, and Angora and Iceland Lamb Combination.

$4 purchases a BISHOP HAT certificate (soft or stiff) or a Nearseal Detroit or Driving Cap.

$5 will buy a Natural Water Mink, Blended Water Mink, Krimmer Lamb or Chinchilla Coney Set for children; a genuine brown or black Marten Cluster Scarf, an Isabella or Sable Opossum Cluster Scarf, short Boa, or a Muff to match these; a black or sable Raccoon, Near Seal, Krimmer, or Water Mink Muff; a STETSON HAT certificate, or a Silk Hat Case; or a pair of South American Beaver or Near Seal Gloves, a pair of Hair Seal Gauntlets, or a Near Seal Muffler.

At $6 you can buy a larger and better Sable or Isabella Opossum Boa, or a BISHOP SILK HAT certificate.

$7.50 will get a beautiful brown Marten Cluster Scarf, a squirrel Stock or Marlborough Scarf, a black Marten Boa or Muff, a water mink Scarf, a Sable Opossum Florentine, or a Krimmer Muff.

$8 buys a BISHOP OPERA HAT certificate.

$9 will pay for an Isabella or Sable Fox Scarf or Muff, a squirrel Marlborough, a blue Opossum Boa, a brown Marten Cluster Scarf or Muff, or a Beaver Muff.

For $10 can be purchased a beautiful black Marten Boa, a DuBarry Mink Scarf, a brown Marten Cluster Scarf or Muff, a Sable or Isabella Fox Scarf or Muff or Long Sable or Isabella Opossum Boa, a pair of Otter Gloves, or a black Marten Storm Collar.

$12 buys a beautiful blue Wolf Boa, a brown Marten Boa or Muff, an Isabella or Sable Fox Boa or Muff, a Persian Lamb Stock Collar, or a Beaver Muff or Storm Collar.

$15.50 is the price of a beautiful brown Marten Boa or Muff, a Sable or Isabella Fox Boa or Muff, a blue Wolf Boa or Muff, a beautiful Squirrel Marlborough Scarf or Muff, or the new Sable Squirrel Scarf.

$14 will purchase a pair of Otter Gauntlets or Seal Gloves.

$15 pays for a Chinchilla Scarf, a brown Marten Boa or Muff, an Isabella or Sable Fox Boa or Muff, a beautiful Squirrel Scarf or Muff, an extra fine large blue Wolf Boa or Muff, a beautiful Mink, Sable Squirrel, Stone Marten or brown Marten Scarf, or extra fine brown Marten Storm Collar, or Florentine Scarf. Also Persian Lamb Stocks, Mole Scarfs and Seal Muffs.

At $16.50—a long stable Fox or Isabella Fox Boa, a large Muff to match, a beautiful Sable Squirrel Scarf or Muff, or a blue Lynx Cluster Scarf can be purchased.

At $18 we sell a Sable or Isabella Fox Boa or Muff, a beautiful brown Marten Boa, Chinchilla Scarf, Bear Boa, extra large fine blue Wolf Boa, Seal Muff, or a Sable Squirrel Muff.

For $20 you can get a larger and better Sable or Isabella Fox Boa or Muff, brown Marten Boas, Mink Scarf, Fox Victorines, Persian Lamb Muffs, Chinchilla Muffs, Seal Muffs, or the finest Seal Cap that money can buy.

At $22.50 is the price at which we sell Sable and Isabella Fox Boas, Mink Scarfs, Chinchilla Scarfs, Sable Squirrel Scarfs, Mink Muffs, Otter Muffs, black Fox Boas, Chinchilla Muffs, or Mole Scarfs.

At $25 can be purchased an extra large fine Sable or Isabella Fox Boa, Mink Scarf or Muff or Squirrel Victorine, Chinchilla Scarfs, Persian Lamb and brown Marten combination Collarettes, extra fancy Mole Scarfs and Muffs, a beautiful brown Marten Collarette or an extra large brown Marten Boa, also black Fox Boas and Muffs, Seal Gauntlets, and Seal Muffs.

$30 brings larger and better Chinchilla Scarfs and Muffs, Sable and Isabella Fox Boas, brown Marten Boas, Mink Boas and Muffs, and Ermine Scarfs, also a better grade of Seal Muffs.

The above outline of our stock does not in any way begin to cover the large and varied assortment which we at all times show, we simply outlining a few of the most popular articles in our stock. We have numerous higher priced equally popular articles in all furs, besides a complete assortment of fancy pieces and jackets, capes and fur-lined overcoats at staple articles.

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We will deliver all articles purchased before Christmas.

Genuine Mahogany Rockers, rich Golden or Antwerp Oak, Mahoganized Birch and Weathered Oak. Note some of the prices.

$4.50 Parlor Rocker, sale price.....$2.50
$5.00 Parlor Rocker, sale price.....$2.75
$5.50 Parlor Rocker, sale price.....$3.50
$7.25 Parlor Rocker, sale price.....$4.75
10.00 Parlor Rocker, sale price.....$7.50
$12.50 Parlor Rocker, sale price....$9.50
$15.00 Parlor Rocker, sale price..$12.00
$18.00 Parlor Rocker, sale price..$14.00
$22.00 Parlor Rocker, sale price...$16.50

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One hundred styles to select from. Every piece guaranteed.

Heavy Claw Foot Morris Chair, in weathered oak or mahoganized birch; value $16.50; special sale price.....$9.75
Large Plain Arm Morris Chair, the mission style, with fine reversible cushions; value $21.00; special sale price.....$14.00
Very High-Back Morris Chair, heavy carved base, plain flat spindles; value $45.00; sale price.....$20.00
Solid Carved Mahogany Morris Chair—best silk cushions and best hair filling; value $46.00; special sale price.....$30.50
Fine Antwerp Morris Chair, Savoy pattern, with good reversible cushions; value $18.00; special sale price.....$10.00
Solid Mahogany Morris Chair—plain and original design; value $26.00; spec'l sale price $15.00
Solid Mahogany Morris Chair—heavy claw feet, best hair filled cushions, tapestry or corduroy; value $39.00; special sale price.....$29.00
Solid Mahogany Morris Chair—massive arms, substantial side panels; value $45.00; sale price.....$27.75

We display thousands of Parlor Rockers, Gold Furniture pieces, Parlor Suits, Parlor and Library Tables and Ladies' Desks, at very low prices, that will prove very acceptable for Christmas gifts.

$9.75 Carved Morris Chairs, complete with cushions

$2.85 Child's Morris Chairs complete with cushions.

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